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The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

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VOL. XXII NO 248 · BOMBAY: SATURDAY OCTOBER 20, 1934 · TWENTY PAGES

Mahatma Gandhi Reaches Bombay To-day

Bombay's Right Royal Reception To Rajen Babu

President-Elect Arrives To-morrow Morning

City's Formal Greetings By R. C. Chairman

PROCESSION TO WEND THROUGH NET WORK OF UNIQUE ARCHES

Cotton Magnates Erect Huge Arch Of Cotton Bales At Bhuleshwar Near Bombakhana

"Bombay will accord a right royal reception to Rajen Babu!" This hope is certain to be fulfilled in an ample measure, considering the extensive preparations going on with speed and expediency all along the route of the presidential procession.

The brisk preparations that are going on in that part of the city through which the President will drive in coach-and-four, were revealed to a "Chronicle" representative who took a special survey of the route.

Messrs. Harilal M. Kakhar and H. A. Dave, Joint Secretaries of the President's Reception Committee, have made their own official arrangements which, it is considered, leave nothing to be desired.

The President-elect will arrive by a special train from Wardha on the morning of October 21, at the Victoria Terminus.

The special platform would be sided to Platform No. 8, i.e., the last platform of the Suburban Trains Section. The platform directly opens to the causeway between the two main sheds for the local and through train platforms. Thus the need for any platform tickets is obviated, and also the President-elect and the party will have facilities to get into the respective vehicles kept ready for them without any inconvenience.

FORMAL GREETINGS BY R. C. CHAIRMAN.

Thousands of people will be enabled by this simple arrangement, to be present at the station, when the Chairman of the Reception Committee would formally offer the city's welcome to Rajen Babu in a brief speech.

The President will then drive through the southern gate of the Victoria Terminus, and the procession would go along the Hornby Road.

In the business quarters a plethora of arches are in course of erection, and some have already been erected, all vying with one another, in style, decoration and variety.

For instance, the first architectural arch that would greet the President in the city, would be the one erected by the Florists and Fruit Merchants of the Crawford Market. The uniqueness of this Arch would be hard to beat, since not only a large and assorted number of flowers will be included in the structure, but it would be further be beautified by varieties of fruits available in the Market!

THROUGH NETWORK OF ARCHES.

Immediately as the procession enters the Sheikh Memon Street, a decorated arch erected by the President's Reception Committee will carry with it typical slogans on pure Khaddar cloth welcoming the distinguished guest to the city.

Henceforth arches galore would provide an ocular feast to any one who passes through the route.

At the Mangaldas Market, the merchants have offered to erect an exquisite arch to greet the President, and the speciality of this arch is that it would be covered with a variegated colour cloth that would be striking to any visitor's eyes.

From the Jumma Masjid, the procession will take a turn into the Jhaveri Bazar, where just at the turning, the Reception Committee have started constructing an architectural arch, simple in its appearance but very remarkable for its striking design.

Closely following on this, the picturesque arch raised by the merchants of the Mulji Jetha Market with the Deshi cloth will greet the president.

GOLD & SILVER KINGS BUSY.

The "piece-de-resistence," however, will be the arch that would be raised by the Jewellers and the Gold and Silver Kings of the Jhaveri Bazar; and in the expression of their sense of loyalty and respect to the Congress leader, they are expected to out do the kings of the cloth-market—just, perhaps to prove, that in these days the white and yellow metal matter much! Here the arch would be studded with gold and silver and would present a grand spectacle—and for this the merchants of the Jhaveri Bazar are entirely responsible.

Almost looking down on this "precious" arch, will be the Grand Arch of the Cotton Kings of Bombay, the Giant Arch considered to be the biggest of all the arches that ever greeted any distinguished visitor of the city.

ARCH OF COTTON BALES.

Bombakhana is the place selected for the magnificent structure which would easily take in about 50,000 bales of cotton and the selection of the locality near the Bhuleshwar Fire Brigade is much appreciated both on account of the proximity of the Cotton Market as also the Fire Brigade! For while tributes are paid in an unreserved manner, it does not mean that all caution should be thrown to the winds!

Henceforth, the presidential procession would wend its way through Bhuleshwar, the most crowded part of the city.

Though in this part of the route, there is one-way traffic regulation in force it has been arranged that the procession will be allowed to pass by this road, and it would emerge again at the C P Tank.

KHADDAR ARCH

Just nearby, the Khadi and Printing and Dyeing Works have undertaken to raise a full Khaddar Arch, under which the presidential procession will pass only to experience a similar joy at the

(Continued on page 3).

SELF-GOVT. FOR INDIA

Problem One For Exhibition Of British Genius For Compromise

GEN. SMUTS' SUPPORT

LONDON, October 19.

Gen. Smuts emphatically declared himself wholeheartedly in favour of self-government for India at Dundee on the occasion of the conferment of the Freedom of the City.

He expressed the opinion that the problem was eminently one for the exhibition that the genius for compromise which always distinguished the people of Britain in her relations with other peoples and in the solution of their own political problems.

"What was happening to-day is not forced; it is inevitable. India must have self-Government conferred on her."

Gen. Smuts recalled that a century ago Lord Macaulay introdiced into India British ideas of self-Government, justice and equal rights which have been germinating.

"The most explosive thing in the world is ideas and those of ideas planted by Lord Macaulay produced their crop and you are faced with a situation which must be dealt with.—"

FOLLOW PRECEDENT.

"Whatever you do in the matter let it be the work and gift of the Nation as a whole. It will be a sad day and sad occasion if Self-Government to India should become a party question in Britain and should not be treated as a great National issue in which every section of Britons joined."

Gen. Smuts pointed to the great success which resulted from a great act of British statesmanship in granting Self-Government to the ex-Boer Republic in 1907, when every counsel of worldly wisdom seemed to point in a different direction.

South Africa's position in the British Commonwealth to-day was largely due to an act of faith. "My strong wish is that the precedent followed there should be followed in this case too."—Reuter.

JAWAHAR'S FREEDOM

Will Largely Depend On Bombay Congress Decisions

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

It is being persistently mentioned that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru is shortly being transferred to a jail near Bhowali where his ailing wife has been sent on medical advice and it is further said that he is most likely to be released there by the end of the month, or by the beginning of the next.

This step, it seems, is being taken because satisfactory report of Mrs Nehru's health has not yet come and is much likely to depend upon the Congress policy to be decided at Bombay where, if the present policy is revoked which is likely the release of Pandit Nehru might be delayed.

"No Reception For Me"

Mahatma Makes His Own Arrangements

BOMBAY, Friday.

"No reception for me" is Gandhiji's instruction issued to the Congress Reception Committee Office from Wardha.

Except barely mentioning his arrival to-morrow he does not even give the name of the station, where he intends alighting. He has added "I shall make my own arrangements with the Railway authorities.—U. P. Congress Special Service.

MAHATMA & PARTY LEAVE WARDHA

WARDHA SANJ, Oct. 19.

Mahatma Gandhi and party, including Messrs. Mahadeo Desai, Pyarelal, Kaka Kalelkar, Acharya Kripalni and Lohia, Congress Socialist have left for Bombay to participate in the Congress.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, a number of Bihar delegates and a group of young Bengal Socialist delegates also travelled by the same train.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, Mr. Mathura Baboo and local Congress-workers came to the station to give Gandhiji a send-off.

Gandhiji was busy collecting money till the time of his departure for the Harijan Fund.

Rajen Babu asked about the Presidential address stated that it would be given for final perusal to Gandhiji.

It is understood that Mahatma Gandhi will return to Wardha after the Congress by the 1st of November.—A.P.

WORLD PRESS CONFERENCE

Indian Delegate Meets Journalists

POONA, Oct 19.

Mr Tushakanti Ghose Editor of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika," who has been officially invited to represent India at the world Press Conference at Melbourne in February next, arrived here this evening for the purpose of consulting local journalists in connection with his mission. He was entertained by Mr. N. Kelkar, Editor of the 'Kesari' and prominent journalists of Poona including Mr Vaze and Mr S. R. Gokhale were present.

At the outset Mr Ghose explained the object of his visit and said that before leaving India he should be in possession of the opinion of journalists in India fully to express himself at the Conference on Indian journalism.

As fuller details regarding the Conference have not yet been received in India, Mr. Kelkar suggested that a couple of weeks prior to Mr. Ghose's departure for Melbourne the latter should issue a questionaire to all journalists of India inviting their opinion on problems of Indian journalism and also call a Journalists Conference preferably in Bombay where Mr Ghose could be given a sort of an ovation in order to speak on Indian Journalism at the World Conference. Mr Ghose is leaving for Bombay to-morrow.—A.P.

CALCUTTA MEMBERS TO A.I.C.C.

CALCUTTA, Oct 19.

Dr Tayeb Bhai Zarif and Molla Janmahomed, members of AICC left for Bombay by to-day's Nagpur Mail.—United Press.

THE MAN AND HIS NAGAR

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, the "Frontier Gandhi" was given a rousing reception on his arrival in Bombay on Friday morning. Immediately after his arrival he drove to the Abdul Gaffar Nagar at Worli. The photo shows the Khan along with the members of the Reception Committee.

Speeding Up Congress Reforms

Mahatma's Proposals Figure First In Agenda Of Working Committee

("Chronicle Special.")

Contrary to expectations it is understood that the Working Committee is meeting at 1 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Gandhiji's hut, will immediately take up for discussion the Amendments proposed by Gandhiji to the Congress Constitution. It was believed at first, that the arrival of all the members of the Working Committee would be awaited, before the Amendments were taken up for discussion.

Only eight out of 15 members of the Working Committee will be present at the meeting to-day. They will be Mahatma Gandhi, Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Moulana Abul Kalam Azad, Dr. Syed Mahmud, Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Mr. K. F. Nariman. The others are expected to be in Bombay on Sunday.

It is understood that the President of the Congress is very anxious to speed up, and if possible to finish major portion of the work before Monday evening.

While the Staff of the A.I.C.C are engaged in the work before the Subjects Committee and resolutions that are to be placed before the Working Committee, delegates and visitors are pouring in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar.

MAHATMA'S ARRIVAL.

Notable arrivals on Friday were the Khan Brothers and Dr. Syed Mahmud. Several delegates from Andhra, Tamil Nadu, and Bengal have already arrived, and a big batch of about 200 delegates and visitors from Sindh are expected to reach Bombay on Saturday. The batch will include Dr. Chotiram Gidwani and Mr. R. K. Sidhwa.

Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by Seth Jamnalal Bajaj and Moulana Abdul Kalam Azad is reaching his special hut at Abdul Gaffar Nagar on Saturday morning. He is coming from Wardha, but nobody, not even the high officials of the Reception Committee or the A.I.C.C. Office seem to know where Gandhiji is alighting from the train and how he will reach the Nagar. In reply to the telegraphic enquiries made by the Reception Committee, Gandhiji is stated to have replied that he was making his own arrangements. He has not informed them the place where he is alighting.

EXHIBITION ARRANGEMENTS.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, the Chairman of the All-India Swadeshi and Khadi Exhibition and other workers are busy engaged in completing the arrangements for the inauguration of the Exhibition on Saturday evening.

The Exhibition, which it is stated will be a very great financial success, is really worth a visit.

The centre of attraction is the Art Gallery, in which Mrs. Naidu is taking very keen interest. She has been personally responsible in collecting more than 2 lakhs of rupees worth of curious and works of art. In the arrangements inside the Art Gallery, she is helped by Sir Richard Temple, Mrs. Ramsay Rai (Devikarani) Mrs Padmaja Naidu (her daughter) and Masscoji, an artist from Santiniketan. It is understood that the Governments of Hyderabad, Mysore and Travancore are co-operating with the Exhibition by exhibiting the industrial products of the respective states.

Inside the exhibition there is a small plot, where the Rao Village is exhibited to show how in the villages, the people work and are self-sufficient.

(Continued from col. 7.)

quest Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan to declare the Exhibition open.

4. Mr. Nagindas Master will thank Abdul Gaffar Khan on behalf of the Committee.
5. Flag Salutation.
6. Bande Mataram.

TO-DAY AT ABDUL GAFFAR NAGAR

(Through Publicity Bureau.)

With the arrival of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan the Abdul Gaffar Nagar at Worli Sea Face has assumed its real position. The 'Frontier Gandhi' will perform the opening ceremony of the All-India Khadi Exhibition and Swadeshi Bazar to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Exhibition section in the Abdul Gaffar Nagar.

THE ART GALLERY.

The various sections and display courts are tastefully arranged and should provide a veritable feast to the eyes of the thousands of visitors who will be attracted to the Exhibition. The Art Gallery will be particularly interesting. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, the Chairman of the Exhibition Committee has been making special efforts to make the Art Gallery a success. She has been able to secure some of the rarest pictures which form a unque feature of the gallery. The collection of modern and the 18th century art from Mr. Treasurywalla has been very tastefully arranged in the Gallery. Mr. Purushottam Mavji's valuable collections of curios and pictures form another attractive feature. The rare shawls threads, brass plates, ancient carved temples and Nepalese jewel pictures secured from Messrs. Pohoomal Bros. will be widely appreciated.

EXHIBITION PROGRAMME

The All-India Khadi Exhibition and Swadeshi Bazar will be opened to-day (Saturday) at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Exhibition Section at the Abdul Gaffar Nagar, Worli at the hands of Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan. The function is not open to the general public. Only those to whom formal invitations have been sent will be allowed inside the section for the function. The Exhibition will be declared open for the public after the opening ceremony is over.

The following is the programme for the function:—

1. National Songs.
2. Mr. Jinabhai P. Joshi will read the Secretaries Report.
3. Mrs. Sarojini Naidu will re-

(Continued in column 8)

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word.

Minimum Re. 1

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words—"Box No.—The "Bombay Chronicle"—must be paid for The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under: "Box No.— The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle." Red Building Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted:— Salesman, Salesman Clerk, Gujarati Stenographer, Gujarati Graduate, Muslim Teachers, Commercial Artist. Apply personally Parker and Company, 12, Apollo Street, Fort. (3102).

Wanted by progressive Life Office, Secretary for Bombay Branch. Salary upto Rs. 300 to start with, according to abilities. Only experienced candidates capable of undertaking definite business guarantee, and willing to give security Rs. 5,000 in G.P. Notes need apply Box 9052, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Immediately Lady Doctors. Fully qualified Nurses and Lady Passed or Experienced Compounders. Apply Box 3005, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted—Candidates for Telegraphy. Station Master and Secretary Class. Allowance Rs. 40. Hostel Seat Free. Rules on 4-annas. Royal Telegraph School, Ballimaran, Delhi. (3096).

Wanted—Tea organizer, salary 125. Apply with eight pice stamps to Manager, Angel Tea Service, Baroda. (3039).

Wanted—By established Insurance Company having excellent business expansion, Secretaries for Branches to be established at Hubli and Ahmedabad. Salary Rs 150/250 to start with, according to qualifications, plus office and travelling expenses. Experienced candidates capable of handling sound organisation and securing guaranteed business need only apply. Security Rs. 2,000 required in G P. Notes. Apply Box 9053 "Bombay Chronicle."

12. TO BE LET.

Andheri, Murzbanabad Road, spacious Westerly facing No. 88A ground floor for any community. Apply No. 8, Nowroji Vakil Street, Grant Road. (3099).

To Be Let for Hindus modern flat three bed-rooms, Hall and kitchen. Rent Rs. 65. Apply 2nd floor, Dongre Mansion, Jaiphalwadi, Tardeo Road, opposite Chikhalwadi. (3017).

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182-186, Khetwadi Lane No. 11, suitable for Theatrical parties. Also Rooms at Shri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Shri Harisadan near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62-66, Vithalwadi. Telephone No. 23518. (3074).

13. SHOPS & ROOMS TO LET

For Hindoos, 2 rooms on first floor and one block down in Building No. 20L, Kennedy Bridge, Girgaum. Rent moderate. Apply Irani, New India Assurance Co., Fort (3100).

Comfortable rooms available in Petorlina Villa and Dias Building, conveniently situated at Grant Road Cross Lane near Railway Station. Newly reduced rents from Rs. 15 to Rs. 35 including light. Apply at the premises or to A. R. Dias, opp. Clock-Tower. (9011).

15. HOUSES & FLATS WANTED

To Be Let for Hindus, big flats of 4 bed-rooms in Gilbert Building, Chowpatty, opposite Babulnath Temple. Apply top floor. (3104).

27. HOTELS.

Bombay Savoy Hotel Bar and Restaurant next door to Central Station with all modern comforts Board and Lodging Rs. 4, Lodging Rs. 2/-. (3065).

31. MOTORCARS FOR SALE

For Sale—One 40/50 H.P. Rolls Royce Car in thorough working order. Tyres, tubes and upholstery as new, Price Rs. 5,000 or reasonable offer. Detailed information can be obtained on application to the undersigned. Open for inspection and trial. Apply to: Chief Engineer, P.W.D. Bharatpur. (9059).

For Sale—Specially Body built in Paris. Full Cabriolette 40/50 H.P. Fiat Car in splendid condition. Apply Moonji Soonderji, Cloth Merchant, 71-73, Chackla Street. Tel. No. 20927. (3092).

53. DENTISTS.

"Certified that my patient, who had Pyorrhoea is thoroughly cured by Jehangir Nariman, Dentist". Dr. L. M. & S. Guard your teeth and health by this radical cure. Pyorrhoea Clinic, Charni Road, Tram Junction, Grant Road. (7703).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Qualify yourself in Shorthand. Typewriting, Book-keeping and Accountancy under qualified Teachers at Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas. The oldest and reliable. Princess Street Corner, Kalbadevi Road. (3037).

Ten Years' Promotion In One! Hothal's Shorthand Institute: Learn Shorthand, Typewriting. Apply Miss Soloman, 84, Damodar Anandji's Building, Bazaargate, Fort. (3085).

Rele's Shorthand Class best in Bombay. Apply Principal, B. B. Rele, B.A., LL.B. Darya Mahal, Kalkadevi Road, Bombay. (8650)

58. BOOKS & PERIODICALS.

Financial Astrology Treatise Karma-Vipaka-Riddle by Gamla Explains concepts on Market Astrology and its practical use. Re. One. From: Book-stalls or Ganoo, 196, Charni Road, Bombay. (3093).

74. AGENCIES WANTED

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Godvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel." Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

Applications are invited from persons desiring to take up the selling Agency of the "Bombay Chronicle" Daily and Sunday Editions particularly at Rajahmundry, Malegaon, Barnagar, Rajam Larkbana Mirpurkas, Sd Thansi, Jubbulpore, Manmad Dhond, Pandharpur, Raichur Salapur Ernakulam, Dharmavaram, Trivandrum Bezwada Cochin, Coimbatore, Cocanada Guntur, Nidadavole, Palghar Ongole, Ottapalam, Samalkot Salem, Katni, Meerut, Agra Kamptee Seoni, Saugor, Ajmer Harda Mysore Anantapur Nandura, Dehra Dun Honawar, Delhi Simla, Wardha-Castle, Rock Arvi, Ellichpur, Hinganghat Kamptee, Pithapuram, Madras Adoni, Nellore, Gwalior, Mhowangli Satara. Write for terms and conditions to the Manager the "Bombay Chronicle". Co., Ltd., P. O. Box No. 322, Bombay.

68. PARTNERSHIPS

Wanted—Partner with Rs. 15,000 for development of Excellent Established business. No brokers. Apply "Secretary." Box 859, G.P.O., Bombay. (3098).

87. ASTROLOGERS.

Mr. Dhariwal Renowned Astrologer and Physiognomist will guide you for all sorts of worries, job, diseases, travel, in fact anything at moderate charges. 1st Floor Dinshaw Mahal, Jer Mahal, Dhobi Talao. (2094).

99. MACHINERY FOR SALE

For Sale—The surplus Machinery of a Government Dockyard Workshop. Heavy and Light Lathes, Radial Drills. Planers, Borers, Turning Mills, etc., 50 Machines to choose from, Lists on application to Box No. 3050. "Bombay Chronicle."

154. MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

For Sale at Andheri, Bungalow with 4,000 square yards of land with fruit and flower garden. Apply Box No. 3103, "Bombay Chronicle."

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

Portable Self-contained Washbasin Cabinet, ideal for Doctors, Lawyers, Dental Blanks, powerful Racing Binocular, Delivery Tricycle, rare old Coins, Remington Typewriter. Apply De Sa, Dentist. Empire Building, Fort, Bombay. (3105).

To Landlords, Gentleman with ample security is prepared to take your buildings on long and short leases either on contract or commission basis. Apply sharp to Box No. 3071, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

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Public Notices

READY WASTE FOR SALE

Cotton and Yarn waste of different sorts accumulated in the Crown Spg. & Mfg. Co., Ltd situated at New Parbhadevi Road, Parel, are for sale. Tenders for the same will be received at the Company's Registered Office No. 16, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, upto 5 p.m. (S.T.) on Tuesday the 23rd October 1934, along with a deposit of Rs. 500 for each tender. The Company reserves to itself the right to accept or reject any tender or tenders fully or in part. Tender forms may be obtained from the Company's Office.

(Sd.) PURSHOTAM VITHALDAS & CO.,
Secs., Tres., & Agents.

9060

SALE OF SCRAP

B. B. & C. I. RLY.

AN AUCTION will be held at Dohad on the 29th October and at Mahalaks' mi. Bombay, on the 30th October. for the sale of C.I., W.I.. and steel scrap approximatelv 1300 tons; also miscellaneous stores, such as, Drums Files, Springs, Tools, Boiler Tubes, Plates, Lamps, Elec. materials etc.

Particulars of materials and of conditions of auction including terms for refund of Railway fare can be obtained on application. from the Controller of Stores, Mahalakshmi or Assistant Superintendent of Stores, Dohad.

H. D. HENMAN,
Ag. Controller of Stores,

9055

NOTICE.

(Under Section 23(4) of the City of Bombay Police Act IV, of 1902.)

THE PUBLIC ARE HEREBY INFORMED that in connection with the Indian National Congress Session to be held in Bombay the following roads will be reserved for public purposes and will be closed to all vehicular traffic as stated below:—

A. FROM 20TH TO 28TH INST.— BOTH DAYS INCLUSIVE.

(1) Road leading to the building owned by Sir Sohrabji Pochkhanawala will be reserved from its junction with Worli Sea Face Marine Drive in the south to its junction with Worli Sea Face Marine Drive and Cleveland Road in the north and entirely closed except for vehicles of the occupants of Sir Sohrabji Pochkhanawala's building and their visitors and vehicles with special permits.

(2) The whole of the Worli Sea Face Marine Drive from its junction with Worli Road to its junction with Cleveland Road—except for north bound vehicular traffic.

(3) The whole of Cleveland Road —except for south bound vehicular traffic.

B. FROM 26TH TO 28TH INST.— BOTH DAYS INCLUSIVE.

(1) A limited number of recognized public buses and taxis will be permitted to be parked on the Worli Sea Face Marine Drive and no vehicles will be permitted to be parked on Cleveland Road.

(2) Arrangements will be made for parking all vehicles (except as above) on the parking grounds provided for the purpose.

W. R. G. SMITH,
Commissioner of Police.
HEAD POLICE OFFICE:
Bombay, 15th October, 1934.

9063

Legal Notices

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 611 OF 1934.

Re: ESUFALLI MULLA BADRUDDIN of Chalisgaon and Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant at present residing at Bombay at Koliwada outside the Fort of Bombay .....A Debtor.
Ex parte: THE INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LTD. .....Petitioning Creditors

On the 16th day of October, 1934, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the above-named Debtor as an Insolvent.

Dated this 16th day of October, 1934.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.

9071

Legal Notices

NOTICE OF SALE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that HIS HIGHNESS the Maharaja Saheb of Morvi has contracted to sell to one of our clients the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having or making any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, possession, mortgage, transfer, sale, gift, lease, exchange, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement, or otherwise however is or are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at 107, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof or otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

SCHEDULE OF THE ABOVE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground partly of the Pension and Tax tenure and partly of newly assessed tenure situate, lying and being at Chowpaty without the Fort of Bombay in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, admeasuring approximately 666 sq. yards which said piece or parcel of land is bounded on or towards the North and East by the land belonging to H. H. the Maharaja Saheb of Morvi, on or towards the South by the proposed 40 ft. Road and on or towards the West by the Chowpatty Sea Face and which said piece or parcel of land forms a portion of a larger piece or parcel of land registered by the Collector of Land Revenue under New Survey No. 1/8003 and A/8005 and Cadastral Survey No. 1517 of Girgaum Division and which said land is assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under D. Ward No. 2553(1) and bearing Street No. 10.

Dated this 19th day of October, 1934.

RUSTOMJI & GINWALA,
Purchaser's Attorneys.
107, Esplanade Road,
Fort, Bombay.

9070

HIGH COURT OF BOMBAY.

INSOLVENCY NO. 618 OF 1934.

Re: FIDAHUSSEIN ABDUL TAYEB, of Chalisgaon and Bombay, Borah Mahomedan Inhabitant at present residing at Bombay at Koliwada outside the Fort of Bombay .....A Debtor.
Ex parte: THE INDIAN COTTON COMPANY, LTD. ...Petitioning Creditors.

On the 18th day of October, 1934, an order was made by the High Court of Judicature at Bombay in its Insolvency Jurisdiction adjudging the above-named Debtor as an Insolvent.

Dated this 18th day of October, 1934.

K. A. BHOJWANI,
Insolvency Registrar.
9072

N. Y. K. LINE

BOMBAY-JAPAN via COLOMBO & PORTS.

Steamers	Tons	Arrive	Leave
Lisbon Maru	7053	17 Oct.	26 Oct.
*Tango Maru	7000	30 Oct.	16 Nov
Bengal Maru	5396	8 Nov.	13 Nov
Mayebashi Maru	7005	15 Nov.	21 Nov
Morioka Maru	4469	19 Nov	25 Nov
*Ginyo Maru	9000	1 Dec	13 Dec.

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Yasukuni Maru	12006	27 Oct
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	Tons	Leave Colombo
Ternkuni Maru	12000	22 Oct.
Hakusan Maru	10500	7 Nov.

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	Tons	Leave Hongkong
Taiyo Maru	16500	14 Nov
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AUCTION SALES

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES SITUATE AT NARIELWADI, MOUNT ROAD, MAZAGAON.

Under instructions from Messrs. Vachha & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee Mr. Tikaram Gangaram Shir and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Gulabbai, widow of Dattaram Pandharinath Pathare, Mohinibai, Bhaminibai and Premabai, daughters of Dattaram Pandharinath Pathare and Krishnarao Dattaram Pathare and the estate of Dattaram Pandharinath Pathare under the Power of Sale reserved to the Mortgagee by an Indenture of Mortgage dated the 4th day of March, 1932, made between the said Mortgagors of the one part and the Mortgagee of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at the respective premises at 4 p.m. and 4-45 p.m. (S.T.) on SATURDAY, the 20th day of October, 1934, the undermentioned properties.

On SATURDAY, the 20th day of October, 1934, at 4 p.m. (S.T.).

SCHEDULE

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground together with the messuage tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Narielwadi (Mount Road, Mazagaon), outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 298 square yards or thereabouts.

On SATURDAY, the 20th day of October, 1934 at 4-45 p.m. (S.T.)

SECONDLY:—All that piece or parcel of Government Leasehold land or ground, together with the messuage, tenement or dwelling houses situate lying and being at Narielwadi (Mazagaon) outside the Fort and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay containing by admeasurement 290 square yards or thereabouts.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Vachha and Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagee at their Office at Yusuf Building, Churchgate Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

J. S. MODY & CO.

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AUCTION SALE OF FURNITURE of C. M. Green, Esquire, and others, TO-MORROW (SUNDAY) 1934, at 10-30 A.M. (S.T.) at Chowpatty Sea Face, Near Vianelli's Restaurant of complete bungalow furniture, Godrej Safe, Austrian Safe, His Master Voice Gramophone, Singer Machine, Underwood Portable Typewriter, Harmonium, Tilting suits, steel cabinet, Glassware etc.

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and STILL GOING STRONG for the obvious reason that it is studded with

Merits

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Lure OF THE City

SABITADEVI

In her best role—

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KUMAR, MOTILAL & K. C. DEY. (Blind Singer)

Daily: 5-30, 8 and 10-30.
Sat., Sun. and Holidays
MATINEE AT 3 p.m.

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with Boris Karloff, Loretta Young, Robert Young
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Universal Picture's Thrilling Talkie

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TOM TYLER and CECELIA PARKER in "JUNGLE MYSTERY" ADVENTURE PICTURE

Featuring:
TOM TAYLOR
WILLIAM
KOHINOOR CINEMA
DADAR

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Matinee on Sat. Sun. & Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

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Labour Leader's Sentence Enhanced By High Court

R. M. Jambekar Has To Spend 4 Months In Jail For Inciting Strikers

On the Bombay Government's application, Mr. Justice Murphy and Mr Justice Sen at the High Court enhanced the sentence passed on R M Jambekar, a labour leader to four months' rigorous imprisonment.

The accused was sentenced by Presidency Magistrate, Mazgaon Court, to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs 200 in respect of three speeches to textile mill-strikers in June 1933.

Incited Strikers

In May last year, the mill-workers of the city had downed tools on a dispute arising with the owners regarding wages and other questions affecting the workers. While the strike was on the accused addressed three meetings of the strikers in Nagu Sayaji's Wadi in June. In those speeches, he exhorted the strikers to form themselves into groups of 30 men and prevent the blacklegs from going to work, and assault those who persisted in going to work. In convicting the accused the Magistrate held that the speeches were calculated to incite the strikers to violence at a time of great unrest.

Govt. Want Sentence Enhanced

The Bombay Government applied to the High Court to have the sentence enhanced on the ground that the sentence was too lenient considering the gravity of the offence.

Their lordships in enhancing the sentence to 4 months' rigorous imprisonment, were of opinion that the sentence passed by the Magistrate was inadequate in view of the serious nature of the offence.

DOMESTIC TRAGEDY

Alleged Stabbing By Brother

A domestic quarrel between two brothers ended in the elder one being stabbed at Umerkhadi on Friday morning. Brother John, it is alleged, was peeved at the attention bestowed by brother Thomas on an attractive woman who was dear to both. A clasp knife settled the arguments and the alleged assailant is under arrest.

A stabbing incident took place at 9 o'clock in the morning at Manji Nathul Building, Umerkhadi, when Thomas Noronha, a mechanical engineer, was, it is alleged, stabbed in the back and chest six times with a clasp knife by his younger brother John Baptist Noronha, residing at the same place. It appears that there existed ill-feeling between the two brothers for some time past, on account of a woman. Matters came to head on Frday morning, when an altercation ensued between them which finally culminated in the assault mentioned.

The injured man was admitted into the J. J. Hospital for treatment.

John Baptist Noronha has been arrested by the Dongri Police.

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1ST FLOOR ZAVERI BAZAAR OPP. KHARAKUVA BOMBAY 2

Arrival Of Delegates

About 30 delegates of the Subjects committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference are expected to arrive in the city today (Saturday) from all parts of the country. Other delegates to the Conference will be arriving by to-morrow morning.

THIS WEEK

You can not afford to miss

Sessions of the

INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS

The film of the FUNERAL PROCESSION of one the greatest patriots of India Late Sjt. VITHALBHAI PATEL shown this week at West End

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RANJIT'S

Naughty Girl

Starring

GOHAR

AT

WEST END TALKIES

LAMINGTON ROAD

Daily Three Shows 5--15, 8 & 10-45 P. M.
Saturday and Sunday, Matinee at 2-45 P. M.

WOMEN'S ART EXHIBITION AT THE TOWN HALL

The home-crafts section of the Women's [illegible] one of the most interesting sections of the exhibition opened on Friday.

These exhibits from Gujarat, Cutch and Kathiawar indicate the artistic heritage of Indian homes.

Women's Role In Indian Art Revival

SIR C. V. MEHTA'S TRIBUTE TO MAHATMA

Sees Great Future For Arts And Handicrafts If Indians Buy Indian

"We are guilty of gross neglect with regard to the products of our own country. No art can flourish in any country, if it does not get sustenance and succour from the people of that country. It would be an unfortunte calamity, if we are attracted by the tinsel and show of the products of other countries and if we do not make some sacrifices for our own arts." In these words, Sir Chunilal V. Mehta, declared the Women's Swadeshi Exhibition of Fine Arts and Handicrafts open, at the Town Hall on Friday.

"Out of the many blessings which Mahatma Gandhi has given to this country and to this province in particular," continued Sir Chunilal, "not the least I think, is the way he has mobilised the enthusiasm of the women of this country for active, steady, constructive work. Not the most optimistic of us would have felt, or would have believed five or ten years back, that the Gujarati ladies would have acquitted or covered themselves with glory in the last four or five years of strenuous national struggle."

BUY INDIAN

Sir Chunilal Mehta also emphasised the fact that the conveners of the Exhibition have spared no pain to make it a grand success and said that this exhibition was in no way inferior to a similar exhibition held by the ladies some time back in the College of Science. He also stressed the point that unless Indians made it a rule to buy Indian products, the producer would find it difficult not only to improve the quality of his goods, but also to maintain its already existing uniformity of quality.

HANSA MEHTA WELCOMES

Addressing the gathering, Shrimati Hansa Mehta, Chairman of the Art Committee said:—

On behalf of the Exhibition Committee and on behalf of the Gujarati Stri Mandal under whose auspices this exhibition is organised, I have to thank you all for your kind presence on this occasion. The organisers of this exhibition desire to kill two birds with one stone. Their object, in the first place, is to help the women artists by bringing their work to the notice of the public and thereby helping them to find a market; and their second object is to serve the cause of art itself.

The renaissance of Indian art commenced not very long ago. Its progress is very slow, because of the lack of interest shown by those who should be the patrons of art. Take for example an educational body like the University of Bombay. It has been supremely indifferent to art and has shown no inclination whatsoever, in spite of public opinion, to include it in its curriculum. Let us hope that in the programme for expansion the University intends to plan for the next ten years, the creation of the Faculty of Fine Arts will find a foremost place.

INDIAN ART REVIVAL

With the cheap imitation of everything western, Indian Art has unfortunately been outlawed from the homes of the rich, barring a few exceptions. Even some of the Indian Princes, whose ancestors used to be patrons of Indian Art in the past, import nowadays things from the west, things not always of real art, for the decoration of their palaces. Such is the plight of our arts and crafts! Women as lovers of beauty have always played the role of the patrons of art in the past. It is with a hope that women may resume that role again that this women's co-operative society has come forward to organise the exhibition and thus give their small quota to the efforts that are already being made for the revival of Indian Art. It is never an easy task to organise an art exhibition, and as this is the first attempt on the part of the Gujarati Stri Sahakari Mandal, we crave the indulgence of the critics.

PRECIOUS HEIR-LOOMS

The exhibition is not on a large scale. However, I may venture to say that the visitor will not be dissatisfied with the variety it displays, especially the embroidery section which has some exhibits a hundred years old, which even to-day, retain their original freshness and charm. For some of these old exhibits from Kathiawar, we are indebted to the Durbar Saheb Pipalag and others who have in spite the difficulties created by the Viramgaum Cordon, sent their precious heir-looms specially for the exhibition.

I also take this opportunity to thank the various ladies and gentlemen who have helped us in making the exhibition a success. Our thanks are also due to the donors of prizes, to the Bombay Art Society for a loan of their screens, to the School of Art for the pedestals, to Mr. Manilal Shamji Trivedi for the plaster slabs for Rangoli, to the members of the selection and judging Committees and to the volunteers.

Last but not the least, we are grateful to Sir Chunilal and Lady Mehta for accepting our invitation to open the exhibition and to distribute the prizes. As one connected with the co-operative movement in the presidency and as one who is himself a lover of Indian Art, the committee could not have found a better person than Sir Chunilal to open the exhibition.

Prizes were distributed by Lady Mehta to those artists who showed efficiency in art.

WOMEN'S ARTS AND CRAFTS EXHIBITION

Rangoli Prize Winners

The Exhibition will be open from the 20th October to 26th October from 3 p.m. to 7-30 p.m. (S.T.) There will be a restaurant run by the ladies of the Sir Ratan Tata Industrial Institute. A Women's orchestra conducted by Miss Shamabai Mazgaoker will play on the 23rd, 24th and 25th from 5-30 to 6-30 p.m. There will be sharadotsava on the 22nd, the Sharad Purnima day, when there will be Garba Dances.

There were seventeen entries for the Rangoli Competition the names of the prize winners in order are (1) Mrs. Y.M. Raote, (2) Miss C. N. Nevrekar and (3) Miss R. G. Madan. The Judges were Mrs. Sundrabai Sivur, Mrs. Javaben Kanuga, Mrs. Jayashri Raiji, Mr H. Mali and Mr. G. M. Solegaonkar.

PARTIES COME TO SETTLEMENT

High Court's Order On Libel Case

Mr. Justice Rangnekar at the High Court heard the suit filed by R. A. Gagrat a solicitor, claiming Rs. 10,000 as damages for alleged libel from Mr. J. R. B. Jijibhoy.

The plaintiff was a son-in-law of the late Mr Jehangir M. Mehta, managing partner of Messrs. Jivaji Jamshedji and Co., building contractors, and was assisting the firm in their correspondence with the defendant in respect of bills due to the firm for the construction of Rustom and Jehangir Buildings.

In respect of one of such letters written by the plaintiff under instructions of the firm, the defendant wrote to the firm a letter in which he stated "I cannot conclude this letter without lodging my emphatic protest against the insulting tone of your letter which is evidently drafted by an inexperienced hand. . . It is very deplorable that correspondence over the signature of your firm should have been couched in a language which one would hardly expect to be written by a well-bred gentleman."

The plaintiff stated that these remarks applied to him and were defamatory of him.

SUIT WITHDRAWN.

After the plaintiff had given evidence for some time, the parties came to a settlement, and his lordship recorded the following order:—"The settlement of the suit having been arrived at through the intervention of the Adocate-General, the suit is withdrawn and no order is made as to costs."

R. N. P. Engineer with Mr. M. M. Jhaveri, instructed by Gagrat and Co., appeared for the plaintiff. Mr. Petigara with Mr. Shavakshaw, instructed by Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, appeared for the defendant.

Please Don't Miss this Opportunity

All India Humanitarian Conference

7th Session will meet

AT

MADHAV BAG, C. P. Tank Road, Bombay.

on 21-10-34 opening of the Conference 3 p.m. noon.

22-10-34 Sessions of the Conference 7 p.m.

23-10-34 Sessions of the Conference 7 p.m.

Tickets are now available.

The well-known Humanitarian SADHU VASWANI will preside

Bombay Humanitarian League's Silver Jubilee Celebration

Public Meeting

Place— MADHAV BAG.

Date: 24-10-34, 6-30 p.m. (S.T.).

Humanitarians are cordially invited

A. I. Conference Office, 149, Shroff Bazar Bombay.

STONED TO DEATH?

—who Parvez the Patriot?
—what? Gulmar The Princess

INCREDIBLE— but it nearly happened and so did happen still more wonderful things!

WATAN PARASTI

The story of a Patriot

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MOTI, ROSHANARA, ISMAIL & OTHERS

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Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 P. M.

Matinee on Sat, Sun, & Holidays at 2-30 P. M.

THE PALACE
NEAR BYCULLA RLY. STATION

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
CONTINUED UP TO TUES. 23RD.

JANET GAYNOR
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LIVE AGAIN THROUGH THE ECSTASY OF YOUNG LOVE IN

TESS OF THE STORM COUNTRY

TO-MORROW

MORNING 10-30 A.M.

JUNGLE MYSTERY

WHOLE SERIAL 25 PARTS

FROM WED., 24TH TO FRI. 26TH

DEVIL'S BROTHER

WITH

LAUREL & HARDY

THE EDWARD
DHOBI TALAO, KALBADEVI RD.

DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
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MYSTERY SQUADRON

WITH DAREDEVIL CAST

BOB STEELE
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THRILLS IN AIR, SEA & LAND

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REMEMBER IT IS

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"MY MAN"

Director:— CHAUDHARY

Shortly Coming

at MAJESTIC CINEMA Girgaum, Bombay.

Sweeter, Stronger and more subtle

IN

A fast moving drama, at the court of a modern prince

WOMEN DIEHARDS THANK PAGE-CROFT

Immensity Of Folly Of Proposed Reforms

"PERIL OF ABANDONING BRITISH SHARE IN INDIAN CENTRAL GOVERNMENT"

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

LONDON. Oct. 13.
(By Air Mail)

I am told that there was a crisis in the Joint Select Committee on Indian Constitutional Reform on the day the Committee resumed its function. The crisis for a time was of more vital interest to the members than the affairs of the Empire. The meeting was the first since the recess and the trouble was due to the fact that no one had told the catering department of the House of Lords to prepare to minister to its wants. So when at 6 p.m., after three hours of talk, someone shyly suggested tea, the idea was received with great popularity. But the only provender available was a quarter of a pint of milk and half a loaf of bread, intended for the supper of a resident official, and not even the Committee could turn that into sufficient to feed their forty members. But the House of Lords staff are nothing if not resourceful, and a period of intense activity followed. According to my informant, cupboards were ransacked and stores raided, and before long the cups, saucers, teapots and biscuits appeared on the scene. Lord Antrim, who is an assistant clerk to the House, was pressed into service and made numerous journeys with a laden tray to the Peers Library where, for want of a better place, the frugal repast was set. Suffice it to say that the Committee voted at the finest tea they had had for a long time

FINAL ROUND OF REFORMS

"The first blow in the final round of this fight over Indian reforms," was how Sir Henry Page-Croft, M.P., described his action at the Conservative conference at Bristol to a meeting of women Conservatives at Bournemouth. "We shall not rest until we have succeeded in causing the whole of the country to look into this question and to realise the immensity of the folly of the proposed reforms which have been indicated", he continued. Certain broad gestures had been made and the Select Committee were now sitting, but he rejoiced to think that the Government was not yet committed to any definite policy. "We have done our best," he continued, "to demand complete freedom for Conservatives and their organisations throughout this country to declare their views upon so momentous a question. Once more, however, by a small majority our conscience is put into the hands of the Select Committee." If the White Paper became law it would smash the bridge which the British Givernment and Christianity had built up between the Hindu and Muslim in India. The meeting carried a resolution thanking Sir Henry "for the past he is taking in warning the country of the peril of abandoning the British share in the Central Government of India, and whilst ready to support the extension of self-government in the Indian provinces, it is of opinion that the success of such policy must be proved before the revolutionary proposals of the White Paper are adopted."

MANCHESTER AND INDIA.

Sir Thomas Barlow, proposing the toast of the city and trade of Manchester at the annual dinner of the Manchester branch of the Incorporated Sales Managers' Association, held at the Midland Hotel, Manchester in the mail week, said there was a tendency towards economic nationalism, and there was no real sign of its arrest. In a city like Manchester which had an international outlook industrially and commercially this created a difficult problem, and they had also the abominable problem of Japanese competition to deal with. They had all been hot and bothered and in certain areas the Government had controlled the import of textiles. It had overridden the decision of the Legislative Council of Ceylon. "I think" Sir Thomas said, "The Government did right, but at the same time I view such actions by Governments with alarm. I think it was right because this decision of the Legislative Council was put through for no other reason than to be offensive to us. The people of Ceylon have got to decide whether they are going to remain within the comity of the British nations or not. As far as I am concerned, having regard to the background of Britain's relations with her overseas Dominions and colonies and having regard to the contribution this country has made to political ideas, if the British Empire has got to survive at the expense of overriding the inhabitants of various parts, the sooner it comes to an end the better. "It is an action which I hope I will not see happen again. I consider that the act of the British Government was a landmark in h'st The Australian Government thought fit to put certain prohibitive tariffs on textiles and the Bolton grocers, entirely uninspired by the cotton trade, began to establish a boycott. That action again wants a little analysis. . . we are going to put on boycotts I do not think we must make too much fuss if the people of India begin to boycott our goods. It ends in a two-edged result."

TUBULAR RAILWAY FOR CALCUTTA.

Conversations in London between Underground Railway engineers and the Chief Engineer of the Calcutta Corporation, Dr. B. N. Dey, are likely to result in British workmen and experts going to India to build a £4,000,000 Underground railway. The Calcutta engineer has flown to London from India while on leave. In the course of a statement to the London Press, he said that the Corporation of Calcutta has decided that a tube system is the only real way out of Calcutta's traffic difficulties. Recently he had been to Paris, Berlin and New York to inspect their underground system, and he has decided that the London system was the best

"We, in Calcutta," he declared, "must follow London's example. I have the plans practically complete and ready for passing. The London underground is nearest to perfection in the world. Work on our copy will start as soon as sufficient money is forthcoming. Government aid will be sought and the work will probably be done in sections. We shall want British material and British workers as soon as the decision to start the work is made. I hope our tube will be built by the men who built London tubes and in a similar way". It is estimated that more than £1,000,000 worth of British materials will be required for the proposed Calcutta Underground. The projected railway would cross the river Hooghly at one point and would have five stations, with a two minutes service during the rush hour.

AFTER 7000 MILES OF TRAMPING.

A crabe for walking led Sarat Roy, a young Bengalee student, to set out early one morning on a eight-year pilgrimage that has just ended in his death at St. Andrews Hospital, Poplar on Saturday last. Roy was seventeen-year old when he left India. He had matriculated at the Calcutta University and decided to see the world, particularly the Western world. He walked across the plains of India up into the mountains, over the Khaiber Pass and through a country infested by savage hillmen, to Persia. Here he got work for a year or two until the road called again. On he walked over the Caucasus Mountains round the Black Sea to Odessi—months of hardship during which he existed for days on wild berries and animals he snared. Five years after leaving Calcutta, he reached Moscow, only to tramp on to Leningrad, where he rested for a few months, gaining a living by teaching them Bengalee It was not long, though before he was on the road again for Germany, making a detour through Finland, Lethunia, Latvia and Poland. In Germany he was thrown into a Concentration Camp. It was months before his friends could arrange for his release and transport to England. After more than 7,000 miles of tramping across Europe and Asia, Roy walked into London over a year ago, He started to work as a pedlar, but the effects of hardships he had undergone cause illnes and death. He had only one legacy after all his trials—his body, which he bequeathed to the service of medical science in London.

BETTING ON CAMBRIDGESHIRE

French Mare Is Favourite At 9 To 1 Against

LONDON. Oct. 18.

The following is the Cambridgeshire call-over: —

9 to 1 against MARY TUDOR.

100 to 9 WYCHWOOD ABBOT.

15 to 1 CAYMANAS (taken and offered).

18 to 1 BONDSMAN (offered) 20 to 1 taken

25 to 1 SOLFATARA and COMMANDER III (taken and offered)

25 to 1 SPEND A PENNY and STATESMAN (offered) 28 to 1 taken.

33 to 1 POKER and ALMOND HILL (offered) 40 to 1 taken.

66 to 1 PERGOMAS (taken and offered).—Reuter's Special.

CONTROL OF CRICKET IN GUJARAT

New Body Formed Attracts Many Members

AHMEDABAD. Oct. 16.

In order to organize and encourage cricket on a sound basis in Gujarat a new body called the Central Board of Cricket Control in Gujarat has been formed here, says the Correspondent of "The Statesman."

Several Gymkhanas and teams have joined from Ahmedabad, Baroda, Rander, etc. The new body has already organized matches with the Deccan Gymkhana of Poona at three places. Gymkhanas from Central India, Rajputana and the Punjab, have also been invited to play here.

The new Association has also been invited to play in December in the All-India championship tournament.

WORLD'S BILLIARDS CHAMPIONSHIP

Lindrum Obtains Lead Of 30 Points

MELBOURNE. Oct. 18.

At the close of play to-day in the final of the world's billiards championship, Lindrum was leading with 7,641 points, while Davis had made 7,611.

Lindrum's score to-day included breaks of 1,013 and 540. Davis's chief breaks were 412, 272, 262 and 358

Day's lead by 513 points at the end of the afternoon session, but Lindrum's fine break of 1,000 gave him the lead at the close.—Reuter.

MOINUD DOWLAH GOLD CUP CRICKET

Pataudi And Naidu May Participate

The All-India cricket tournament organized by Nawab Moinud Dowlah Bahadur has already drawn a number of good upcountry teams, such as North India Cricket XI. captained by the Yuvraj of Patiala; the Free Looters of Bombay, who have put in two teams; the Rawalpindi XI. and the Crescent Club of Lahore. The Free Looters who are the Cup-holders, are to be captained by the Maharajkumar of Alirajpur. It is expected that the Nawab of Pataudi and Major C. K. Nayudu will play in this tournament.

AUSTRALIAN CRICKET TOUR

Dates Of Matches With South Africa Next Year

The provisional list of fixtures for the Australian tour of South Africa in the 1935-36 season has been drawn up as follows:—

1935.—Nov. 9, 11, 12, v. Natal (Durban); 16, 18, 19, v. Border (East London); 23, 25, 26, v. Eastern Province (Port Elizabeth); 30, Dec. 2, 3, v. Western Province (Cape Town); 7, 9, 10, v. Transvaal (Johannesburg); 14, 16, 17, 18, v. South Africa (First Test) (Durban); 24, 26, 27, 28, v. South Africa (Second Test) (Johannesburg.)

1936.—Jan. 1, 2, 3, 4, v. South Africa (Third Test) (Cape Town); 7, 8, 9, v. Orange Free State (Bloemfontein); 11, 13, 14, v. Griqualand West (Kimberley); 17, 18, 20, v. Transvaal (Johannesburg); 25, 27, 28, v. Rhodesia (Bulawayo); Feb. 1, 3, 4, 5, v. South Africa (Fourth Test) (Johannesburg); 7, 9, 10, v. Western Province (Cape Town); 13, 14, 16, 17, v. South Africa (Fifth Test) (Cape Town.)

FREE FIGHT AT FOOTBALL MATCH

Players Of Rival Teams Come To Blows

SUKKUR, Oct. 18.

Considerable excitement was caused at a football match at Sukkur when two members of opposite teams came to blows. It appears that a Makrani player intentionally kicked a player of the Barrage team when the latter is alleged to have called him a rascal. From words they came to blows so much so that the Makrani player dealt him some more kicks and boxed his temples. The result was that the Barrage player fell unconscious, seriously wounded.

There was an imminent danger of the parties coming to blows when the Police rushed in. The Makrani player has been taken into custody.

The wounded player is lying in the hospital.—United Press.

POONA CLUB SKITTLED OUT

Visapur Jail Team Put Up Tall Score

VISAPUR Oct. 17.

The Jail team beat C. M. A. Recreation Club, Poona on Sunday.

The game started at 11 a.m. The visitors, winning the toss, elected to bat. They were all skittled out for 43 runs. The failure of visitors in batting an a perfect batsman's wicket was due to their having placed too much reliance upon their Star batsmen Once these failed, it was a sorry tale for the whole side. It was impossible to save the rot since the bowlers predominated the bat.

The Home side had a merry innings putting up a tall score of 199 runs for 9 wickets Messrs. Jadhav and Kamruddin played a forcible innings hitting the ball all round the wickets Kamruddin hit up two sixers and eight fours and scored 50 runs (not out) in 30 minutes.

The visitors were given a second knock, but they fared still worse and when the stumps were drawn, they scored 18 runs for 6 wickets.

BALLOT FOR AIR RACE

Mollisons Will Be First To Leave Mildenhall

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Following the ballot it is announced that Mr. and Mrs. Mollison will be the first to leave Mildenhall aerodrome on Saturday, departing on the stroke of 6-30 a.m. The remainder of the aircraft will leave at intervals of 45 seconds. Mr. Roscoe Turner the American, will follow the Mollisons, and Col. Fitzmaurice on the Irish Swoop will be the third to start.

Mr. Jack Melrose, the young Australian, will be the last to depart.—Reuter.

ARRANGEMENTS AT KARACHI

Special Committee Formed To Deal With Requirements Of Planes

KARACHI, October 19.

Elaborate arrangements have been made to give every assistance and help by Commander W.H. Watt, Officer-in-Charge of the air-port at Karachi, to the passing aviators in the Air Race

Many additional refuelling tanks and mobile lorries, capable of refuelling at a high-speed, have been introduced specially for the occasion.

Detachments of the Royal Air Force have camped at the air-port, and generally are assisting the Special Committee formed to deal exclusively with the requirements of the 'planes and pilots' comforts.

Special facilities have been arranged by Dr. Pramanik, Meteorologist, for enabling the aviators to obtain both on the aerodrome and in flight (if their machines are fitted with wireless), all the latest material regarding weather conditions and forecasts.

The Wireless Department has also arranged special watches for the purpose of conveying all necessary information and an additional Telegraph Office has been established at the Airport for the convenience of the aviators.

Night-lighting will operate at the Airport from sunset till sunrise during the period of the race.

The Western disturbance is apparently of a feeble nature, approaching Iraq, but on the Indian side upto Allahabad, the weather is normal.—A.P. Special.

CEYLON NOT TO INTERFRE

"Peaceful Deposition" Of Maldivian Sultan

30 ARRESTED PERSON ON TRIAL

COLOMBO, Oct. 18.

The United Press understands that the Government of Ceylon do not propose to take any action in regard to the deposition of the Maldivian Sultan as it was carried out peacefully and according to the law of the country.

According to the latest report submitted to the Government, the situation in Male is quite peaceful and that no further developments have taken place since the deposition of the Sultan. It is also understood that the deposed Sultan has forwarded a communication to the local Government.

The Ceylon Government has also been informed that the trial of 30 persons who had been arrested on charge of attempting to overthrow the Constitution was proceeding according to Maldivian law.—United Press.

CONVERSION OF SWEEPERS

Christian Missionaries Busy At Karachi

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

That the Christian Missionaries have been busy since a long time in Karachi converting hundreds of sweepers into their fold and that for their welfare two schools to impart religious education and a chapel have been built was revealed when a proposal was tabled in the Karachi Municipal Corporation that an extensive land might be provided for their converts where a suitable village might be built for them.—United Press.

RAIN TO CONTINUE IN ASSAM

Scattered Falls Will Also Occur In Burma

POONA, Oct. 19.

There has been nearly general rain in Assam, while a few falls have occurred in Burma, East Bengal, Madras Deccan and South-east Madras.

The chief amounts of rainfall are:—Myitkyina and Gwa half an inch each; Mymensingh one and a half; Dibrugarh and Silchar one, Vellore and Cuddapah a half.

FORECAST:

Scattered falls of rain will occur in Assam, Burma and South Peninsula.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 19-10 1934.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus .006 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 81.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 75.3 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 94.5 degrees 5.2 (above normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.4 degrees 1.8 (above normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 73 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. NE

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 116 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 13 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 1

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19-10-34.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 89 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 29.11 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.09 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

FAMOUS POLO PLAYER FOR BOMBAY

Capt. Pat Roark Appointed Stipendiary Steward Of W.I.T.C.

LONDON. Oct. 19.

"The Morning Post" understands that the famous Polo player Captain Pat Roark will leave for Bombay early in November to take up his duties as a Stipendiary Steward of the Western India Turf Club.—Reuter.

A Karachi message of October 18th says the Air Mail from Croydon arrived at Karachi at 9.47 p.m. It will leave for Singapore early to-morrow (i.e. Friday) morning.—A. P.

Sir Manmohandas, The Great Industrialist

Bombay's Tributes To Late Founder Of Indian Merchants Chamber And Parn Of Constructive Swadeshism

Glowing tributes to the finest qualities of head and heart of the late Sir Manmohandas Ramji were paid by Europeans and Indians alike at the public meeting called by the Sheriff on Friday evening in the C.J Hall.

Mr. G. L. Winterbotham and Mr. Gilbert Lodge paid their tributes on behalf of the European community who regarded him as the finest type of businessma.

At the outset Mr. J. K. Mehta, Secretary of Indian Merchants' Chamber, read telegrams expressing their sympathy towards the meeting from H. H. the Nawab of Palanpur, Sir Lalubhai Samaldas and others.

AS COMMERCIAL BROKER

Sir Cowasji Jehangir who presided said, by the death of Sir Manmohandas Ramji, India lost one of the greatest citizens whose name will be associated with the prosperity of Bombay. Sir Manmohandas started life at an early age of 22 years as a commercial broker to the Rallis and continued in that post for 20 years. He was a great industrialist and agent of several mills. The mills under his control prospered, in spite of trade depression which showed his abilities as a businessman. Then, he was the patron of constructive swadeshism and started the Swadeshi Stores which was copied by many other businessmen throughout India.

FOUNDER OF MERCHANTS' CHAMBER

He was the founder of Indian Merchants' Chamber which was the greatest work of his life as he believed that by the united efforts of the businessmen that India's prosperity could be achieved. His enterprise, hard work and influence brought the Indian Merchants' Chamber to the present position. Besides being a first rate businessman, he was a great patriot and served Municipal Corporation, Legislative Council, Assembly and the Council of State conscientiously and sincerely. He prayed to God that Bombay may produce many such Manmohandases for the increasing prosperity of the country.

IN SWADESHI STORES

Mr Manu Subedar then moved: "That this public meeting of the citizens of Bombay places on record its sense of loss which the commercial community of India in general, and the City of Bombay in particular, has sustained by the sad death of Sir Manmohandas Ramji, Kt., who as a prominent public man, rendered valuable services to the country and to the cause of her commercial and industrial development."

Mr. Subedar said there was nothing like the fixed price in Indian market and particularly in Bombay market before. The late Sir Manmohandas Ramji introduced that principle in the Swadeshi Stores. His unique enterprise, moderation, and foresight were responsible for his mills to stand firm even in times of depression. The British merchants found it useful to have a body of their own like the Chamber of Commerce. Sir Manmohandas Ramji started as a counter part—the Indian Merchants' Chamber, which he led successfully to the last moments of his life

"FINEST TYPE OF CONGRESSMAN"

Mr. G. L. Winterbotham said he was a great admirer of the late Sir Manmohandas Ramji. The European community regarded him as the finest type of businessman. His sterling character, transparent honesty and devotion to duty marked him out as a leader of men. He was the first to recognise that by close co-operation of all concerned that the best result could be achieved and therefore founded the Indian Merchants' Chamber which was doing useful work for the Indian mercantile community.

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim fully associated himself with the previous speakers and said in times of trouble and difficulties Sir M. Ramji was the best friend and guide.

Mr. Devidas M. Thakersey further supported the proposition which was carried all standing as a mark of respect.

"SLOW & STEADY"

Sir Chunilal V. Mehta then moved "That a copy of the above resolution be forwarded by the President of this meeting to the family of Sir Manmohandas Ramji."

Sir Chunilal said the lesson the younger generation can learn from the life of Sir Manmohandas Ramji was to go steadily by starting small enterprises and not to make haste to make a large fortune at once.

HIS COMMUNAL PEACE EFFORTS

Seth Mathradas Vissonji in seconding the resolution recalled the great services rendered by the deceased during the Hindu-Muslim riots to restore peace in the city.

Mr. Gilbert Lodge said though he associated with the late Manmohandas Ramji only for a few years, he thoroughly appreciated his sincerity which young men of any community can well emulate.

The resolution was carried unanimously

SHERIFF THANKED

On the motion of Mr. B. N. Karanjia seconded by Mr R. M. Bhat a vote of thanks to the Sheriff was accorded for kindly convening the meeting. Mr L. R. Tairsee proposed a vote of thanks to the chairman which was seconded by Mr. Vithaldas D. Gowndji and carried with acclamation.

Socialist Conference Will Be Businesslike

NO SPECTACULAR DEMONSTRATIONS FOR BOMBAY SESSION

The Publicity Officer of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference writes:—

Unlike the other Congresses and Conferences the All-India Congress Socialist Conference will be devoid of all spectacular demonstrations. The organisers were from the very beginning against waste of precious time and public money in mere futile demonstrations and were eager that every ounce of energy and every minute of the time of the workers should be pooled for the purpose of making the Conference as business like and efficient as possible. While not particularly against spectacular demonstrations, we feel that if these demonstrations could only be a spontaneous expression of mass consciousness they can be of good value. It is in pursuance of this feeling that the organisers of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference decided to do away with the demonstrative part of the preparations.

DELIBERATIVE CONFERENCE.

Moreover the Conference is primarily a deliberative Conference. The Congress Socialist movement is only just coming into its own. The organisation of Provincial Parties all over the country is the sure sign of the growing popularity of the movement and the content and conception of the struggle for National Independence. But the parties are to-day distinct and autonomous organisations. Perhaps their constitution and draft programme may not be identical. Each Provincial Party has formed itself on the basis of local conditions.

It will be the purpose of this Conference that meets in this city on Sunday and Monday to hammer out an All-India programme and form an All-India Party so that this growing movement in the National Congress may be consolidated and led on a uniform basis. The complex nature of the problems that will, therefore, come before the Conference is enough to engage each one of the workers in the cause all his time and energy

NO PRESIDENT-ELECT.

Another notable departure in the All-India Congress Socialist Conference is the absence of a President-Elect and the formalities of a presidential speech and other allied demonstrations. The Conference will elect its own chairman for the day or for the session as it chooses and will immediately set down to deliberative business. This fact should convince everyone that the Congress Socialists at least are not talkers, but serious-minded people to whom work is the thing that is uppermost.

CONFERENCE PROGRAMME

The following is the programme for the All-India Congress Socialist Conference.

To-day, Saturday:—Subjects-committee at 1 p.m. Ready Money Terrace, Worli.

To-morrow, Sunday:—Subjects-committee in the morning.

Open session of Conference at 3 p.m. Ready Money Terrace, Worli.

Monday the 22nd:—Open Conference—8 a.m. 2

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Assoe Shud 13, 1990.
Muslim: Rajab 10, 1353.
Parsi: Arnibehesht 14, 1304.
Sunrise: 6h. 35m.
Sunset: 6h 12m.
High Water: 9-55, 22-36
Low Water: 3 40, 16-08.
Opening of All-India Khadi and Swadeshi Exhibition at 5 p.m. Arrival of Mahatma.
S S "Rawalpindi" with English mails sails from Ballard Pier at 1 p.m.

SUNDAY, October 21

Congress Working Committee Meeting. Abdul Gaffar Nagar, 1 p.m.
All-India Socialist Conference, Ready money Mansion, Worli.

MONDAY, October 22

Congress Working Committee, Abdul Gaffar Nagar,

TUESDAY, October 23

All-India Congress Committee, Abdul Gaffar Nagar, 2 p.m

INDEPENDENCE OF INDIA LEAGUE

Under the auspices of the Independence of India League a public meeting will be held on the Chaupati sands to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. Miss Maniben Kara, Messrs. S. M. Joshi, N. G. Gore, Mohamad Ibrahim, Kazi, G P. Khare, Kulkerni Kondviker, Inamdar, H V. Chaudary and others will address the meeting. The object of the meeting will be to popularize and clarify the goal of National Independence.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12-0 noon Time Signal Indian Musical Hour 1-0 p.m. Bombay Market: Available Rates. European Launch Time Music 1-30 p.m. Close down. 5-30 p.m Time Signal. Relay of Music from Regal Cinema 6-0 p.m. Children's Hour. Ramniklal A. Pandit of Ahmedabad (Stories in Gujarathi) 6-30 p.m. Auntie Doreen and Uncle Dick will entertain. 7-0 p.m. A Short Organ Recital. By L. A. Lickfold M.A., Mus. Bac., F.R.C.O Relayed from St. Thomas Cathedral. 7-30 p.m Interval. European Programme. 8-0 p.m. Empire Relay if reception is satisfactory. 8-45 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin. Indian Programme. 9-0 p.m. Time Signal. General News in Hindi and Commercial News. 9-30 p.m. Bai Siddeshwari of Benares SB Assisted by from Abdul Majid Khan. 10-0 p.m. Dinker Rao and Kamoo Mangeshkar. 11-0 p.m. God Save the King-Emperor. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-45 p.m. Big Ben. The Belfast Wireless Orchestra. 8-30 p.m. A Running Commentary on the Start of the London to Melbourne Air Race. 9-00 p.m The Northern Studio Orchestra, directed by John Bridge 9-45 p.m. "Babel Ballads," A Musical "At Home", devised by S. E. Reynolds and produced by William MacLurg Music by Adolph Hallis. Adolph Hallis and Wendy Taunton (Pianofortes), Lola Gordon (Soprano). 10-15 p.m. Reginald Dixon at the Organ of the Tower Ballroom, Blackpool. 10-30 p.m. The News. 10-45 p.m. The B.B.C Dance Orchestra, directed by Henry Hall. 11-15 p.m. Close down.

DAILY AMUSEMENTS

REGAL—"Paris Interlude" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Mainee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Circus Clown" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 4 p.m.
CARLTON—"Tarzan and His Mate" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
PATHE—"Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
WELLINGTON—"House of Rothschild" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3-30 p.m.

WEST END—"Naughty Girl" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 2-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Watan Parast" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Mainee, Saturday and Sunday 2-30 p.m.

KRISHNA—"Amritmantham" Daily at 6-15 and 10 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Lure of the City" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, Saturday and Sunday 3 p.m.
PALACE—"Tess of the Storm County" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10-30 a.m.

EDWARD—"Mystery Squadron" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning at 10 a.m.
MAJESTIC—"Setu-Bandhan" Time as usual.

CONGRESS WEEK FUNCTIONS

The following is the programme of functions that are to take place in the "Congress Week":—

SATURDAY (20th Oct):
Arrival of Mahatma Gandhi.
Opening of All-India Khadi Exhibition and Swadeshi Bazar—5 p.m.
Meeting of Subjects Committee of Socialist Conference.
SUNDAY (21st Oct):
Congress Working Committee meets, 1 p.m.
RAJEN BABU ARRIVES.
Rajen Babu's arrival, V. T. Station platform No. 8, 8-30 a.m.
Congress Working Committee meets.
All-India Congress Socialist Conference.
MONDAY (22nd Oct):
Congress Working Committee meets.
A. I. Congress Socialist Conference.
Humanitarian Conference, Madhav Bag, 8 a.m.
TUESDAY (23rd Oct):
A. I. Congress Committee, Abdul Gaffar Nagar, Worli, 2 p.m.
Humanitarian Conference, Madhav Bag, 8 a.m.
WEDNESDAY (24th Oct.):
A. I. Congress Committee, Abdul Gaffar Nagar, 2 p.m.
THURSDAY (25th Oct.):
A.I.C.C., Worli, 2 p.m.
Anti-Award Conference.
FRIDAY (26th Oct.):
National Congress Worli, 7 p.m.
SATURDAY (27th Oct.):
National Congress, Worli, Evening.
SUNDAY (28th Oct.):
National Congress, Worli, Evening.

CONGRESS PRESIDENT'S PROCESSION

Khadi Bhandars Offer Welcome

The A.I.S.A. and other certified Khadi Bhandars of Bombay will offer their hearty welcome and garland the president at the Khadi Printing and Dyeing works, Khadi Shop, Girgaum Back Road.

The Presidential Procession will leave Bori Bunder at about 10-0 a.m. to-morrow (Sunday)

Girgaum Khadi Printing and Dyeing Works Khadi shop is fully equipped with National Flags and national bunting cloth (Toran).

JUBILEE GATE

Messrs. K. S. Sharma—The oldest Perfumers of Bhuleshwar, have constructed the "Jubilee Gate" to welcome the President-elect Babu Rajendra Prasad.

Mass Meeting Of Workers

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trades Union Congress, mass meetings of the workers will be held at the following places to explain the programme of the workers' demonstration at the time of the Congress Session at Lal Baug. President Sarang—Speakers Messrs. Amanekar, H. V. Chaudhary and other.

Nagu Sayaji President—aKndalkar, Speakers Messrs. Mascarenhas, Joshi Bhuskute and others.

B. P. T. U. C.

An urgent meeting of the representatives of Bombay Unions affiliated to the All-India Trades Union Congress, will be held at 8 p.m. on Monday, the 22nd instant, in the Head Office of the G.I.P. Railway Workers' Union, Shetye Building, Poibavdi, Parel, Bombay, to fix up the date and time and to make other arrangements for workers' demonstration at the time of the Congress Session.

PROPAGANDA MEETING

Under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trades Union Congress Mass meetings of the workers will be held to-day (Saturday) at the following places to explain the workers' programme of the demonstration at the time of Congress Session in Bombay.

Town Hall Garden: at 9-30 a.m (S.T.) President—Mr. Khedgikar, Speakers—Messrs. Sarang, Patkar, Chaudhary, Mascarenhas and others.

Love Lane Mazgaon: at 5-30 p.m. (S.T.) President—Mr. V. H. Joshi Speaker—Patkar, Jhabvala, Pathak and others.

B.E.S.T.'S GROSS INCOME FOR SEPT.

The following is the B.E.S. & T Co.'s gross receipts for September:

*Electric Supply for September, 1934 Rs. 8,88,432; up to the end of September, 1934 Rs. 74,55,,137.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for September, 1934 Rs. 5.47,810; up to the end of September, 1934 Rs. 48,27,198.

Increase over same period last year up to the end of September 1934 Rs 1,52,292.

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

REMITTANCES TO BRITISH TREASURY.

Dry. Controller of the Currency writes:—

(In pounds sterling.)

Sterling purchased in India during the week ending the 13th October 1934 1,191,000; from 1st April to 13th October 1934 18,133,000.

Net transfers to the Home Treasury form Paper Currency Reserve in England during the week ending the 13th October 1934 nil. from 1st April to 13th October 1934 —2,250,000.

Total during the week ending the 13th October 1934 1,191,000; from 1st April to 13th October 1934 15,883,000.

Red Trade Union Congress

An emergency Session of the Enlarged Executive Committee of the Red Trade Union Congress will be held in Bombay on the 25th, 27th and 28th inst.

The exact time and place will be announced later. All Red Unions are requested to send their delegates and representatives with necessary credentials. Communications should be addressed to the Secretary, Red Trade Union Congress, Jaffrabad House, Bombay 12.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents)

Timely Contradiction

One is glad that Mr. S. S. Mirajkar has decisively contradicted rumours that had been circulated about the alleged intention of "Communists" to raid the Congress pandal. The details are, of course, ridiculous but these rumours were fairly alarming because they hinted at a serious clash. Such mischievous scare-mongering cannot be too highly condemned. As to the rest of Mr. Mirajkar's statement, tearing, as it were, the Congress to bits with sharp ideological teeth, we take it all for granted without being shocked or amused.

German Doctors In Bombay

The presence of German doctors in Bombay has proved a great boon to many sufferers from various chronic diseases. Those doctors who have taken their patients to the German doctors (who are specialists in certain diseases) have learnt a good deal by coming in contact with them. Then in regard to the fees they are moderate. An ordinary M.B.B.S. of Bombay University, who specialises in Radiology, charges Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 for an X-ray photograph. The German doctors, charge only Rs. 15 to Rs. 20 for the same. Then for consultation they charge only Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 and give more than half an hour to understand and diagnose the case, a practice which is not very common in Bombay, since patients are disposed of within three or four minutes by not a few specialists who charge a fee of Rs. 20. To go to Poona and outside Bombay the German doctors charge five times less than many Bombay specialists.

BOMBAY WORKERS' DEMONSTRATION

Whether Congress President Allows It Or Not

WILL BE HELD, SAYS MASCARENAS

Charles Mascarenas, Secretary, Demonstration Sub-Committee of the All India Trades Union Congress has issued the following statement:—

The report appearing in the "Bombay Sentinel" dated October 18, 1934, under the caption "Labour offer to Congress. No demonstration if representatives are allowed to address session" is a distorted version of the decisions of the Demonstration Committee.

The Committee, at its last meeting held on Wednesday evening has decided to carry on with the preparations for the demonstration at the time of the Congress session. An elaborate programme of propaganda meetings, to be held in the labour area, has been drawn up with a view to explain the political programme of the A.I.T.U.C. to the workers.

REQUEST TO PRESIDENT.

The Demonstration committee has appointed a delegation of five to meet the President of the Congress to request him to make arrangements to receive the workers procession and to provide facilities for them to place their programme before the Congress Session.

The Statement that the demonstration will be abandoned if the request of the A.I.T.U.C. to address the Congress is acceded to by the President of the Congress is incorrect The demonstration of the workers will be held as decided by the A.I.T.U.C. whether the President allows the representatives of the workers to address the Congress or not.

Rashtra Bhasha Sammelan

The Secretary of the Rashtra Bhasha Sammelan writes:—

Arrangements are being made to hold the Rashtra Bhasha Sammelan in Bombay during the Congress week. A reception committee has been formed with Sjt. Premchandji as the Chairman.

The fee for membership of the Reception Committee is only As. 8 (Annas eight only). All those interested in the National Language viz. Hindustani are requested to become members early.

Forms and particulars can be had from Arya Samaj Mandir, Kalbadevi Road. Efforts are being made to bring all the National Leaders coming from different provinces to this Sammelan.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC.

Every one now understands that our country needs a common language and Hindustani can easily take that place. Those who have the National Solidarity at heart will, it is expected, come forward to help this Sammelan."

Poona.—His Excellency Lord Brabourne granted an interview to Mr. Ahmed Ebrah'm Haroon Jaffer at the Government House on Friday morning.

ALLEGED BIGAMY

Case To Go To Jury Says His Worship

Further hearing was resumed at High Court Sessions of the case in which Nadirshah Framji Engineer 'alias' Burjorji Framji Sultar is charged with bigamy at the instance of his wife Sheran Nadirshah Cama.

Mr. O'Gormon appeared for the prosecution and Mr. R. H. Pardivala for the accused.

After the prosecution evidence was finished, the accused said he did not wish to make any statement but left his case to his counsel.

Mr. Pardiwala then raised a legal issue. He said that the complainant was not an aggrieved party. If she had not concealed the fact, that she was a minor the second marriage would not have taken place. The consent of her father or guardian was necessary for the marriage as she was a minor. In the absence of such consent, the second marriage was invalid under the Parsi law and there was no offence of bigamy committed.

Mr. O Gorman contend that both the mother and grandmother of the complainant had given their consent, and even if this was not so, or even if the girl had made a false declaration in the marriage certificate as to her age it did not make the slightest difference.

His lordship overruled the objection and held that there was a case to go to the jury.

Counsel then commenced addressing the jury.

The case stands adjourned.

AT KHADI EXHIBITS COURT

The Khadi Exhibits Court in the Exhibition comprises of different varieties of hand-made and hand woven cotton, woollen and silk khadi. Most of the productions that are displayed are for sale also.

Some particulars will help the visitors to have an idea of the Exhibits from different provinces.

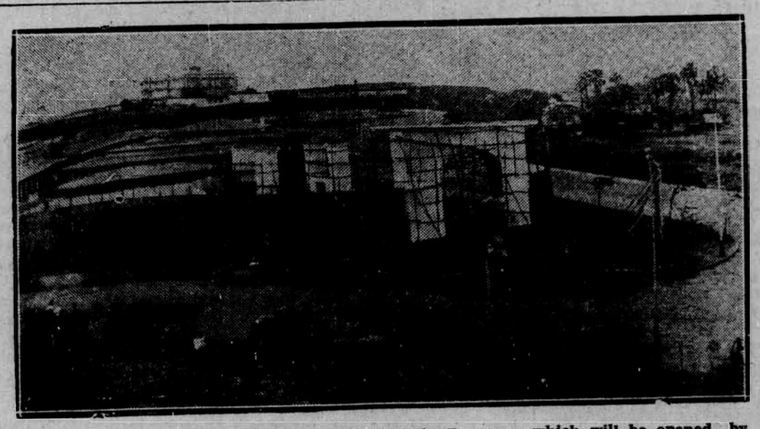
Names of the Provinces that are represented are:—Tamil Nad, Bihar, Bengal, Assam, Punjab, Delhi, Rajputana, Bombay, Kashmir, Sindh, United Porvinces, Maharashtra and Gujerat.

Tamil Nad: The quality of this Province is popularly known as first class plain khadi for ordinary wear as for Dhoties, Shirtings and Coatings and specially famous for its cotton being smooth in texture.

Andhra: Famous for its fine spinning and weaving is also represented in the Exhibition with fine muslin varieties and Kalankari prints. Their latest efforts resulted into the manufacture of finest Muslin which can pass through a signet ring.

Punjab: Many varieties of white khadi including print Jajams, floorings carpets etc. are exhibited in the section.

Kashmir: World's famous centre for Kashmir woollen wear is represented with its best woollen varieties suitable for the coming cold season.



Pandal of the All-India Khadi Exhibition and Swadeshi Bazaar which will be opened by Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan to-day.

T. U. C. PRESIDENT IN BOMBAY TO-DAY

Harinath Sastri Will Address Meeting At Chowpatty

Mr. Harinath Shastri, President of the Trade Union Congress is expected to arrive in Bombay to-day at 11 a.m at the Victoria Terminus, when he will be received by the leaders of Trade Union in Bombay.

A public meeting in his honour will be held to-day at 6 p.m. at Chowpatti, when Miss Manibehen Kara, Mr. Karnic and other Trade Union leaders will speak.

Condolence Meeting

The following resolution was passed in the meeting of the Young Muslims Union held yesterday (Thursday).

"This meeting of the Young Muslims Union expresses its profound sorrow at the premature demise of Mr. Mohamedali Ajiz, an eminent Muslim Gujarati literature, and shares the bereavement and loss sustained by his family."

THE REGAL
TO-DAY & TO-MORROW AT 4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.

COME TO GAY PAREE
—and leave your troubles behind!
It's gay!
It's grand!
It's different
SEE—
The GORGEOUS FASHION PARADE—The Latest French Creations!
Also ALL-COLOUR ODDITY entitled
"FINE FEATHERS"
with explanatory remarks by PETE SMITH—the Old Bird Man!

PATHE
THREE SHOWS DAILY 3-30, 6-30 & 10 p.m. Sun. morning: 10 a.m.
THE NEW ADVENTURES of Bulldog Drummond
more thrilling — more exciting than ever before!
Bulldog Drummond toys with Scotland Yard all night long.. just because he met a beauteous damsel in a London fog!

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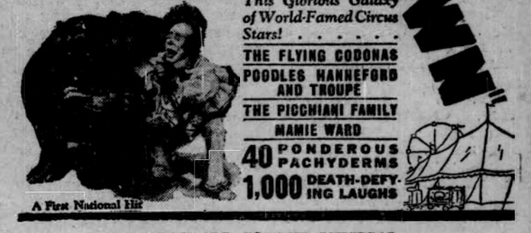
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The Bombay Chronicle

Bell House, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, OCTOBER 20, 1934

THE NEW CONSTITUTION

The comments by Congressmen and the Nationalist Press on Gandhiji's constitutional amendments are, on the whole, favourable, but several critics object, that the amendments, being radical in character, should have ben published much earlier and should not be rushed through the present session. It would, indeed, have been excellent if Gandhiji had given longer notice of his amendments, several of which are undeniably of a radical character. But it must be admitted at the same time that Gandhiji has had tremendously heavy work to do in connection with the Congress during the last many months. Yet he has managed to give ten day's notice of his amendments, of which only a few require serious thought the rest being more or less consequential. Those, who mould opinion in the Congress, should not find it possible to form their opinions on the more important amendments and express them to the public through the Press and otherwise. Indeed, it is necessary in these days for Congress leaders to form quick decisions at least on topics that are within their experience of Congress work. The next session of the Congress after the present one will, in all probability, not come off till early in 1936 and only a plenary session can change the Congress constitution. The question, therefore, is whether it is wise to put off the decision on these amendments till 1936? The answer naturally depends upon their nature. If on the first examination they appear to be important and necessary, it will be most unwise to put off decisions thereon for a year and a half. We believe, with many Congress leaders, that the amendments on the whole are both desirable and urgent and should, therefore, be finally considered by the forthcoming Congress session.

Unconvincing Objections

We note that many critics endorse our objection to the amendment that the delegates to the Congress session should also constitute the All-India Congress Committee and that the provincial quotas of delegates form the Provincial Congress Committees. But the wide opposition to this amendment is hardly a justification for putting off a decision on it. It is rather an argument for the rejection or modification of Gandhiji's amendment. Some prominent leaders of Karnatak—we would like to know who they are—oppose the principle of making the number of delegates allotted to each constituency depend upon the number of Congress members in it and not on its population. And they oppose it on the ground that under it urban areas will predominate and the corruption and other evils sought to be removed by Mahatmaji will persist. They object, too, that "the number of members on the roll is no criterion of support to the Congress "and that in rural areas though the number enrolled is small, other Congress work is sufficiently progressive on account of general sympathy. There are unconvincing objections. While it is true that many people are sympathetic towards the Congress without being its members, large membership is the best proof of the representative character of any institution. And the passive sympathy of the people should not satisfy Congress leaders, who should strive to convert it into active interest and participation in Congress work. As regards the special advantage that urban areas will enjoy, workers in rural areas need not lag behind if they are earnest enough. The experience of 1921 has shown that there are wider possibilities of enlisting Congress members in the smaller towns and villages then in the cities.

Find Time

It is surprising that the Karnatak leaders object even to the Hindi signature on the curious ground that it is no sign of Hindi knowledge. If knowledge of Hindi language were insisted upon, these very critics would have objected that it was an unreasonably rigorous condition of membership. The signature in Devanagari or Urdu scripts is but one step towards popularising these scripts and reminding the people of their duty by the national language, acknowledged as such by the Congress. It is indeed the duty of every Congress Committee to do a great deal more in popularising Hindustani but it is not expedient to impose that obligation on a Congress Committee by a constitutional provision. However, the main point to be borne in mind in connection with Gandhiji's amendments is that while this or that amendment may be radically altered or even rejected totally, they should be finally considered at the forthcoming Congress session. If the Congress leaders are earnest enough, they can find sufficient time to give due consideration to all the amendments and many more that may be suggested.

Timely Advice

Mrs. Naidu made a very forceful and elequent speech on Friday, while declaring open the Women Volunteers' Camp at Abdul Ghaffar Nagar. We dare not disagree with her that "as had been proved all over the world women were always the first.....' But we unhesitatingly and wholeheartedly share Mrs. Naidu's pleasure in the undoubted fact that "there is awakening among te women of India. Those days when they were called the 'abalas' are gone. Now they, dressed in Khadi saris, are reminding the people that they are no more 'abalas' but are embodiments of 'Shakti.'" There is no Indian who does not think with a thrill of pride what women have done and what they are doing for this country. And we have no doubt that the women volunteers will deserve all the tribute that Mrs. Naidu paid to women. In this connection may we suggest that her advice to them was as valuable as it was timely. There is no movement and no organisation in the world that is without its carping critics. "Remember this", said Mrs. Naidu, "but do not pay any heed to what they say. Do your work. And do it in a disciplined manner" Single-minded devotion to duty is the most effective solvent of all criticism and we hope—indeed we are confident—that the women volunteers will acquit themselves with glory to themselves, the Indian National Congress and the cause they are serving.

Indian National Congress

THE INDIAN NATIONAL CONGRESS: By F. M. De Mello. Oxford University Press, 1934. Price Re. 1-8, pages 121.

The book is a short history of the Indian National Congress from its inception in 1885 to the present-day. There are three chapters, each closing at a cross-road. The first chapter describes the history of the Parliamentary methods of the Congress and its semi-official character. The second one deals with the period of the constitutional agitation and ends with 1916. The third narrates the "failure" of mass action from 1916 to 1934.

Mr. De Mello begins his book well, the first chapter being sufficiently correct in facts and conclusions. The second chapter is a trial of the writer's sense of impartiality, which gives way several times' (see pp. 55 and 59). Since 1916 the Indian national movement has definitely taken an anti-imperialistic attitude; and although this momentous period required great caution and clarity the writer has very often confused the issues and drawn unwarranted conclusions. The last few pages in particular are hopelessly misleading. He has not been impartial where impartiality was most needed. "Once the Government of India was captured by Indians it would not be difficult to give it a Communist-character." This is rather unjust to the Congress creed as well as to Communism. The writer has not understood the philosophic implications of these two creeds, or he is re-echoing the alarm of the Anglo-Indian Press heard so often against the Communist tendencies of the Congress. The Indian National Congress has embarked upon a disastrous policy of appealing for mass action to displace the existing Government. It lost support ....of the Muslims, then of the Moderates and lastly of the Communists". Are these facts? Has he been impartial? It is up to the readers to decide. —S.H.R.

INDIA'S CHOICE

Industrialization Or Medievalism?

(By D. M. Namjoshi)

In the issue of the "Bombay Chronicle" for 29th September last there appeared an article by Acharya Kirpalani on whether industrialization should be India's goal or not. The writer's conclusion is it should not be.

The writer does not positively say that industrialization in itself is a bad or an evil thing. He says industrialization is difficult for India to attain. It is difficult because India is not a self-governing country. This means that if India is or were to become self-governing there is nothing to prevent her from trying to become industrialized.

But, says the writer, industrialization requires the concentration of political power in an oligarchy or a clique. This, he says, is undesirable. He does admit, however, that there are two distinctly different kinds of oligarchies, the capitalistic and the proletarian. Both of these are evil, says the writer. But if one is to choose between the two one is bound to give preference to the latter kind because it works in the interests of the whole mass instead of in those of a section

Political Power

The writer seems to forget that the concentration of political power in an oligarchy is only a temporary phase. When the populace is thoroughly saturated with the new ideas and principles, the rigour of the political control gradually wears off. The French and the English revolutions did create a Napolean and a Cromwell respectively but they did not become permanent factors in the French and English political systems.

Industrialization in the West has no doubt been accompanied by unemployment and distress. But surely it is not industrialization itself that is to blame. It is its faulty handling. Unemployment is the result of capitalistic industrialization having for its aim profiteering. If industry is so controlled as to eliminate the evil of profiteering and made to serve the community and not dominate it, unemployment need not arise.

The writer raises the bogey of present day dearth of markets and asks how much more will it be accentuated if such countries as India and China are to industrialize. Are they to ensalve other peoples and thrust their goods on them? But where is the necessity for thrusting goods on another country? Can a country not consume its own products by raising its own standard of living ever higher and higher?

Isolation Undesirable

It is also a fallacy to suppose that two industrialized countries are mutually exclusive. If at the present moment they look to be so it is because of the evils of the capitalistic system. But even so if we study the pre-Grea War trade figures we are astonished to find the volume of mutual trade between the industrialized countries of the West, as for instance, between Germany and England and between England and U. S. A. These volumes were greater than England's volume of trade then with India—her dependency.

If it is not for the political subjection involved, what is there bad for India in industrialization? Why are we Indians so much opposed to Lancashire piece-goods? Simply because they are the creators and symbols of our subjection to England. But if we are given freedom we have no reason to hate those goods. It, therefore, follows that if countries are politically autonomous there can be mutual exchange of goods and specialization by particular countries in particular goods.

Subject Nations

It is generally held that a dependent or subject nation is a valuable commercial asset to the dominant or sovereign nation.

(Conitnued on page 8).

A POLITICAL PICTURE OF INDIA

The Most Striking Factor Of Present Political Situation Is Vigorous Search For Political Ideals That Will Usher In The Millennium

By ARUNA ASAFALI.

The world of politics in the India of to-day presents a very interesting study. There is so much variety of colour and the various political figures have so intricately arranged themselves that a dispassionate view of the picture is very refreshing. To watch a kaleidoscopic procession passing through a crowded street, can be a unique experience specially if the onlocker happens to belong to the crowd that hustles aiong the isolation being purely intellectual. Of course, this mental aloofness is apt to make such a critic sometimes presumptuously cynical in his or her observations That is perhaps inevitable, since an inner knowledge of a political organisation is always very disillusioning, and acts as a damper.

Search For "Political Ideals"

The most striking factor of the present political situation is the vigorous search for 'political ideals" that will usher in the millennium. The names of all the systems that claim to remedy the sorry state of affairs of the day are many. To quote an eminent critic the remedies offered are more often than not "mutually exclusive remedies. sometimes based upon highly technical considerations, of the merits of which it becomes difficult for the layman to judge". The only point of agreement, which the lay observer can notice in the chaos, seems to be a general conviction that the prevailing systems have to be drastically modified or scrapped. Out of this agreement however, arise numerous points of difference, since each group considers its special remedy the only possible against all ills.

Three Divisions

A cursory glance at this state of affairs reveals that there are three main divisions in the Indian political thought of to-day, all more or less purely Western in ideology. At one end one finds the most radical school of thought which claims among its adherents the Communists who seem to receive their inspiration from the Third International. The terrorists are revolutionaries and a distinct class by themselves. Then there follows a procession of varying shades of opinion all belonging to the Left. In between the extreme Left and the Moderates with their policy of nineteenth century English Liberalism stands the Congress, and forms the the centre.

Congress—A Microcosm

This political organisation presents unique features in its combination. It appears to be the most representative organisation as it embraces numerous allied schools of thought. The most important among these are firstly the "No-changers" who believe in Satyagraha as the only effective method of achieving political freedom. The second subdivision is a group that believes in utilising spells of political exhaustion from which the country suffers after periods of Satyagrahic activity by capturing the legislative institutions as a form of useful political activity in times of peace. The third is the newly-formed Socialist Party within the Congress which is anxious that by an ingenious stretch of imagination some of the principles of Marxian Materialism and Humanitarian Socialism be included among the fundamentals of the Congress Creed, namely, lessons of historical materialism. and experimental non-violence, the will and interests of the masses, and eastern non-resistance. Thus, the Congress is in itself a complete Microcosm reflecting on an active plane the various political schools of thought that exist in the outer world of politics On the right side of the Congress are the Liberals without a following and on the extreme right a body of non-descripts, who own no political principles.

Accusations And Counter-Accusations

An amusing aspect of all these (Continued on page 15.)

Frankly Speaking

SMUTS' OPTIMISM

Delivering his address as Rector of the St. Andrews' University, General Smuts deprecated pessimism and denied that the world was on the verge of another Great War. One does wish that one could share the confidence of the General. It may be true that "real war temper" is nowhere to be found. But "scare-mongers, the "lamentable failure of disarmament" and "the vogue of silly drilling and strutting in uniform and shirts of various colours' make for, and encourage the temper of war-preparedness which is undeniably spreading. And therein lies the danger. The lesson which the last war clearly teaches is that the transition from war preparedness to a real war temper —which reveals itself only on the eve of the war—is inevitable and irresistible. If the world is to be saved, preparations for war—they are, of course, always "defensive"—must be given up.

FREEDOM WITH EXCEPTIONS

General Smuts uttered a commonplace also—"The issue round which the greatest battle of this and the coming generation would be fought if the cause of civilisation was to be saved was the issue of freedom.' No one can deny the obvious truth of this profound statement. But what amuses us is the fact of its being made by General Smuts with moreover, Mr. Stanley Baldwin in the chair. These earnest statesmen have a peculiar conception of freedom. They worship freedom provided it does not conflict with certain postulates as regards race and colour distinctions and economic and political domination over other countries.

PROFESSION AND PRACTICE

Whatever intellectual qualities Sir Hari Singh Gour may possess and they are undoubtedly brilliant, in political life, the Nagpur Knight has been an independent with a vengeance. He has been a co-operator, a Swarajist, a supporter of the Simon Commission, a "Nationalist" leader of the Opposition in the Assembly, a critic of the Round Table Conference and then a supporter of it, and finally a pendulum oscillating between tentative protests against some provisions of the White Paper and open acceptance of it. If he has been consistent in anything, it is in opposing the Indian National Congress. Such is the cannidate from the C. P. Hindi Districts who is being supported by "Congress Nationalists" against Seth Govind Das. He is an opponent of the Congress, he does not believe in rejecting the White Paper, but the "Congress" party of Pandit Malaviya and Mr. Aney regards him as a more worthy representative and champion of India's National aspirations and self-respect than Seth Govind Das because he has promised to oppose the Communal Award

NO NEED FOR ALARM

Brigadier-General H. Clifton Brown, for whom Sir Henry Page-Croft's letter on Indian reforms was really meant but was wrongly delivered to his brother, now agrees with his brother that it is better to await the report of the Select Committee. He has good reason to think so. The report will be reactionary enough to be acceptable to the die-hards if they are honest enough in admitting the force of the various safeguards which are included in the White Paper and to which the Committee will, of course, add several more. Sir Hubert W. Carr, superfluously reminds the British public that the support of the Europeans in India to the White Paper is conditional on the safeguards being maintained intact. The die-hards may hold their soul in patience till the Select Committee's report is published. That will satisfy all Britishers and no Indians.

ONE MORE TOY COUNCIL

The inauguration of a Legislative Assembly in the State of Kashmir is a step in the right direction but only one step. At present the Assembly, like most others in the States, is a Toy Council to carry out the behests of the Ruler with little or no real power in its hands. In fact in inaugurating the Assembly the Ruler significantly stressed "the necessity of the existence of a stable society, a peaceful community and a head whose behests must be loyally carried out if harmony and progress in the State are to continue." This states only a part of the truth and not the most important part. It is also the duty of the Ruler to be guided by the representatives of the people who know their interests well enough and who pay for the machinery to safeguard those interests. There can be no real stability and harmony in these days if the Rulers do not concede to the people their birth-right of responsible Government. Whatever might be the present position of the Kashmir Legislative Assembly, the people of the State should strive by all legitimate means to convert it as soon as possible into a genuine legislature with the Executive wholly responsible to it.

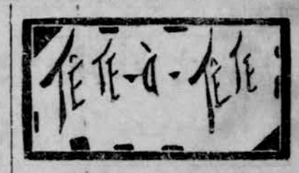
—PRESS VIEWS—

British Influence

We do not think that it was incumbent on the part of the Board of Trade or the Secretary of State to show the report to the representatives of the British steel industry. The report was published on July 12 and the Iron and Steel Duties Bill was introduced on July 25. Between July 12 and July 25 there was plenty of time for the magnates of the British steel industry to meet and consider the question of the grant of further preferences on Indian pig iron and manganese. The excuse that Government have chosen to give is so thin that it is scarcely possible to brush aside the suggestion that in the matter of giving protection to Indian iron and steel British pressure was obvious. The divulging of the report even in confidence to two experts is in reality a contravention of the Official Secrets Act, but of course in this case, it should not be expected that the British Government would take disciplinary action against officials of the Board of Trade—"Hitawada"

Hunger-Strikes

Hunger-strikes seem to have come to stay in the country. If one does not hear of hunger-strike being resorted to in these days for political purposes it has not for that reason gone out of use altogether. Fastings in connection with the temple entry movement have been all familiar to us and the other day we had a hunger-strike in Bombay as contributions to a flood relief fund were not up to expectations. The Ajmer correspondent of the "Associated Press" now reports a contemplated hunger-strike with quite a different object. A new building seems to have been erected in front of a girls' school and a licence for exhibiting pictures and holding dramatic performances in it has been applied for The school authorities apparently do not like it. So the Principal and the mistresses of the school have given an ultimatum that they would from November 1 go on hunger-strike unto death if the licence is granted It remains to be seen how the authorities concerned view the ultimatum. But what surprises one is if the granting of the licence will really prove so injurious to the institution, could not the authorities be convinced of it by other means?—"A. B. Patrika."



"Every voter," says Dr. Ansari, "must look upon himself as the custodian of the country's honour and of both collective and personal interests."

Some of the candidates think that voters should look upon themselves as custodians of their (the candidates') honour And if the voters did so, the candidates would, in sheer gratitude, relieve the former of half of their burdens by sharing the "interests" in equal parts; "collective" for voters, personal for themselves.

* * * *

NEGRO BOXER BANNED IN ENGLAND

—Headline.

Colour, Complex or Protectionist Policy?

* * * *

Lord Nuffield (Sir William Morris) has just revealed that "some years ago a foreign offer was made for the purchase of the Morris organisation and its allied concerns at £11,000,000, but he felt that by accepting it he would be selling his own country, and he, therefore, refused it."

The moral of it is: Don't sell your own country whatever the temptation.

* * * *

"One man is thrown out of work for twelve months every time a foreign car is bought" says Lord Nuffield to his employees. (Cheers, Applause, Patriotic Slogans).

And some one etc., etc., every time foreign cloth—(sh—sh—sh and then shouts of "Patriotism is the last refuge of the scoundrel")

* * * *

"BACK FROM THE DEAD. War Victim Who Spent Four Years In A Trance"

—Headlines.

Better than the earlier four years spent in France.

* * * *

The Soviet system of Government has FAILED It has FAILED in China and IT HAS FAILED IN RUSSIA. This is the sensational information that Sir N. Choksy has communicated to the readers of our Anglo-Indian contemporary on the authority of two authors, a Mr. John Gierson and a Mr. Peter Fleming.

For our own conviction Sir N. Choksy's own authority would have been quite enough.

As it is, we have begun to-er-wonder.

* * * *

"Die-Hard methods have not been altogether scrupulous in the conduct of the anti-White Paper campaign, but in the latest development some sympathy" says the 'Times of India', "seems to be due to Sir Henry Page-Croft."

At last!

* * * *

Mr. Dutt, who has been discussing in Berlin and Leipzig questions of Indo-German trade, has gone to London to communicate the result to the Secretary of the Overseas Economic Department of the India Office.

The report, however, doesn't say who the Secretary will communicate it to.

* * * *

"TAGORE'S MISSION TO MADRAS.

Will Strive To Make People Realise Need Of Art In Education."

An equally urgent need of the people is alleged to be Education in Art. We, of course, disagree emphatically.

* * * *

It was his first great speech, and he wanted it to be a success. His oration was long and passionate, and he wished to end it with a warning.

He could have couched his warning in the old proverb about locking the stable door after the horse had been stolen, but that was too common-place. He wanted something original.

He thought of something better. Then he shouted—"Don't, I beg you—don't wait till the house takes fire before you summon the firemen."

Minor Mishaps To Starters In Air Race

FAVOURABLE WEATHER PROSPECTS

Special To 'Chronicle'

DUBLIN, Oct: 18.

Mr. Cathcart Jone's "Comet" damaged both its propellors in landing at Mildenhall to-day when the wheels closed up. Mrs. Mollison's "Comet" bumped its tail and wrenched off a wheel spat on landing, after flying solo for the first time. The damage is insignificant. There will probably be no withdrawals.

The meterological forecast for the next 48 hours states, "Strong north-westerly wind across Europe at 50 miles an hour 10,000 feet up, which suits speed planes."

Pilots are disposing of their overweight to comply with requirements. Mr. Jack Melrose is giving a party to dispose of the surplus provisions.

HANDICAP FIGURES

The handicap figures which have been issued for the twelve 'planes are as follows:—

AIRSPEED A.S. 8 with Captain Stack and S. I. Turner, handicapped speed per hour 188.44. estimated flying time 66 hours 45 minutes, 36 seconds.

D. H. COMET with Mr. and Mrs. Mollison:—182.83 miles, 67 hours, 21 minutes.

D. H. COMET with C. W. A. Scott and Campbell Black:—182.83 miles, 67 hours, 21 minutes.

D. H. COMET with Cathcart Jones and Waller: 182.81 miles, 67 hours, 21 minuees, 36 seconds.

DOUGLAS D. C. 2 with Parmentier and Moll:—168.03 miles 73 hours, 16 minutes, 48 seconds.

FAIREY THIRD F with Davies and Hill:—146.68 miles. 83 hours, 56 minutes, 24 seconds.

FAIREY FOX with Parer and Memsworth:—143.43 miles, 85 hours, 51 minutes.

D. H. DRAGON with Hewett and Kay:—140.1 miles. 87 hours, 54 minutes.

MILES HAWK with Molcolm Macgregor and Henry Walker:—120.57 miles. 102 hours, 7 minutes 48 seconds.

BRITISH KLEMM "EAGLE" with Flight-Lieutenant Shaw:—115.44 miles. 106 hours, 40 minutes, 12 seconds.

D. H. MOTH with C. J. Melrose:—114.32 miles. 107 hours, 4' minutes, 48 seconds.

DESOUTTER MARK II with Lieut. M. Hansen:—113.18 miles 108 hours, 48 minutes.

Four machines are still to be handicapped, and five others are entering for the speed race only

PILOTS AND MACHINES

MILDENHALL, Oct. 18.

The following are the starters for the London-Melbourne air race:—

(1) MILES HAWK with GIPSY III ENGINE:—Pilots: Squadron Leader Malcolm MacGregor and Henry Walker.

(2) BOEING TRANSPORT with PRATT and WHITNEY "WASP". Pilots: Col. Roscoe Turner, and Clyde Pangborn.

(3) PANDER S 4 with WRIGHT "WHIRLWIND":—Pilots: D. I Asjes and G. J. Geysendorfer.

(4) DESOUTTER MARK II with GIPSY THREE:—Pilot: Lieut. M. Hansen.

(5) AIRSPEED COURIER A. S. 5 with CHEETAH V:—Pilots: Squadron Leader Stodart and K. G. Stodart.

(6) FAIREY III with NAPIER "LION":—Pilots Flying-officer Davies and Lieut. Commander Hill.

(7) D. H. MOTH with GIPSY:—Pilot: C. J. Melrose.

(8) D. H. COMET with GIPSY VI:—Pilots: Cathcart Jones and K. F. H. Waller.

(9) BELLANCA MONOPLANE with PRATT and WHITNEY "WASP" JUNIOR:—Pilots: Colonel Fitzmaurice and E. W. Bonar.

(10) MILES "FALCON" with GIPSY MAJOR:—Pilot: H. L. Brook.

(11) LAMBERT MONOCOUPE with WARNER SUPER-SCARAB:—Pilot: John H. Wright.

(12) D. H. COMET with GIPSY VI:—Pilots: C. W. A. Scott and T. Campbell Black.

(13) FAIREY FOX with FAIREY FELIX D. 12:—Pilots: R. Parer and G. E. Hemsworth.

(14) LOCKHEED "VEGA" with PRATT and WITNEY S. C.:—Pilots: J. Woods and D. C. Bennett.

(15) DOUGHLAS D. C. 2 with WRIGHT "CYCLONE":—Pilots: K D. Parmentier and J. J. Moll

(16) GRANVILLE MONOPLANE with PRATT and WHITNEY "HORNET"—Pilots: Miss Jacqueline Cochran and Wesley Smith.

(17) BRITISH KLEMM "EAGLE" with GIPSY MAJOR:—Pilots: Flight Lieutenant G. Shaw.

(18) AIRSPEED A. S. 8 with CHEETAH VI:—Pilots: Captain T. Neville Stack and S. L. Turner.

(19) D. H. DRAGON with GIPSY VI:—Pilots: J. D. Hewett and C. E. Kay.

(20) FAIREY FOX with FELIX CURTISS:—Pilot: Flying Officer H. D. Gilman.

(21) D. H. COMET with GIPSY VI:—Pilots: J. A. Mollison and Mrs. Mollison.

ATTEMPT ON LONG DISTANCE FLIGHT RECORD

Italian Flier Leaves Mont Falcone In Military Seaplane

ROME, Oct. 18.

The Italian flier, Sgr. Marion Stoppani, left Mont Falcone, near Trieste, on a military seaplane in an attempt to establish a new long distance seaplane record. Sgr. Stoppani aims at reaching Berbera in British Somaliland, but if he fails, he may attempt to reach Aden.

The airman is accompanied by a second pilot and a wireless operator.—Reuter.

WHITE PAPER AND EUROPEANS

Hubert Carr Takes Exception To Page-Croft's Letter

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Brigadier-General H. Clifton Brown in a letter to "The Times" with reference to Sir Henry Page-Croft's letter mentioned on October 17, disagrees with his brother that a private letter from one friend to another on a matter often discussed between them is attempting "to stir up prejudice and instigate propaganda." Brigadier-General Brown agrees now that it is better to await the report of the Select Committee.

Sir Hubert W. Carr in a letter to "The Times" takes exception to statements in Sir H. Page-Croft's letter with regard to the attitude of the British community in India, and emphasises that the Associated Chambers of Commerce in India, and the European Associations' approval of the principles of the White Paper is conditional on the safeguards He concludes that any attempt to influence the public by statements that the British community had changed its views, or that views other than those officially put forward are the real views of the British in India is wholly unjustified.—Reuter's Special.

ZAFRULLAH FOR INDIA

London.—Mr. Zafrulla Khan left for Paris, and is joining this week's Air Mail to India.—Reuter.

20,000 TO WATCH BIG AIR RACE

Cottages Charge West End Hotel Prices

(Special Cable.)

MILDENHALL, October 19.

Twenty-thousand persons are expected to watch the start of the Air Race at dawn to-morrow.

Parking facilities have been arranged for 5,000 cars. Motorbus services are running all through the night to Mildenhall from a radius of 50 miles. Air liners are bringing visitors from the continent and cottages in the vicinity of the aerodrome are charging West End Hotel prices for accommodation

Cathcart Jone's "Comet" which damaged its propellors while landing yesterday, is confident of being ready for the test flight to-day as one of the propellors has been straightened out while the spare propellor, the only one in the world, is available at De Havilland Works. Hatfield.

BAN ON FLIGHT OVER FRONTIER

KARACHI, Oct. 10.

Additional interest has been lent by the situation created by the Pilots' attention having been drawn to their being prohibited to fly over the Frontier area, which will necessitate deviation from the direct course, thereby increasing the distance considerably. It is said that this is likely to result in many, if not all, speed machines landing at Karachi. Consequently it is expected that the fastest competitors will land here on Sunday.—A P.

KARACHI FACILITIES FOR AIR RACE

KARACHI, Oct. 10.

Elaborate arrangements have been made to give very assistance and help by Commander W. H. Watt Officer-in-Charge of Airport, Karachi, to passing competitors in the air-race. Additional refueling tanks and mobile lorries capable of refuelling at high-speed have been kept in readiness for the occasion. Detachments of Royal Air Force have camped at the Airport generally to be of assistance and a special committee has been formed to deal with requirements of planes and pilots' comforts.

A western disturbance apparently of a feeble nature is approaching Iraq but on the Indian side up to Allahabad the weather is normal.—A P

ANKLESARIA'S ELECTIONEERING

Speaker Greeted With Booing And Cat Calls

(From Our Correspondent.)

AHMEDABAD, Oct. 19.

Scenes of rowdyism were witnessed at the election meeting addressed by Mr. Anklesaria candidate for the Assembly from Gujarat. The meeting was attended by Sanatanist and there were also Congressmen. There was constant booing and the speaker was hissed by the audience.

Mr. Anklesaria said that he promised to protect religion, while the Congress was interestingRo g the Congress was interfering with the Santan Dharm. Congressmen never did any good to the country. He said that it was the duty of the Government to enforce law and order and adduced it as the reason for his supporting the ordinances in the last Assembly.

Replying to a question he said that he had spoken that those who opposed councils were enemies of the country and he believed that it was the duty of the Government to crush down those "Badmases" who were opposed to peace in the country.

At this stage, there were cries of "withdraw."

It was impossible to control the meeting and police officers had to intervene, as confusion was going strong after the interrupted speech. The meeting ended in complete confusion.

ALLEGED FORGED NOTES

MADRAS, Oct. 19.

Forged currency notes of ten rupee denomination are believed to be in circulation. They are reported to be of the Nasik type and water, colour and other marks are identical. Police are making enquiries.—A. P.

PRESIDENT OF GREECE

ATHENS, October 19.

Doctor Zaimis has been re-elected President of Greece.—Reuter.

CASE AGAINST PETITS

Gulbai's Counsel Springs Surprise By Withdrawing From Case

At the resumed hearing of the "Bank of India vs. Petits' case", on Friday evening before Mr. I. S. Haji, Acting Presidency Magistrate, Mr. Sukia, appearing for Mrs. Gulbai Petit, the first accused in the case, sprang a surprise by stating that he would thereafter withdraw from the case, as the first accused would appear for herself personally.

The Magistrate made an order to that effect.

This announcement was followed by the summoning of K. A. Bhojwani, who when cross-examined by counsel for the third accused, put in certain orders of the years 1932 and 1933.

When Mr. Grey was again cross-examined and re-examined before his final discharge, he volunteered and produced extracts from correspondence supporting the accounts transacted in connection with certain witnesses and the accused, in spite of Mr. Lam's (counsel for the third accused) objection.

DINSHAW SUMMONED.

In the course of his re-examination he produced "Cash Book Contra". "Cash Transfer Book" "Page Slips Issue Book", etc., and said that these were the records of the Bank recording the cash payments made to Jakalkishore and also recording such other payments made by cash, cheque or pay-slip issues.

When Mr. F. E. Dinshaw was summoned as the next witness. Mr. Jungalwalla announced that at that juncture, he had instructions from the first accused to appear for her.

Apropos the pro-note question, witness, when asked, stated that both Jehangir and Colah requested him to approach Gulbai and persuade her to sign the pro-note and so he went to Chateau Petit with Mr. Colah.

To another question witness also stated that he must have pressed upon Gulbai to sign the pro-note; otherwise the Bank would have filed the suit and got a decree passed against both of them.

BREEZE IN COURT.

When counsel asked whether Jehangir Petit persuaded witness to sign the pro-note in 1928, there was a little breeze between the prosecution counsel and the counsel for the accused.

Mr. F. J. Coltman called the question a "Rubbish one".

Mr. Jungalwalla retorted that the other had not "come to the court with clean hands", when His Worship said that they had to consider the relevancy or the otherwise of the question!

Mr. Coltman in arguing the irrelevancy of the question, said that the same question had been touched upon and answered by the witness in a former hearing on the 8th of April.

The repetition of the question, he stated, was irrelevant, apart from the fact that the question had nothing to do with the charge framed.

Mr. Dinshaw's cross-examination was not over, when the court rose for the day, and the case was postponed till Saturday (to-day.)

Mr. Coltman with Mr. Banaji instructed by Messrs. Captain and Vaidya appeared for the Bank of India, while Mr. Lam appeared for the third accused, Mr. Jungalwalla defended the first accused in one stage and defended the second accused, with Mr. Eruch Doctor.

BADGES FOR MEMBERS

All the members of the Exhibition Sub-Committee of the 48th Indian National Congress Reception Committee are requested to come to the Exhibition Sub-Committee's office, at Abdul Gaffar Nagar, Worli, to receive their badges between 7 and 8 p.m. to-morrow the 20th October, 1934.

MADRAS WELCOME TO POET TAGORE

MADRAS, Oct. 19.

The Madras Corporation will present a civic address to Dr. Rabindranath Tagore at Ripon Buildings on Monday afternoon.—A. P.

MADRAS' NEW GOVERNOR

Violence Benefits None He Says At Farewell Luncheon

LONDON, October 19.

Best wishes for the success of the Governorship were offered to Lord Erskine who is leaving for India aboard the s.s. "Viceroy of India" on October 27 at farewell luncheon given by Mr. R. S. Sarma. The guests included Sir John Anderson, Sir Osborne Smith and Sir Lancelot Graham.

Lord Erskine, replying to his health, said that he realised that the post of the Governor of the Indian Province imposed heavy responsibility, but was looking forward to the next five years in which he hoped that political peace would descend on India and remain for many years.

Congratllating Mr. Sarma on his stand against terrorism he said that cult of violence never benefited anyone in any part of the world. It was a virus which must be eradicated from India.—Reuter.

PROMINENT MEMON CITIZEN DEAD

(From Our Correspondent)

BANTVA, Oct. 19

A prominent Memon Sheth Haji Pirmamed Kasam of Bantva expired last Tuesday (16th inst) at about 10 p m at the age of 73 years. The whole Memon community has felt a great loss by his death

Bantva Madresa, Bantva Memon Jamat office, Jamiate-Nizamul Islam schools and almost all local associations remained closed for the whole day. His body was buried in his own Masjid at about 1 o'clock.

The deceased was one of the Trustees in Memon Jamat of Bantva, President of the Jamat and a member of the Jail Committee and of the Municipality of Bantva. He was the Sharif of Bantva, and was one of the greatest Indian businessmen.

He was very kind to the poor, and had donated six lacs of rupees in charity by making a trust.

The deceased has left behind him a large family to mourn his death.

(Continued from column 7.)

priority should be given to the resolution on transference of power from the State to the producing masses in the country.

Mr. S. K. Patil opposed the priority to that resolution, as he felt that that question needed grave deliberation, because it meant a fundamental change in the present policy of the Congress and that could not be done without serious deliberation.

Mr. Ali Bahadurkhan supported Mr. Masani.

Mr. Munshi moved his motion for the adjournment.

Mr. Yusuf Meherally seconded the adjournment motion, because he felt that the General Secretaries had behaved in an unjust and unfair manner by not circulating to the members of the B.P.C.C. the resolutions. They had been very arbitrary also, and the adjournment motion if passed, would be vote of censure against the General Secretaries. At this stage, Mr. Meherally, walked out of the meeting saying that one could do better work outside.

This was the signal for a very heated discussion. Mr. Patil protested against the attitude of Mr. Meherally, and explained that if the resolutions of the Socialists were not placed before the Committee, the Socialists themselves were to be blamed for it.

MUNSHI THROWS LIGHT

Mr. K. M. Munshi explained that when he moved the adjournment motion, he did it because, it was unfair to discuss resolutions about which the members knew nothing. There could be no question of a vote of censure being incorporated into the adjournment motion.

Mr. Purushottam, who joined Mr. Meherally in his protest said the General Secretaries had deliberately shut out from discussion the Socialist resolutions.

VOTE OF CENSURE

Mr. Ali Bahadur Khan who made a very spirited speech referring to the way in which the Socialist resolutions had been shut out by the Officials said: "This is the way by which you have been deceiving Mahatma Gandhi all these years. You want to continue this deception still and by your doing so you will finish the good old soul". This was not the way in which those who expressed fullest confidence in Gandhiji should behave. He felt that the adjournment motion must and should be a vote of censure against the General Secretaries.

The resolution was put to vote and carried unanimously.

B.P.C.C.'s Confidence In Mahatma's Leadership

MEHERALLY WALKS OUT OF MEETING AS PROTEST AGAINST SHUTTING OUT SOCIALIST RESOLUTIONS

After half an hour's heated debate on the question of the priority of certain resolutions that were to be discussed, the urgent meeting of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, which met at the Jinnah Hall on Friday evening, adjourned after passing only one resolution that of expressing the fullest confidence of the B.P.C.C in Mahatma Gandhi's leadership.

The meeting was convened to make its recommendations to the Bombay Congress, regarding the future work and policy of the Congress.

Mr. K. F. Nariman, the President of the B.P.C.C. was in the chair.

At the cutset, Mr. S. K. Patil, the General Secretary read the minutes of the previous meeting which was approved by the House.

Then Mr. Patil informed the House that there were 15 or 20 resolutions from four or five members who wanted them to be recommended to the Bombay Congress. He then told the House that at the previous meeting, a Committee of three, including the speaker, Mr. Nagindas Master and Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas was appointed to go through the various resolutions and make a report The meeting was convened once, but as Mr. Purushottam did not attend, no business was transacted and hence there could be no Report by the Sub-Committee.

Mr. Purushottam said that he had not received the letter of information, to which Mr. Patil said that there was the signature of someone for having received the letter.

PRIORITY MOVE

Mr. Patil, then moved a resolution demanding priority for a certain resolution of regarding Gandhiji.

Mr. Purushottam moved an amendment saying that the resolution should be taken up for discussion in the order in which it was received.

Mr. K. M. Munshi then moved the adjournment of the House, because he thought that it was unfair to the members of the Committee to discuss resolutions about which they had not been informed previously.

As there was some objection raised by the Socialists, Mr. Munshi did not press for the adjournment

MOTION OF CONFIDENCE

Priority for Mr. Patil's resolution was granted, and he moved that the B.P.C.C. has the fullest confidence in the leadership of Mahatma Gandhi and expresses its unswering loyalty to him and views with greatest concern the decision of Mahatmaji to retire from the active leadership of the Congress, which would be disastrous to the Country's interests.

In commending the motion the House, Mr. Patil said there was no need to speak on a resolution of this nature, and he was sure that it would be passed by an overwhelming majority. Gandhiji's retirement had been discussed both in the press and in the platform, and everyone knew what his retirement would mean to the country Almost all the Provincial Congress Committees in the country had passed similar resolution, and it was quite necessary that the B.P.C.C. also should pass it.

SOCIALIST ATTITUDE

Mr. M R. Masani, General Secretary of the Socialist Group, opposed the motion and said that the wording of the resolution showed that it was clear it was a question of placing personal confidence in Gandhiji. The passing of the resolution would mean not only approving of Gandhiji's leadership, but everything connected with it. The present policy and leadership of the Congress is endorsed by the resolution, as also the present Parliamentary activities of the Congress. The passing of such a resolution would be disastrous in the interests of the Country, as Gandhiji had himself made it clear through his recent statement that due to the majority of Congressmen not approving of his tests, he was abandoning those tests. That being the case, it would be dishonest to vote for a resolution of this nature. The present political conditions are different than what they were, and if he wants that the Spinning Franchise should be the test for all Congressmen, then the Socialists, without meaning any disrespect to the personality of Gandhiji, would say "Let him retire."

Mr. Purushottam Tricumdas also opposed the motion, and translated into Hindi, what all Mr. Masani said

Mr. Patil replying said that in spite of the adverse propaganda carried on against Gandhiji by men like Messrs. Masani and Purushottam, the resolution would be carried by an overwhelming majority.

RESOLUTION CARRIED

The resolution was put to vote and was carried by 32 to 13. All the Socialists voted against.

Mr. Masani then moved that

(Continued in column 5.)

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Apollo Bunder

Opp: PRINCE of WALES Museum.

Industries That India Can Establish

SUGGESTIONS TO INDIAN INDUSTRIALISTS

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to my previous communication, addressed to you some weeks ago, I give below some of the industries which may profitably be introduced or extended in Inda. I have worked out detailed equipment and plans for each of these industries after careful investigation and consultation with experts on the spot, and for further particulars communications may be addressed to the undersigned. The question of staff training is also gone into, and in cases where special trainings are necessary arrangements have been made for such training. In all cases the most important point has been kept in view that production will be of first grade quality and compares equally with European productions.

Name of Industry.	Approximate output.	Approximate cost of complete equipment.
1. Manufacture of paper clips ...	200 clips per min.	Rs. 2,500
2. Manufacture of wire chains of copper, brass or iron wire .5 to 2.5 mm.	60 links per min.	Rs. 4,000
3. Manufacture of hair pins smothed or endulated	50 pins per min.	Rs. 6,000
4. Manufacture of pins of brass, iron or soft steel with jumped heads	500 per min.	Rs. 7,000
5. Manufacture of safety pins ...	120 per min.	Rs. 10,000
6. Manufacture of pins with glass heads	80 per min.	Rs. 20,000
7. Manufacture of wire nails all sizes	240 to 95 per min.	Rs. 20,000

Note.—In each of the above industries space capacity required is about 15" x 15". The operation of the machines is entirely automatic and no expert is necessary. A good mechanic adopted to machine shop work should be quite capable to handle the equipment with ease. Estimates have been made on the basis of latest equipment as in use in Europe and America for the production of these articles.

8* Manufacture of shoes:
- a. Tannery equipment for the production of leather from hides for soles and uppers Rs. 70,000
- b. Equipment for machines sewn (mackey sewn) shoes Rs. 50,000

Production about 150 to 200 pairs per day

Total ... Rs. 1,20,000

*Italy has successfully adopted this plan for a chain of factories for the production of shoes. Complete plans and details have been worked out for such a factory, and arrangement have been affected for the neccessary training of the staff.

9. Manufacture of nails of all kinds used in the shoe industry Rs. 30,000
10. Manufacture of cycles and light motor cycles: Initial outlay about Rs. 50,000 Increased to (in the 4th year) Rs. 150,000 to 2,00,000

Production scheme about 12,000 to 30 000 cycles annually.

The scheme recommended is that what Poland has already adopted successfully for self-production.

During the first three years the whole production is carried through co-operation with a manufacturer in Europe, and in the meantime the staff is efficiently trained. In the 4th year when the increased capital is required, the entire self-production and manufacture is taken over. Arrangements have been made for the necessary training of the staff.

There are several other industries, including the electrical side, which I am investigating, but there are several important factors including collision and training of the staff which demand further consideration. — Yours, etc.,

A. R. NISSAR, E.E., D.I.C.,
Consulting Engineer,
C/o Messrs. Thos. Cook & Son,
2, Place de la Madeleine,
Paris, France.

Indian Chamber And Assembly Election

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the letter of Mr. Velji Lakhamsey Napoo and three others, which appears in your issue of to-day and which has been circulated by them to the members of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, it refers to the rumour that the candidature of Mr. Mathuradas Vissanji Khimji has not the support of the Congress. It was hardly necessary for the signatories of this letter to circulate the said letter under the plea of contradicting rumours as it was known to them and also to other members of the Chamber that the Congress so far as the constituency of the Indian Merchants' Chamber was concerned, did not want to run its candidate and that is why the name of Prof K. T Shah was not adopted. If the intention of your signatories was to have drawn attention to the candidature of Mr. J. C. Setalwad, they could have done so without dragging in the National Congress or Sirdar Vallabhbhai and their interview with Sirdar Saheb. One doesn't mind propaganda in favour of one's candidate but there are ways and ways of doing it and the one your signatories have adopted is not the right and fair way of doing it.—Yours, etc.,

LAKHMIDAS ROWJI TARIEE.
October 18.

Congress Socialist Party

In the course of a letter addressed to the Ahmedabad Congress Socialist Party, Mr. Bhanu Prasad Acharya says:—

The Congress Socialist Party has failed to withstand the reactionary forces of the Congress leadership. The attacks of official leadership of the Congress against the Congress socialists have created a rupture within its own fold. On one side it has exposed the reactionary and anti-socialist tendencies of some of its members which lay concealed so far under a cover of socialist phraseology and flirtations with their critics, not with a view to further the socialist programme within the Congress rank and file, but evidently with a measure to get blessings of the leadership or political elbow-room within the Congress fold. The recent attacks of Sardar against the socialists and Socialism, have brought these tendencies within the Congress socialist party to a head. The right wing, as I would like to call, resigned expressly with a purpose discussed above. Anybody can see the genuineness of the grounds.

Throughout India, a breach within the Congress socialists ranks is fast precipitating. The recent visits of Mr. Jayprakash (Secretary of All-India Congress Socialist Party) and Mr. Masani of Bombay socialist, show how grave these tendencies are developing. The breach in Ahmedabad Congress socialist party, is nothing but a sign of the coming struggle of right element to commit it to a reactionary and opportunist socialism. The historical task of the Congress Socialist Party is over. The Congress torpedo of reactionarism, will prove as a thin end of wedge which will finally bring the rupture within the All-India Congress Socialist Party to its logical end. The right leadership will embrace the fold of the official Congress, to work as henchmen of the constitutionalists, and the left group is likely to go over to the Working Class Rank and File Organisations. The Bombay Congress will decide its fate.

I therefore, do not intend to remain as a member of the executive committee of the Congress socialist Party. I hope, the executive committee will accept my resignation.

Is Scientific Materialism Dead?

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I agree with Dr. D'Avoine when he talks about the misrepresentations of organized religion and certain vested interests to discredit knowledge. I use the term "knowledge" in preference to "scientific materialism" because for one thing, scientists are no longer sure whether matter exists as such. In fact thinkers to-day are not sure of anything. It is this very uncertainty that is supplying the great urge towards the dawn of a new world that is daily unfolding itself in our consciousness. If Dr. D'Avoine is going to range himself with these thinkers his duty is to adopt the same attitude. Admittedly he has studied and thought much and this not only entitles him to share his researches with us but his fellow-thinkers claim this from him as a right. It is when he strays from this path and preaches that he falls into the same confusion as the supporters of the other side.

Again Dr. D'Avoine must recognize that what he terms "superstition" does have a legitimate place where the masses are concerned and all the horrors of the past and present for which it is responsible do not justify its wholesale destruction till the general mind is able to replace it with knowledge.

One of the aftermaths of the War was that Eve went again into the Garden of Eden and had a second apple. What this has meantt to some of our most beautiful sentiments I need not discuss. It is my fear of a further revolution that makes me call for caution rather than the indiscriminate spread of knowledge.—Yours, etc.

ARTHUR YOUNG.

Our Post Office

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I have read a letter re: post office complaints" which appeared in your paper of the 15th inst. The writer seems to presume that the post office, like the king, can do no wrong.—a view which I once held, but which, because of personal experiences, I do not hold now. We are told that our Postal Administration has been Indianised, yet it is passing strange that the Indianised Postal Administration seems intolerant of postal complaints from the public and perhaps with a view to muzzle the members of the public has decreed undesirably that all complaints sent per post should have postage stamps affixed. This authorised or unauthorised champion of the Postal Administration considers complaints as flimsy, forgetting that what appears 'flimsy" to one interested party may not appear "flimsy" to the other party. To give a recent instance, sametime ago I wrote a letter to the Post-Master-General (Bombay) requesting him to introduce some changes in the "post-box" rules namely, on payment of extra fees registered letters and money orders addressed to "post boxes" only, may be delivered to the "post-box" owners at their home addresses (which the post offices know very well, or an intimation may be sent asking the owners to call at the office to receive the registered letters (or money orders); and to allow a member of the public to have a post-box in any of the sub-post-offices in the city (and not in any particular sub-post-office dictated by the postal rules —I do not know whether our legislature supervises the rules which the member considers convenient. Not receiving any reply whatsoever for about one month, I was obliged to write a bit strong reminder, to which I received the following evasive and vague reply, after about a fortnight, (dated 11-9-34: ref. No. G. G. 18-mies): ....."I have nothing further to say "—beyond what is contained in the "post-box rules." It seems that post-offices do not exist for the convenience of the members of the public and the members of the public must accept what the postal authorities dictate. It is regrettable that when wise and experienced persons ring up the public through the press, knowing full well that it is almost useless and a waste of time, money and energy to correspond with the postal authorities, they are accused of "rushing to the press." Hence also the action of some aggrieved individuals to start "illegally," a private postal service (as was done some years ago) appears justified.—Yours, etc.

"PEPPERMINT."

"Harris Shield Debacle"

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—With reference to the "Harris Shield Debacle" spoken of by Mr. J. C Maitra in his "Sports Jottings from here and there" I wish to lay before the public the decision of the Executive Committee of the Bombay High Schools' Athletic Association Before doing so however, let me quote the rule regarding the appointment of Umpires for the matches and comment upon it. The rule runs thus:

"The Hon. Secretary shall appoint or approve Umpires for all the matches. The Umpire must in no case be pupils of any school, members of the staff or old boys of the playing schools."

I am sure any and everyone will admit that as the rule stands it is meant to include all those who will be interested in the wel-

(Continued on page 9.)

INDIA'S CHOICE

(Continued from page 6.)

But this is not an absolute truth. It is true only when there is rivalry between two or more sovereign nations for the possession of that subject nation. For instance if England were sure that she would not lose India to another nation if she relaxed her own hold upon it, she would not have minded India managing her own affairs. If political domination is to be considered on its own merits, apart from any extraneous matters, it certainly spoils the commercial position. The subject nation being deprived of its own initiative is lethargic, does not enthuse over or exert for industry and prosperity. The subject peoples get poorer and poorer, their standard of living falls and their purchasing power diminishes.

England, at least, if not other great nations, has realised the significance of this truth. It is because of this realization that she has declared her intention of leading India into self-government. But she has to do it in the safest possible way. Not only must India become sufficiently strong to retain her freedom but all other nations must recognise and respect her freedom. It is to ensure this condition in respect of all subject nations made autonomous that the League of Nations has been conceived and started. It is laid down that all component members of the League must be autonomous states. It is also laid down that no nation has a right to rule another nationality or country. It is because of this that the name of British Commonwealth has been given to the British Empire. It looks like a sham at present. But the necessity for a sham indicates the force of the resurgent new principle underneath. The language of mandates, protectorates and trusts is indicative of the same force. The sovereignty of one nation over another is no longer held to be a desirable and a safe proposition. It is the prime cause of war.

Root Cause

The root cause of wars is Imperialist rivalries and Imperialism is the result of capitalistic industry and economy. The way to abolish wars is, therefore, to abolish capitalism. The entry of Soviet Russia in to the League of Nations augurs well for such an end. After the experience of the last Great War no nation as a whole wants a fresh war. But all nations fear one. It is because they are desperately clinging to capitalism, the inevitable result of which is Imperialism and ultimately war.

The fear of war is driving the nations into economic nationalism and economic self-sufficiency. They are raising tariff walls to prevent the entry of the goods of foreign countries. The result of the import of foreign goods is generally to force down the prices. This is not in the interests of the capitalists because when prices go down the margin of their profits also goes down. But tariffs do not always produce the desired result. There are some countries which try to cut down the costs of production by cuts in wages or by rationalization and try to reach over the tariff walls of other nations. The prices, therefore, do not remain at as high a level as the indigenous capitalists wish them to do. They in their turn have to cut wages and rationalise. The result is a lesser purchasing power among the consumers and a consequent lowering of the standard of living and besides that, there is unemployment and misery.

Economic Nationalism

All this is the result of artificially engendered fear of war and the capitalistic theory of economic nationalism and economic self-sufficiency. Economic nationalism and economic self-sufficiency on a capitalist basis are an utter impossibility. Soviet Russia has been practising these very principles but on a Socialistic basis. The profit motive does not operate there and what ever surplus produce is available is exchanged for whatever goods are required from other countries. But the capitalist nations give his the evil name of 'dumping.' If they themselves take to the Socialistic system there need be no Imperialism, no fear of war, no economic self-sufficiency with a view to war, no tariffs, no putting down of costs, no rationalisation and therefore no unemployment or no lowering of the standard of living.

At present it seems that the Western nations are not ready to give up capitalism. But force of circumstances is sure to compel them to do so in good time. Fascism is itself a desperate attempt to reorganise capitalism on a collective basis so as to save it from displacement by another Social order. Hitler, Mussolini and President Roosevelt are striving to save but a dying principle. Paradoxical though it may sound, these very efforts are hastening the advent of Socialism. How long Socialism will take to be a generally accepted principle cannot definitely be said. It is also difficult to say whether there will or will not be another Great War. But if there will be one it is certain to be greatly accelerate the advent of Socialism.

Not Inherently Bad

Socialism is sure to come to be generally accepted as a principle. When that happens industrialization need not be regarded to be the evil that it is erroneously held to be. There is inherently nothing wrong, immoral or unethical in men's wants growing more and more. Nature ought to be fully exploited. We in India well may try to refuse to do so. India will be industrialized inspite of ourselves. If not we, foreigners will do it. That will not impede our political emancipation; on the other hand it will be accelerated. For the process of successful Socialistic industrialization is also a process of political emancipation. Charkha and Khadi and non-violence may bring metaphysical or spiritual emancipation to the select few, but not the necessary political freedom to many. Nor can Charkha and Khadi appreciably relieve the poverty and economic misery of the peasant mass. They will only bring them out into more prominent relief. The exploitation by the vested interests is the root cause. Unless that is removed poverty and misery will not be removed.

BENGAL MEMBERS ON A. I. C. C.

Das Gupta Authorised To Fill Vacancies

ANEY'S AWARD IN ELECTION DISPUTE

YEOTMAL, October 19.

Mr. M. S. Aney, arbitrator of the Bengal elections dispute, has issued the following press statement containing his instructions in connection with the representation of Bengal members on the A.I.C.C. during the Bombay Congress session:—

"QUESTIONABLE TACTICS"

"The attempt to hold the A. I. C. C. election as per instructions of September 30 on the 13th instant under the presidentship of Mr. Satish Das Gupta was frustrated by the adoption of questionable tactics by certain misguided enthusiasts belonging to one group. There was not now sufficient time to hold the election according to constitution. Election by the executive committee being irregular and even nomination by myself or somebody under my authority also similarly unsatisfactory, the only way to secure the representation of Bengal on the A.I.C.C. at the Bombay Congress is by permitting members elected in 1928 as entitled to attend till fresh elections are held. Members of the A.I.C.C. alleged to have been elected in 1929 and 1930 were not and cannot be recognised.

FILLING UP OF VACANCIES.

I authorise Mr. Satish Das Gupta to fill vacancies due to death, exile, imprisonment, secession from the Congress or any other cause in the list of 1928 by nominating members from the party to whom the vacant seat belonged, after consulting as far as possible Messrs. Bidan Chandra Roy and Kiran Shankar Roy for one party and Messrs. J. C. Gupta and Nyshet Sen for the other.

FOR BOMBAY SESSION ONLY

I, therefore, direct that members in the list of 1928, as amended in the aforesaid manner shall attend the A.I.C.C. meeting at the Bombay Congress on behalf of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee. This arrangement holds good for the session of the Bombay Congress only. The Bengal Provincial Congress Committee is directed to hold the election of A.I.C.C members according to the constitution within a month after the Bombay Congress under the supervision of Mr. Satish Das Gupta, whose authority to act as the returning officer holds good til the A.I.C.C. elections are finally held as per my instructions of September 30 last.—A.P.

Civic Welcome To Rajen Babu

Kalyan And Ghatkopar Will Present Addresses

(From Our Correspondent)

KALYAN, Oct. 10.

The Kalyan Municipality, at its special meeting held this evening under the presidentship of Mr. S V. Raj, decided by an overwhelming majority to present an address of welcome to Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President-elect of the Bombay session of the Indian National Congress, in the Municipal Council Hall on Sunday morning.

A sum of Rs. 51 has been sanctioned for the purpose by the Board subject to confirmation by the Collector of Thana. Out of 20 the Councillors present at the meeting 14 voted for the resolution, one against and five did not vote.

Babu Rajendra Prasad, who is arriving here on Sunday morning, will be welcomed at the station by several local institutions, including the Kalyan Taluka Congress Committee, and then driven to the council hall. His special train will leave Kalyan for Bombay at 8-10 a.m.

GHATKOPAR'S WELCOME

(From Our Correspondent)

GHATKOPAR, Oct 19

It was unanimously resolved at the special meeting of the Ghatkopar Municipality held this morning to present an address of welcome to Babu Rajendra Prasad the President-elect of the Bombay session of the Indian National Congress, at the Ghatkopar Station on Sunday morning at about 8-50 when the special train carrying him to Bombay will arrive here from Thana. The address which will be in Gujarati is to be printed on Khaddar The Special will stop at Ghatkopar for five minutes only. The Bombay Suburban District Congress Committee will present at the station its address of welcome to the President-elect.

CONGRESS CANDIDATE RETURNED

Mr. J K. Vaishnav, Congress candidate has been returned unopposed to the Ghatkopar Municipality, Mr Kripal Jiwani, the other candidate having withdrawn this morning. The Bye-election, caused by the resignation of Mr. Prabudas Ramji, was to take place to-morrow (Saturday).

NEW COUNCIL HALL OF B.P.C.C.

Rajendra Prasad Will Perform Opening Ceremony

After arrival at the Congress House on Sunday Babu Rajendra Prasad, the President-elect of 48th Session of the Indian National Congress, will perform the opening ceremony of the newly constructed Council Hall of the B.P.-C.C. at Congress House.

Afterwards an address will be presented to the President-elect on behalf of B.P.C.C. member.—United Press.

"C. R." & SATYAPAL NOT ATTENDING SESSION

The number of delegates to the present Session of the Congress will not be large, as many are detained home in their provinces in connection with the Election Campaign.

Prominent among the leaders who are not attending are:

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari and Dr. Satyapal.

Mr. Rajagopalachari is understood to have written to Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel stating that as his hands are full, he will not be attending the Session. The Sardar is understood to have replied to Mr. Rajagopalachari asking him to be here for a few days, if possible.—United Press.

ROYAL RECEPTION TO RAJEN BABU

(Continued from page 1.)

Prarthana Samaj Mandir, where another arch erected by the Reception Committee will represent welcome offered by the Congress.

Cutting across, the party would pass through the Girgaum Back Road and before entering the Congress Lane another magnificent Khaddar Arch will pay the tribute of welcome, this arch being the last one before the presidential party arrive at the Mecca of Congressmen, the Congress House.

As has been already announced, the Presidential coach will be stopped at the Jumma Masjid Mulji Jetha Market, Laxmidas Market, Mahajan Association, who have erected another arch of their own, and the Cotton Brokers' Association and at the C. P. Tank.

These stoppages were considered essential, an official-in-charge of the reception arrangements told the "Chronicle" representative, to enable thousands of people who might wish to offer their tokens of welcome such as garlands, and other modes of expression of visitation.

PRE-DIWALI WHITE WASHING

Even the residents of the locality are getting ready for this "big event." Many persons are seen busily engaged in having their houses shops and godowns and every other thing that butts on the street, whitewashed or cleaned in order to make them present a gay appearence. Every corner possible will be decorated with flags festoons, buntings, and decorative cloth

In short, the citizens of Bombay, have realised, that the national event of the Congress will always bestow on the locality that peculiar fortune of receiving the nation's President—the "uncrowned King of the nation" for the year, forsooth; which might not recur for perhaps, more than a decade to come.

Dr. ROY FOR BOMBAY

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Dr. B. C. Roy, General Secretary of the Congress Parliamentary Board, accompanied by Prof. Rajkumar Chakravarty has left this afternoon for Bombay by the Bombay Mail.—United Press.

Pt. MALAVIYA ILL

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya is in very poor state of health. He is suffering from ear trouble. He was examined to-day by Dr J. K. Dutt of Carmichael College. Panditji has promised to visit Bengal again by November 8.—United Press.

GOVT.'S PRESENT EDUCATIONAL POLICY

M. L. C.s Attack In Presidential Address At Prize Distribution

(From A Correspondent)

The annual gathering of the Jogeshwari English School and the Saraswati Baug Marati School was held on the 17th October. Mr Manchershah M. Karbhari presided.

Mr. Warty introduced the President as a silent but very enthusiastic worker in the Legislative Council.

The President in his speech, denounced the policy of the Government in the matter of education, criticised the present teachers as being inferior to those of the past, and advised the parents to take more personal interest in the education of their children.

As for the needs of the schools Mr Karbhari promised to help the authorities in the matter as far as he possibly could.

Malaviya Discusses Present Situation

CALCUTTA. Oct. 19.

Pandit Malaviya discussed this afternoon the local situation as well as the success of Nationalist candidates at the elections with the members of the Nationalist Party at the Birla Park.—United Press.

READERS' VIEWS

(Continued from page 8.)

fare of the team. The Committee never did expect a case like the present one to crop up. In the case of the match between the Bai Kabibai High School and the Dr. Antonio da Silva High School it happened that the Umpire appointed by the former happened to be the father of two boys playing for the team and one of them was the captain. The father has been a famous cricketer and has been coaching his sons and sometimes even the full team of the school and it must naturally follow that he is interested in the team much more than an old boy of the school. It will be interesting to note that in giving the first decision, he was doubtful in the beginning and to clear his doubts he asked the batsman at his end if he was out and when he was told that he i. e., the batsman at his end could not say anything, the umpire gave the batsman out, after the lapse of a number of seconds. Any man with a knowledge of Cricket or any other game would say that in all doubtful cases the Umpire must decide and give the benefit of the doubt to the defending side.

Let me now come to the decision of the Executive Committee which met on Monday 15th instant. The following is a text of the decision:

"We decide that as the rule about the appointment of umpires stands has not broken we decline to overule your protest. We are, however, of opinion that in future schools should take care not to appoint anyone so intimately connected with the school. As the grounds for protest are not satisfactory we decide not to return the protest fee."

The Executive committed themselves by coming to the above decision and yet, there were no grounds for the protest and the fee is forfeited. On the day of the meeting of the Executive Committee the Principals of both schools were called in person or they were asked to send their representatives. The representatives did go to the venue of the meeting, but strange to say they were not allowed to be present for the meeting, neither were they questioned or asked to express themselves. What's the idea in having called them and sent them back without even talking a word to them or even acquainting them with the decision arrived at! I have attended a large number of meetings but never have I been accorded such a treatment.—Yours, etc.,

JOHN PINTO.

Dadar, October, 19.

Congress And The States

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The forthcoming session of the Indian National Congress has created immense enthusiasm and interest in the general public and drawn the attention of the entire nation towards it. Problems of vital importance are to be decided which will shape the future programme and policy of the Congress. At this most opportune time I beg to put before those who will make the session a success, and the leaders of the Congress several fundamental proposals with regard to the seventy millions of people within the Indian States.

During the last struggle for freedom in 1930 and 1932 a great number of public workers in Indian States courted jail and filled prisons at the call of the Congress and fought shoulder to shoulder and hand in hand with fellow-British Indian patriots. Will the leaders of the Congress forget the woes of seven crores of people of the Indian States when problems of great importance will be discussed? Will not our leaders spare some time to think over the constitutional position of the Indian States?

The Congress stands for the freedom of the Indian people and India. It includes the people of the Indian States. The Congress will have to define its attitude towards the fundamental rights of the people of the States, right which it claims for the people of British India. Uptill now the policy of the Congress has been apathetic towards the people of the Indian States. If Congress claims to stand and speak in the name of 350 millions of India, how can it turn a deaf ear to the legitimate demands of the States people? Congress has always been silent over the grievances of the people of the States under the autocratic regime of Indian Princes and their gross maladministration. The time has come when the Congress is required to define its attitude towards the States. Its silence really does harm to the cause of the people of the States.

During the last fight hundreds of States people residing ... British India courted jail; and after the term of their imprisonment they have been deported to their respective States. That sort of deportation is worse than imprisonment. Will the Congress leave them to their fate eternally?

The correspondence between Gandhiji and Mr. Kelker has not improved the situation at all. What the correspondence has really done is nothing more than the postponement of a problem which requires urgent consideration.

The Foreigners' Act passed by Bikaner is still fresh in the memory of British Indian public. People within the States have no representative institutions, no freedom of speech and association. The will and the whim of the ruler reigns supreme.—Yours, etc.,

LAXMIDAS DANI.

Plight Of Catholic Poor

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Reading in papers of efforts made by Government and leaders of various non-Catholic communities for the uplift and progress of poor, voiceless and helpless agriculturists, I feel keenly when I contrast the zeal and activity of prominent men of non-Catholic communities with the indifference and apathy of Catholics in high positions and in favoured circumstances to their lowly brethren, the agriculturists in the Bombay suburban, Kolaba and Thana districts, ecclesiastically under the Most Rev. J. R Lima, Archbishop of Bombay. I feel all the more this indifference and apathy when I read in English Catholic papers of what bishops and priests are doing, not only for the spiritual, but also the temporal welfare of the poor in Europe, America and all over the world. But one feels the most keenly when one finds petitions made to ecclesiastical authorities in India and Rome, praying that Religious Congregations and Orders, convents, and agricultural, industrial and high schools might be introduced in the districts in question where these means for the uplift of the masses do not exist, are being unnoticed. But what is most to be regretted and commented on is the fact that prominent Catholic laymen are so unconcerned that they won't help their less fortunate brethren in anyway not even caring merely to ask the high priest of Bombay to cast a pitying glance at the deplorable condition of the vast agricultural masses, to hear their petitions and grant their prayers. I am constrained to write to you this letter, believing that it might serve to rouse attention and shame the leaders into action, and be productive of some good at least. Do not, therefore, grudge space for the letter.—Yours, etc.,

AGRICOLA.

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Gandhiji's Proposals Criticized

Mr. S. S. Batliwala of the Congress Socialist Party writes:—

'I have three criticisms to make of Gandhiji's proposed amendments and statement. The first is that the amendments seem to be designed to strengthen the control of the present leaders over the Congress machine. The appointment of the Working Committee by the President, the appointment of the District and Taluka Committees by the Provincial Congress Committees or arrangement for their election, the reduction in the number of electorate and the reduction in the number of delegates, are all steps which, with the existing composition of the Congress, must result, almost everywhere, in consolidation of the control of the old leadership and decreased representation of opposition tendencies—excepting such as arise within the bourgeois circles themselves such as Council entry. The adoption of the literacy qualification will also have their effect. Gandhiji may be literally correct in saying that it requires only one hour's study to learn to write one's name. But that does not alter the fact that this will be an effective bar to any Socialists working in the labour movement or the villages to carry their policy through the Congress machinery and make the Congress a genuine mass party.

"My second criticism is of the proposed All-India Village Industries Association. This seems a most reactionery move like the All-India Spinners' Association. The Congress has been to a considerable extent discredited in the villages, because it will not stand for class struggle. This is an attempt to re-establish the Congress among peasants not by adopting the policy which will really help them, but by broadening the support which the Congress gets from the Charkha movement, the nature of which is well-known, and extending it to the village artisans. Gandhiji's own figures given in the statement are sufficient. By spinning, etc., Gandhiji says, peasants can increase their annual income by Rs. 12 or 20 per cent. in some cases even by 43 per cent. Thus they can increase their income from Rs. 60 to 72 or even to 86 per annum. Is this a solution of the agrarian poverty? It is simply giving some peasants a very small increase in their income; not by returning to them the wealth of which they are deprived by taxation, rent, interest and profits or by improving the technique of their production, but by making them work harder. The village industries have been beaten by machinery. It is useless to urge the handicraftsmen to take up the hopeless fight again. The only cure is to industrialise India and that, we claim, can be done only under Socialism. The whole move is only to give a sop to these poor people, to prevent them from embarking on an active fight.

The third point arises from the passage in Gandhiji's statement on class struggle. His views on this question are well known as also are ours. But his pronouncement contains a new statement which seems to me to be even more erroneous and dangerous than his familiar propositions about class struggle. He says that by means of class collaboration "India can become a land flowing with milk and honey and also achieve her economic independence without measuring strength either with the Government or with the Capitalists. Political Independence will follow as a matter of course without the intervention of Civil Disobedience." I cannot let this pass without a protest. It is simply untrue that we can achieve economic independence without a struggle. And, secondly, it is equally untrue that political Independence would follow as a matter of course. How could it? The richer we are the more easily will imperialism strengthen its grip on us.

Hindu Sevak Samaj And Harijans

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Our attention has been drawn to two letters, one published in your issue of 27-9 and the second published in your issue of 12-10-34, over the signatures of some Harijan students whose ages, we understand, range from 13 years to 17 years. The letters contain gross misrepresentation of the activities of our Samaj, which has been doing some Harijan work at Walpakhadi since the Historic Fast of Mahatma Gandhi. The criticism contained in the letters is so irresponsible that we would not have cared to reply to it but for the fact that it is published in such a responsible journal as yours.

Before taking up the points of criticism offered in the two letters, we desire to attach herewith the list of the approximate ages of the students, by whom the letters are alleged to have been written. Can you ever believe that the two letters were written by the said students? We maintain the letters are not written by the boys, but they have been dictated by certain interested persons who are out to destroy the good work which is being done by our Samaj at Walpakhadi, and whom we invite with cordiality to offer criticism of our activities under their own name instead of misleading young minors to rush to the press with nothing but foolish distortion of facts. These young students should be left alone with their studies rather than be made tools for wrecking the activities of our Samaj, which has obtained unsolicited eoniums from men like Mahatma Gandhi, Kaka Kalelkar, Rao Bahadur K. M. Jhaveri, Mr. Punshi Meheshri Mrs. Hansa Mehta, Mrs. Jayashri Raiji, Mr. A. V. Thakkar, Secretary of the Harijan Sevak Sangh, Mr. Shankerlal Banker and many others.

Mr. Editor, our greatest sin in the eyes of some wire-pullers, is this—that we are a band of silent workers, that we have not sought for glorious advertisements or undue publicity for our unobstrusive work in the cause of Harijans. And still we must say that we have amongst us such tried, selfless and thoughtful workers like Mr. Sopariwala and Mr. Manmohandas who has to his credit a continuous and selfless record of service for the last eleven years in the cause of physical culture of Gujarati students. May we point that Mr Manmohandas, whose honesty is subtly impugned by the writers of the letters is the Secretary of the Gujarati Vyayam Mandal whose President is Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas and Vice President Sheth Mathuradas Vassanji?

Now, may we come to the actual points of criticism. Let us take them one by one. The first point raised is about Khaddar hundies. Will the following account open the eyes of the critics that not one yard of the Khadi bought from these hundis was wasted?

Out of Rs. 1,621-8-0 being donation of Khadi hundis and Khadi of Rs. 128|- purchased otherwise, the total amount spent on purchasing Khadi was as follows:—

Khadi purchased for dresses 4.067 yds.	1,365-8-0
40 ladies' saris and blouses	255-8-0
Sundries distribution of Khadi	41-0-6
Balance with Surji Vallabhdas Stores	13-6-6
Hundi on hand with Mr. Sopariwala	73-0-6
Difference	1-8-3
Total Rs.	1,750-0-0

These are the details of the Khadi account. Out of 4,067 yards bought for making dresses the following dresses were made:—

434 shorts.
434 shirts.
454 frocks.
331 chaddis.
476 baba suits.
206 zablas.

2335 (total).

Of the 2.355 pieces of dresses, 737 dresses were distributed at Walpakhadi, 186 were given to Bhagini Seva Mandir (Tardeo) 75 to young Rajput Seva Dal, Dadar. 84 were distributed at Mahalaxmi Kachrapatti and 62 at Amesly Road. This total comes to 1,133 dresses. On 20-8-34, we had in stock 1,196 pieces of these dresses, which are being distributed whenever necessary. A full detailed statement is enclosed herewith which you may publish, if you like.

By the way, may we be allowed to point out that most of the students signatories of the letters published, have been grateful recipients of these dresses at the time of distribution. It is a black lie for these misled students to say in their letter that they did not receive any dresses.

Now, about the tailoring expense. Is the tailoring expense of Rs. 623|- (including dyeing charges of 56-5-3) for 2,335 pieces of dresses unusual?

In the second letter from these misled minors you published they attack the Montessori class, and the creche. They think the expenditure on these two items of Rs. 1,672|- is too much and indicates waste of public money. This sum contains three items, Rs. 825-1-0 for creche kindergarten and Montessori class materials, Rs. 579-2-6 for salaries in creche and cost of milk and Rs 267-9-0 for repairs done by the donor himself. Any worker having any idea of conducting a creche and a Montessori class will not say that the expenditure is too high. On the contrary it is too low. Regarding the Montessori class, we never claimed nor do we claim that the class is conducted under ideal conditions. But the very fact that 50 to 75 children come to this class every day, and the fact that they are cleaned and washed and oiled is in itself a good achievement from our point of view and whatever these misled minors may say, the class is merrily going on with good attendance and no body and no amount of criticism will deter us from carrying on this holy work of inculcating the principle of cleanliness amongst these deserted children of Harijans.

Regarding scholarships, out of 84 rupees, mentioned by you correspondents, Rs. 83|- represent the actual sum distributed among Harijan boys and Re. 1 being tram charges.

It is very foolish of these students to have questioned every item of our expenditure and have tried to give an impression that our Samaj consists of dishonest persons. Mr. Editor, it is very sad for us to have to come to press and reply to such an irresponsible attack from irresponsible quarters. You do not know under what difficulties and hardships my Samaj is trying to do whatever it can for the cause of the Harijans. We are proud to say that though young our Samaj has a very good and creditable record of work, which we invite you to come and see. Our workers not caring for the stenches or stinks of Walpakhadi, have frequently visited these quarters, have taken the tender children of Harijans under their care and out of sheer sense of duty tried to help them in every possible way. We have not cared for publicity.

Our work is open to fair suggestions from those wishing to advance the cause of Harijans. But such untruthful, and unwarranted attack is surely unwelcome.

Regarding an item of Rs. 700- mentioned in our account, the amount was donated by a member of our Samaj, earmarking the same for organising a band amongst Harijans and it was handed over to Gujarati Vyayam Mandal, that body being more competent to organise such a band. It is co-operating with us in all other activities.

In fine, we below what Mahatma on his last visit to Bombay wrote about our work in Harijan dated 29-6-34. He says as follows:—

"Harijan" dated 29-6-34:—On the 16th June 1934 Gandhiji inspected Harijan quarters in various parts of the city.....was somewhat relieved at Walpakhadi, where he was welcomed by a Harijan boys' band and inspected groups of Harijan children dressed in trim uniforms and drawn up in lines. He was shown round the chawl in which he found a well-equipped creche.... The excellent result was due to the selfless labours of Sheth Purshottamdas Harkisandas and Sjt. Chandulal Sopariwala."

"If you go to Walpakhadi you will have an opportunity of seeing what a change for the better can be brought about by a handful of workers like Srs Purshottamdas, Morarji Sheth and Sopariwala. Even their work is not perfect, but it looms large on our horizon, as there is little like it besides."—Yours etc.

PURSHOTTAMDAS HARKISANDAS
President.
BAPOOBHAI B. DESAI,
Hon. Secretary.
Hindu Sevak Samaj.

Bombay, October 19.

No.	Names	Age
1.	Rathod Jina Lakshman	17
2.	Mavji Mulji	10
3.	Alji Shamji Padaya	12
4.	Rathod D. Bhanji	13
5.	Jadav Madhavji Rana	12
6.	Chouhan Ganesh Aga	11
7.	Kanji Ramji	15
8.	Rupsingh Mulji	15
9.	Mavji Yesabhai	15
10.	Palji Nanji	14
11.	Kalidas Meghji	17
12.	Govind Mulji	16
13.	Arjun Vaghji	17
14.	Danji Desabhai	16
15.	Babaria Mavji Mulji	11
16.	Solanki Tabhji Gandabhai	12
17.	Koli Dhudidas Hira	13
18.	Jesang Nanji Borich	11
19.	Vaghela Bhanji Mulji	12
20.	Solanky Palji Naran	13
21.	Bhagvandas Manji	13

Roosevelt's Inflationary Policy

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The policy of inflation in U.S.A announced by the President in his speech for the purpose of raising prices and increasing the wages i.e., to protect the interest of the wage earners and farmers will be rather detrimental than beneficial to their interests. I admit that the immediate effect of inflation would be to raise prices but perhaps the advocates of such a measure forget the actual effect of it. Wages do not increase or decrease in the same ratio as the prices that is, the wages always lag behind the prices. Thus the ultimate result of inflation would be that there would be higher prices for a while and consequently more profits to investors. Production will be greater than the corresponding consumption. Moreover the investors getting more profits through raising prices and less corresponding wages, would naturally invest in further production of goods. The result would be that there would be dumping with less consumption, this would naturally lead to further falling of prices. Thus here the aim of inflation would be defeated and a more serious situation would be before the Administration.

It is the opinion of economist that there should be a close correlation between production and consumption and any departure from such ratio would lead to serious depression. Thus the inflationary measure if adopted would lead to the disturbance of the whole economic construction and consequently paralyse the whole Industrial system of the country. As far as possible, trade should be left to take its own course. The industry will follow its own tendency.

It is true that in extraordinary times there may be some dislocation between production and consumption, but soon enough the ratio will be maintained. However if the American Government tries to keep the prices up through inflation, the Indian Government should adopt such a measure that the prices may not seek its higher level. The higher prices of cotton would hammer the cotton manufacturing industries. America cannot be blamed even if adopts the price raising policy as its industries are fully developed but Indian Industries cannot sustain the burden of high prices of raw material in its undeveloped stage.—Yours, etc.

UMA SHANKER SRIVASTAVA.

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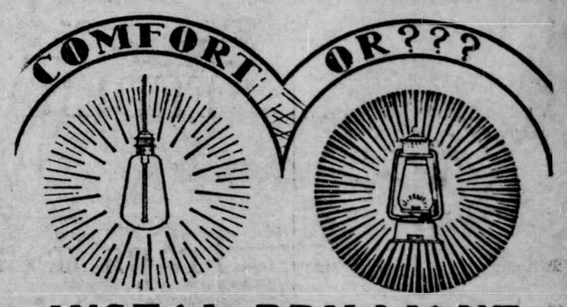

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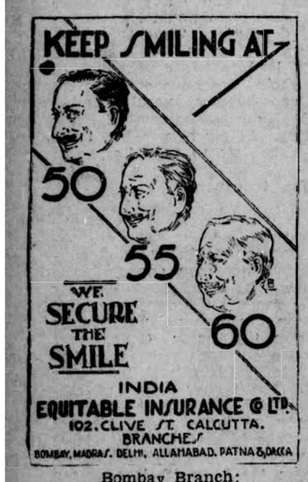

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White Paper To Be Whittled Down

FEDERATION IN 1938?

Traps For Councils And Ministries

New Provisions In J.P.C. Report Make Constitution Still Greater Mockery

The "Bombay Sentinel" writes:

The Bill embodying the recommendations of the Report will be presented to Parliament immediately after the Conservative Conference, at which Mr. Baldwin will challenge the decision of the Conservative Party. The Conference takes place early in December. The Bill will probably be the first business before Parliament in January 1935.

Mr. Baldwin confidently anticipates that the modifications which have been introduced, in the way of further safeguards, will placate the majority of the extreme Tories, though they may not fully satisfy such Die-Hards as Churchill, Lloyd and Page-Croft

Bill In Two Parts

The Bill will be in two parts.

The first part will embody the scheme of Provincial Autonomy and will come into operation as soon as possible after the passing of the Bill.

The new Provincial Councils are expected to be in existence by March 1936 in order that the new Governments may be responsible for the Budgets.

Federation In 1938

The second part of the Bill will contain the potential scheme for Federation and can come into operation only on the passing of a motion in both Houses of Parliament to that effect.

This motion, however, can or will only be placed before Parliament after all the Provincial Council have passed resolutions expressing their willingness to enter the Federation and provided 70 per cent of the "Gun States" (States whose rulers are entitled to a salute) have formally signified their decision to enter the Federation.

The earliest date that can be fixed for the establishment of the Federation, provided these conditions are fulfilled in February 1938.

Safeguards In Provinces

Among the new features which the first part of the Bill dealing with Provincial Autonomy the following are the most notable:

There will be Second Chambers in all Provinces except Bombay, Madras and Central Provinces.

If any or all of the new Councils in the latter three Provinces make a demand for the establishment of a Second Chamber it will be granted. But the other Provinces which start with a Second Chamber will have no option of doing away with them should they so desire.

Law And Order

Law and Order in the Provinces will be transferred without reservation.

In matters of administration, however, the discretion of the Inspectors-General, or the Commissioners, of Police, as it may be, will not be interfered with. They will continue as at present to have a supreme control over the discipline of the forces under their administration, the power of appointment, punishment and dismissal. The Minister may only interfere in cases of very grave and scandalous misconduct of individual officers.

Veto On Minister

In matters of policy, however, the Minister's decision may be vetoed or counter-manded by the Governor as an executive act if he thinks fit.

The Secretaries of all Departments will have direct access to the Governor and, besides the right of presenting minutes to the Cabinet must be heard by the Cabinet in audience if they so demand.

Votes Of Censure

Most extraordinary is the provision that a vote of censure on the Ministry will not be effective unless a majority of the groups of half the number of the Ministers representing such groups, and their Ministers as well, vote against the continuance of the Ministry in office.

In this connection the Governor's instrument of instructions will contain a clause that in the selection of his Cabinet he will not choose the members exclusively from a single majority party but will make it representative of all groups and interests.

A vote of no confidence in the Ministry is not to be effective unless half the members of the Cabinet vote against the Ministry.

How Responsible Government can be conducted on these lines is a mystery that remains to be solved.

High Courts

The Provincial High Courts will cease to be subject to the supervision, or to have any relation with the Governments of their respective Provinces and will be directly subject to the Central Government.

Ordinance Powers

It may be mentioned here that while it is proposed to extend the period for which the Governor-General can enact emergency ordinances to one year instead of six months, the power to enact ordinances for six months will be newly given to the Provincial Governors, provided they obtain the sanction of the Governor-General.

It is to be provided, however, that should communications fail in an emergency of a very grave kind, the Governor may enact an ordinance for three months on his own initiative.

Viceroy's Sanction

Another remarkable recommendation is that the Viceroy's sanction will be a necessary preliminary to the introduction of legislation affecting the security of administration and public revenues.

In all matters affecting religious beliefs and susceptibilities of any particular community a two-thirds majority of the community concerned, as represented in the Legislature will be necessary for the passing of such legislation.

Indirect Franchise

As regards franchise the recommendations of the Lothian Report have practically gone by the board.

For the Central Legislatures there will be both, direct and indirect, election.

For the Council of State the voters will be,

1. Members of Provincial Legislative Councils.
2. Persons paying Income Tax on more than Rs. 20,000 a year or land revenue.
3. All graduates of universities who will form an electoral college.

For the Legislative Assembly the following will be entitled to vote:—

1. Members of Municipalities, District Boards and Councils.
2. Persons paying Income Tax on over Rs. 5,000, or Land Revenue of more than Rs 1,000.
3. All Matriculates of Universities.

Provincial Franchise

In the Provinces the following will be entitled to vote for the Upper Chamber where there is one:

1. Members of all Taluka Boards and minor municipalities.
2. All Income Tax payers and persons paying Land Revenue of Rs. 200 or more.

For the Lower Chambers, that is the ordinary Legislative Councils, the existing franchise will remain in force.

New Advisers For Viceroy

Some additional provisions for the Central Government are recommended by the Joint Parliamentary Committee, if and when Federation comes into being.

The Financial Adviser to the Viceroy will be assisted by a Finance Committee appointed by the Viceroy independent of the Legislature, though members of the Assembly or the Council of State may be on it.

This Committee will have as members, 'inter alia' representatives of European Commerce, Indian Commerce, Railways, Reserve Bank, Indian Finance (Banking, Industries, etc.), Zemindars and a Silver Expert.

Military Council

In matters of Defence the Viceroy will be assisted by a Military Adviser who will act as a "liaison" officer between the Viceroy and the War Office in London, and a Military Council to be appointed by the Secretary of State, who will have the option of appointing Ruling Princes or other Indians on it, if he thinks fit.

The Foreign and Political Departments will be reorganised and kept clearly separate. The chief officials of the former will be already appointed from England.

The Political Secretary in all matters will act with a States Committee appointed by the Viceroy in consultation with the States representatives in the Legislatures.

The States will be expected to contribute to Imperial Defence. In this connection, it may be mentioned, that a hot discussion is going on between certain States and the Government, the former contending that they made their contribution to defence when they ceded territories to the British Government and cannot be called upon to do more now.

The matter is, therefore, still open.

The "Frontier Gandhi" driving through the streets of Bombay with Mrs. Naidu.

Communal Award

Most people will be surprised to hear that there is a possibility of the Communal Award undergoing revision after all.

Whitehall is considering the question of changing the Award, not in terms either of the demands put forward by the Hindus or those advanced by the Mussalmans but on the acceptance of the principle that no minority which is equivalent to a majority shall be displaced by being put in the position of a real minority.

What is meant by this is that, for instance, in Bengal where the Hindus are 46 per cent as against 52 per cent of Mahomedans they should not be given the position of an actual minority community by the terms of any Award. This would apply also to the Punjab. How it is to be applied, however and how it would solve the present deadlock remains to be seen.

FRESH ELECTIONS HELD AT AJMER

Bhargawa Stresses Need Of Unity Among Congressmen

The Secretary of the Rajputana Provincial Congress Committee writes from Ajmer under to-day's date:

To hold fresh elections as ordered by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel, the Provincial Congress met on Thursday at 1 p.m. in Brahmpuri. Representatives from all districts attended.

A heated discussion ensued about the President of the meeting. In the meanwhile Moulana Moiunddin, President of the Jamiat-Ulema-Hind and other Muslim members left for Zohar prayers. Nothing was formally decided.

Mukat Biharilal, the Congress candidate, Mr Sethi and Mr. Bhargawa addressed the meeting stressing the need for unity and urging members to save the Congress and its election campaign from being sabotaged. Whereupon the contesting parties agreed to entrust the elections to an arbitration of seven men.

Consequently the members dispersed without arriving at any formal decision. Later it was learnt with great surprise that Mr. Haribhao had wired to President Patel saying that elections were held formally. This enraged the entire Congress camp

Elections Held.

Consequently the meeting of the Congress was held formally last night in the Congress House. Mr. Gouri Shankar Bhargawa presided. The elections were held with the following results:—

Pundit Arjunlal Sethi (President), Moulana Moinuddin (Vice-President), Mr. Gourishankar Bhargawa (General Secretary). Messrs. Baba Narsinghdas and Amlakchand (Secretaries), and Shrimati Gomtidevi (Treasurer).

The following were elected members of the All-India Congress Committee:

Messrs. Pandit Arjun Lal Sethi, Gourishankar, Bhargawa, Bhiey Sing, Pathik, Jamaluddin Makhmoor, Nathmal Chodia, Baba Narsinghdas and Swami Kumaranand.

AGRA DELEGATES START FOR BOMBAY

AGRA CITY, Oct. 19.

Seth Achal Singh, the President of the Agra Congress Committee, with Mrs. Sethji has to-day left for Bombay to attend the Congress as delegates. Sethji will be staying with Mr. Naraindas Kedarnath, Bullion Exchange Kharlkuan in Bombay.

He proposes to address meetings of Oswal and Jain youths as he is the President of the All-India Oswal and S. S. Jain.

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IN THE STUDIOS----ON THE SCREEN

"BULLDOG DRUMMOND" (PATHE)—"PARIS INTERLUDE" (REGAL)—"AMRIT MANTHAN" (KRISHNA) —"HOUSE OF ROTHSCHILD" WELLINGTON

81. Princess Street, Bombay 2.

Zelma O'Neil in a scene from "Give Her a Ring," at Excelsior.

"GIVE HER A RING"

At The Excelsior

"Musical comedy. Slight story of flirtatious complications born of mixed-up "dates" between two philandering couples. Production proves light-hearted specimen of species effortlessly scoring on dexterous blend of piquant flirtatious incident, large scale cabaret detail, catchy song, sprightly back-chat and appealing romance, all narrated in refreshing atmosphere of musical comedy inconsequence, and superbly backed by lavish spectacular staging which at times strikes note of genuine novelty. Snappy direction, spirited portrayal, fluent camera-work, excellent recording, clever cutting and fine all-round technique. Safe production for popular showman. In its stage form, "Giver Her a Ring" proved a big success at the London Hippodrome, and there seems no reason whatever why the film version should not secure an even greater appeal, thanks to its brilliant staging, resourceful direction and spirited all-round portrayal. As is the pleasant way of musical comedy, the story does not call for any profound thought, but the entire production readily cashes in on the accepted ingredients of the species, and its sparkling comedy, its bevies of pretty girls, and its opulent spaciousness, combine in a light-hearted entertainment which must inevitably bring balm to the tired business man and his partner of the idle hour. To give a nut-shell version of the narrative, it will suffice to say that it concerns the flirtatious complications of Paul and Karen with Trude and Otto in a Swedish city. Paul is director of the local telephone exchange, and he makes a date with an irate subscriber—he likes the sound of Trude's voice; Karen is a telephone operator, and she makes a date with Otto because he pleads so desperately that he is at a loose end. The assignations become mixed up, however, and it is Paul whom Karen meets, and Trude who philanders with Otto. Karen being unaware that she is flirting with her boss, while Trude thinks she is being entertained by the telephone chief! Such is the frail basis of an entertainment which is ever an appeal to the eye, and which in its rapid interchange of sparkling flirtatious incident, catchy song, peppy cabaret interlude, and hearty wise-cracking patter from Trude, may be summed up as the sort of fare for which the populace has constantly evidenced an avide appetite. Add to this the sheer ocular appeal of the spacious and artistic settings—notably of a revolving restaurant, a genuine novelty, this—and the productions all-round appeal will hardly be denied. As to the portrayal, this affords Clifford Mollison and Wendy Barrie fullest opportunities for an exposition of their unquestioned talents in musical comedy histrionics in the roles of Paul and Karen respectively—and with Zelma O'Neal providing a peppy Trude, and Eric Rhodes and effectively stolid Otto, the main characterisations leave nothing to be desired. In smaller roles, Bertha Belmore again emphasises her gifts as a low comedy actress in the part of a grim telephone supervisor, and Olive Blackeney is an excellent choice as Otto's hen-pecking better half."

LOADED MYSTERY

At Pathe

Ronald Colman makes a triumphant return to the screen after two years' absence from pictures, in "Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back" and John Cromwell could not have chosen a happier vehicle for their star than this thrill-packed sequel to the delightful "Bulldog Drummond," which brings him back in the characterization most beloved of his fans.

Colman is his own charming self, and the script, which Edmund Johnson prepared from the latest novel by H C McNeile, creator of the dashing adventurer, is rich in that suave humor which the star is so excellent at putting across.

"Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back" finds the lovable adventurer returned from a big game hunting expedition to attend the wedding of his friend Algy to a charming young beauty named Gwen. Lost in a London fog, he wanders into a deserted house and finds the body of a murdered man. When he returns with the police, he is baffled to find the sinister Prince Achmed, apparently spending a quiet evening at home with his daughter. When Lola Field, a beautiful, hysterical girl, comes to him and sobs out a mysterious tale of an uncle who had vanished from the Prince's house Drummond determines to solve the riddle at any cost—and calls in the reluctant Algy to help him. It would be unfair to reveal the plot in further detail, but we promise you will get more than your share of thrills, suspense and laughter as you watch this smart fresh, swift-paced mystery thriller unroll. Colman has never been seen to better advantage and the other players, particularly Warner Oland as Prince Achmed, Loretta Young as Lola, Charles Butterworth as Algy, Una Merkel as Gwen, C. Aubrey Smith as Inspector Nielson of Scotland Yard and Kathleen Burke as Achmed's daughter, are perfectly cast and turn in performances of uniform excellence. Despite your age or cinema preferences you're bound to enjoy 'Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back!"

"TARZAN AND HIS MATE"

At The Carlton

The yearning for adventure that is latent in every human is given a thrilling expression in "Tarzan and His Mate" jungle film continuing the experiences of Johnny Weissmuller and [illegible] ler is to be repeated for a 2nd week at the Carlton.

Almost from the first scene there is a series of "punch" incidents to capture audience interests. Struggles between man and beast on land in the water are blended into one of the most powerful dramas of conflict ever screened.

The supporting cast includes such notable players as Nell Hamilton in the role of Harry Holt, that he played in the original "Tarzan the Ape Man" and Paul Cavanaugh as a convincing "heavy" Forester Harvey contributes his unique Cockney comedy-highlights; with Doris Lloyd, William Stack, Desmond Roberts and Nathan Curry scoring in small roles.

TUFANI TARUNI

Now At West End

After four weeks' successful run at Roxy talkies Ranjit's Chandulal Shah production Tufani Tarani is showing at the West End Talkies from this week

"THE HOUSE OF ROTHSCHILD"

At The Wellington

George Arliss will always be lovingly remembered for his great characterisation of Nathan Rothschild in his masterpiece [illegible] Rothschild" which is screened this week at the Wellington owing to persistent demand. Those who have already seen this gigantic picture recently at this very picture-house recently when it created such a sensation and furore in Bombay use only superlatives when then talk about it—indeed one could do nothing else, and there is no enough space to write all that one would like to write. A great film is this story of the love and devotion of the five brothers and the building of the Rothschild millions. It traces the fascinating history of the family whose devotion to the instructions of their dead father, and their own unity resulted in their rise to power—now they used that power to maintain peace—and in order to maintain that peace they risked their vast resources in order that Napoleon should be crushed and Europe should be free from wars. Tense moments in the picture are very vividly portrayed when Nathan Rothschild is faced, single-handed with the necessity of keeping up the British stockmarket, and gives the order to buy, buy till even his great resources are strained. The film is Arliss and more Arliss. He dominates it and is magnificent in his domination. He has several great scenes. Boris Karloff as Ledrantz, C Aubrey Smith as the Duke of Wellington, Loretta Young as Nathan's daughter Julie, Robert Young as Capt. Fitzroy and Helen Westley as the mother of the Rothschild, as well as Mrs Arliss support the star splendidly. There is a smooth running story, powerful dramatic scenes, and a beautiful love interest which combine to make an impressive compelling and fiery masterpiece picture splendidly produced and brilliantly acted. Arliss, of course, takes the honours, but Karloff, Aubrey Smith and Helen Westley all deserve honourable mention, while there is not a weak character in the whole film. The closing sequences are in technicolour. "The House of Rothschild" is a film that can really be called great. It is being screened at the Wellington.

Sjt. VITHALBHAI PATEL'S FUNERAL PROCESSION FILM

At The West End

The film snatched at the funeral ceremony of late Vithalbhai Patel, last year, of the funeral procession is being shown at West End this [illegible] charges of 55-5-3) for 2,335 pieces of dresses unusual?
Movietone Company.

Ronald Colman makes a triumphant return to the screen in "Bulldog Drummond Strikes Back" which will have its run at Pathe from to-day.

"Paris Interlude" starring Madge Evans with Robert Young comes to Regal this week.

"THE CIRCUS CLOWN"

At The Capitol

When a man bites a dog, that's news! But when Joe Brown bites a lion—that's comedy ... fast and furious, rough and ready, as only Joe Brown at his funniest can give you. Joe, as a crazy, lovable circus clown is grand entertainment for both young and old. From the moment he runs away from home to follow in his dad's footsteps in the circus he falls into such ridiculous and laughable scrapes that only the sheer artistry of Joe E. Brown's characterization of a circus clown, can make an audience believe real. Imagine Joe as the "Man on the flying trapeze!" Picture Joe keeping cool while the lions get hotcha! See Joe make his way in the circus getting the biggest job there is...elephant washer! He sure gets to be a big man. As he says when he works for the knife-thrower, "Things are sure coming my way." I know I am not letting my enthusiasm get the better of me when I say that Joe E. Brown has never been funnier than in his new comedy "The Circus Clown." For his supporting cast, Joe Brown not only has a number of Hollywood's favorite stars, but also many of the greatest aerialist, clowns and acrobats the circus world has to offer. All in all, if you are a movie fan, a comedy fan, a circus fan or a Joe E. Brown fan, we can easily recommend this picture as one of the funniest comedies to come out of Hollywood in many a moon. Bring the whole family to see Joe Brown in "The Circus Clown" for an evening of continuous laughter. It's playing at the Capitol Theatre from to-day all this week. Don't miss it! The programme also includes an all-technicolour musical comedy entitled "Service with a Smile" featuring Leon Errol and the most beautiful girls in Hollywood.—A gorgeous short!

CONGRESS TALKIE

All India Congress Session at Bombay will be photographed and recorded and picturized into a talkie to be made by the Ranjit Movietone Co., of Bombay. The speech of the Congress president and the lectures and discussions of other national leaders at the Congress Session will be presented by the Ranjit Movietone on celluloid. The Congress functions at night will also be caught by the Camera through the help of powerful illumination of flash lights.

MILL WORKER STABBED

Motive Undisclosed By Alleged Assailant

At 5-30 p.m. on Friday morning a mill-hand employed in the Indian Manufacturing Mill was stabbed by another worker. The victim's injuries were so severe that his dying deposition was recorded by a magistrate at the J. J. Hospital. Later Sakharam Ganoo (22), was arrested by the Agripada Police, and placed before Mr. P. L. Thacker, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon. In asking for a remand the police stated that they could not find any motive for the assault, and the victim Ramji Dharma would not throw any light on the matter. The accused was remanded to custody for ten days.

Sjt. Pamandas Hiranand, a Congressman was released on Thursday after undergoing a term of 30 months' imprisonment in the Central Jail, Hyderabad.

AMRIT MANTHAN

At The Krishna Talkies

In Prabhat pictures characters are remembered; and the most impressive screen character is now come into the limelight—the immortal role of Rajguru by Chandramohan in 'Amritmanthan' the picture playing to crowded audiences at the Krishna talkies.

But it is not only his personality, fine acting and diction that have made him famous it is Prabhat, that has made this character effective. See the powerful story which conceived this wonderful role, hear the dialogues that build his character, the photography that magnifies his sinister menace, the recording that juggles with his voice and produces the terrifying effect, the art direction that sets him off as a figure outstanding among the mob—and finally the direction which gives him action, gesture, movement and individuality that few screen characters in India have achieved.

But Rajguru does not stand alone in "Amritmanthan". Look at Shanta Apte, the very opposite of that formidable man—a sweet little thing natural, human, appealing, what a wonderful role! She is Sumitra, the innocent the unfortunate girl of the story—her acting must be seen to be believed. And then again see Nalini Tarkhad—queen Mohini—dignified, charming but also very human. Sureshbabu a new screen find is easily one of the most delightful heros hitherto created—a fit consort for the little queen.

All this would be perhaps futile without the atmosphere of early Buddhistic India, which the art director has created; without the music which the music director has attuned to the spirit of the incidents, without the polished and original work of the cameraman and recordist.

"PARIS INTERLUDE"

At The Regal

Lindbergh's arrival in Paris, the great Artists' Masquerade in the Latin Quarter, a spectacular fashion,—snow, with beautiful women displaying the latest Paris finery in a replica of a famous fashion salon; these are some of the sensational details that embellish "Paris Interlude" current film attraction at the Regal Theatre. With a cast headed by Madge Evans, Otto Kruger, Una Merkel and Robert Young, the new comedy romance of Paris and its festive American colony is a mixture of comedy, drama and romance directed by Edwin L. Martin.

Kruger plays a suave American newspaper correspondent "covering" the Lindbergh arrival. Miss Evans is seen as the girl he julta and who, stranded in Paris, wins fame as a writer on fashions. Una Merkel plays the Comedy role of her companion, a cynical illustrator. Young is the faithful friend with whom in the end she finds happiness. Comedy is in the hands of Ted Healy as an American bar tender in Paris, Edward Brophy as the blundering well-intentioned newspaper reporter, and Bert Roach as a perpetual inebriate. George Meeker, Louise Henry and Richard Tucker are well cast in supporting roles. One of the most elaborate settings ever built at the M-G-M studio represents a huge fashion salon such as are maintained by Poiret and other famous designers. Here glamorous creations of Adrian are exhibited by beautiful mannequins. Another lavish setting is the great ballroom where the artists' colony gathers for a fantastic masquerade ball, such as is given annually in the French capital. Several hundred people appear as revelers in this sequence, in which hilarious comedy is provided by Edward Brophy and others. The programme also includes an all-colour oddity entitled "Fine Feathers" with witty explanatory notes by the famous old Bird-Man—Pete Smith. This is certainly an added attraction which all are bound to enjoy.

"Amrit Manthan" now shown at the Krishna."

George Arliss in "The House of Rothschild" comes again to Wellington.

Harijan Beaten By Garden Officer?

Strong Protest Against Court's Permission For Compromise—Demand For Justice In Public Interest

(From A Correspondent.)

RAJKOT, (By Mail).

A very sensational case came up for hearing before Mr. B. N. Sanjana, Chief Judicial Officer of Junagadh State. The Court room was thronged with legal practitioners and leading citizens.

The facts of the case in brief as alleged, are that, on or about August 7 last, Harijan Punja's bullocks were impounded by State Garden Superintendent Mr. Aiyangar. When Punja went to Mr. Aiyangar to request him to release his bullocks, he was asked to pay Rs. 10. Punja entreated that the sum was heavy, that he was unable to pay the amount and requested him to accept rupees five; thereupon, it is alleged that Mr. Aiyangar mercilessly beat Punja so much so that the poor fellow had to remain in hospital for 39 days as an indoor patient. All sorts of methods—threat, inducement, and influence were it is alleged, practised upon the poor Harijan for compromise. The Court granted the permission for compromise and the matter ended there. But as this incident has created a great sensation in the whole of Kathiawar and as the victim was a poor Harijan, public sympathy and attention were tense. One of the leading practitioners, Mr. Frabhulal Vakharia moved the High Court to set aside the compromise and the law to take its course in the interest of public justice.

Mr. P. L. Chudgar, Bar.-at-Law, a leading Counsel of Kathiawar appeared for the applicant. Mr. Chimanlal Nagardas Shah, Advocate was also with him.

ROUSING PUBLIC SENTIMENTS.

Before hearing any arguments, Mr. Sanjana put the applicant in the box and examined him. He stated that many facts mentioned in the petition were known to him personally and many he had collected from reliable documentary evidence. But the main importance of the questions was as to who sent the whole application to "Roshni" weekly paper of Rangpur to be published. He was feeling agitated over the publication which was rousing public sentiments.

"PERVERSE DISCRETION."

Mr. Chudgar then addressing the Court stated that the public sense of justice was greatly offended and annoyed by the sanction given by the lower court to compromise the case. Sanction can only be given after sound and judicial discretion. There is not a single solid reason advanced by the lower court to permit compromise. On the other hand, the facts of the case are such that no Magistrate with any sense of responsibility, with any notion of public justice and safety, could have ever consented to such a thing and the discretion is perverse. It is a case in which a High State Officer, in the colour, guise and show of his authority is alleged to have beaten most brutally and mercilessly a poor and helpless Harijan in the circumstances which can not be described otherwise than highly deplorable.

Questioned by the Chief Judicial Officer as to how he said that it was done in the show of his authority and that the beating was brutal, Mr. Chudgar replied he was prepared to prove it by evidence that it is in defence of public justice, safety and public sense of responsibility that he is requested the Judge not to allow the compromise stand a single moment simply because the Officer could manage to pay a sum to the complainant, who declares now not to proceed further. I am also prepared to prove that the complainant has been won over by influence and threats. Whatever it may be, it is not the Harijan but the brutality and the atrocity of the crime which demands a trial. In this case, the beating was so serious that a dying declaration had to be recorded, the victim had to remain in hospital for 39 days with a leg paralysized and spinal cord slightly ruptured along with numerous other injuries including breaking of tooth. I can cite number of authorities to show that compromise is disallowed under similar circumstances.

NO COMPROMISE.

Mr. Sanjana:—Do you mean to say that a High Officer, in momentary madness in the false notion of his importance, looses temper and beats a Harijan brutally as alleged by you, he can have no chance of repentance. Religion preaches forgiveness.

Mr. Chudgar: But where is a case of repentance by Mr. Aiyangar? If the complainant had been allowed to narrate what had actually taken place and then if Mr. Aiyangar had publicly expressed his feelings of sorow and repentance, the case would, no doubt, stand on a different footing. But here influence, threat and money have won over the complainant. Compromise, under the circumstances, will leave bad moral effects and impressions that State Officers can indulge in beating on the strength of money.

Mr. Sanjana:—When the lower court, familiar with the habits and other circumstances of his district allows compromise, how can I interfere?

Mr. Chudgar:—It would be painful and derogatory to suppose that the lower court knew that the Officers of Junagadh State are so easily irritable and the Harijans so used to beatings, that such incidents are only trifles.

DIVERS OPINIONS.

Mr. Sanjana said, after all it is a question of opinion and I do not see any reason to interfere. The court arose with the last marks of Mr. Chudgar "let me tell Your Honour now that hundreds of decent and honest citizens of Kathiawar and beyond, hold just the reverse opinion expressed by Your Honour."

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"TARZAN AND HIS MATE"
Thrills that make your blood run cold!
It's the last word in screen sensation!
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Separate Wards For Workers And Peasants?

Delhi Congress To Consider Scheme For Doing Away With Party Feelings During Elections

NEW DELHI, Oct. 16.

With the main object of doing away with party feelings among Congressmen, to make them work more vigorously and to reform the present system of election of members to the District Congress Committee, the Ward Sub Committee has formed new rules regarding the division of the city into wards and the election of members. The Sub-Committee claims that by separating Labourers' and Peasant wards it would be solving the difficulty of the Socialists. It is intended to employ the same rules in the election of members as are employed in the case of Assembly elections.

The draft rules have been circulated to the members for opinion and will be next considered at a meeting of the District Congress Committee.

FOR DELHI PROVINCE

"The following are the draft rules:"

In the opinion of the Committee it seems essential that to ease and improve the management of and election of members to the District Congress Committee Delhi Province should be divided in 24 wards in the following way:

1. The City (Old Delhi) be divided into 16 wards the same as those of the Municipal Committee.
2. New Delhi be one separate ward.
3. One ward be allotted to the labourers and employees of all the Mills
4. Like the five parts into which the rural area of Delhi is divided from the point of view of the police (there being five police stations) the rural area of the Province be divided into five wards.
5. One ward be allotted to those labourers who are connected with duly registed Unions and Panchayats.

FOR DELHI DISTRICT.

"The following are the draft rules for the election of member to the Delhi District Congress Committee."

1. No ward will be entitled to send more than four members to the D.C.C.
2. No ward which does not claim more than 150 four-anna members cannot send a member to the D.C.C.
3. Each ward will be entitled to elect one member for every 150 four-anna members, but no ward can send more than four members, may be that this ward has many times more than 600, (i.e. four times 150) four-anna members.
4. Only those persons will be considered mill labourers who are in the regular employ of a mill, including those on leave due to sickness or other reasons i.e. the unemployed will not be counted as labourers.
5. One can be a four-anna member only from the ward in which he resides or has his business in. He cannot be a member from another ward.
6. A four-anna member of one ward cannot vote for a candidate of another ward.
7. Each candidate can stand in any ward excepting the Peasants or Labourers' ward.
8. From the Labourers' ward only a tregular labourer can stand.
9. From a Peasants' ward only a peasant is entitled to stand, but the resident of one Peasants ward can stand from another Peasants' ward.
10. The candidature of a member from a particular ward will be seconded by a four-anna member of that ward.
11. Each candidate's nomination will have to be attested by himself in writing excepting in the case where he is in jail in connection with some political offence.
12. 1-1/2 months before the date of election the electoral roll will be closed and one month before that date it would be published and be on sale
13. Nominations will be made a fortnight before the date of election and a week before the papers will be scrutinised.
14. The election of each ward will be finished in one day and the elections of all the wards will be held on one and the same day.
15. The ballot paper system will be adopted.
16. Other rules of elections will be in accordance with the Assembly elections.
17. The D.C.C. functioning at the moment will appoint members to enrol four-anna members.—A. P.

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An Inferno of human struggle with a dynamic love-story!
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Congress Session — Bombay Difficulties

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TO-DAY

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and therefore film should be postponed until the Congress Session of Bombay is over

You please see the columns of this paper for detailed information.

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NEVER IT WILL STOP !!!! FOR WEEKS TOGETHER !!!!
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PRABHAT'S AMRITMANTHAN!
with SHANTA APTE, NALINI TURKHED, SURESHBABU and CHANDRAMOHAN
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How a MYSTERY that puzzled the world's tyre users is SOLVED by the *astonishing* new

Test drivers force speeding cars day and night—brakes are relined every 72 hours. Engineers find cause and cure of fast tyre-wear—build amazing tyre that gives 43% longer non-skid mileage.

43% LONGER NON-SKID MILEAGE

IT just didn't seem reasonable. We knew tyres were being made better than ever before.

Yet treads on ALL MAKES of tyres were mysteriously wearing out too fast!

Goodyear Accepts Challenge

Something was wrong. But WHAT? The Goodyear engineers were called together to discuss the mystery. "Ferret out the cause and solve it!" they were ordered.

It was baffling until a peculiar fact was noticed. The trouble seemed most severe in regions of rocky terrain. Did that mean anything? We sent there and secured samples of road soil—sharp, jagged granite grit.

We used this grit to make huge "grindstones" on which we tested the wear-resistance of scores of new tread designs. In these cruel tests one tread outlasted all others—a design the engineers called, simply, "G-3."

At the same time the real cause of the mystery was found. It was the new modern cars! Faster starts, higher speeds, quicker stops were overburdening tyres. STOUTER TYRES WERE NEEDED!

The Amazing Solution

"G-3" seemed to be the answer. But factory tests were not enough. So Goodyear Test Fleet drivers were given these orders:

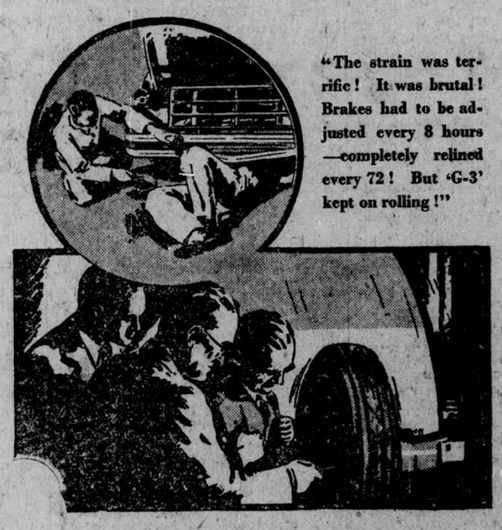
"See how good 'G-3' is. Speed up to 50 miles an hour—jam on the brakes every two miles—keep it up night and day!"

Under that brutal mauling brakes burned out every 8 hours—had to be relined every 72. Cars broke down under the strain—BUT THE "G-3" KEPT ON AND ON!

IT OUTDISTANCED ANY PREVIOUS GOODYEAR—AND KEPT ITS GRIP TWICE AS LONG AS ANY OTHER WELL-KNOWN MAKE OF TYRE!

Here Are the Improvements In Goodyear's New "G-3"

See this great new "G-3" All-Weather Tread Tyre to-day. See the improvements that make this unparalleled wear possible. Here's what you get.



"The strain was terrific! It was brutal! Brakes had to be adjusted every 8 hours—completely relined every 72! But 'G-3' kept on rolling!"

"In factory tests it stood up amazingly."

YOU GET THE BROADER ROAD CONTACT OF A FLATTER, WIDER ALL-WEATHER TREAD.

YOU GET QUICKER-STOPPING AND THE GREATER ROAD GRIP OF MORE NON-SKID BLOCKS IN THE CENTRE.

YOU GET THE EASY STEERING AND SMOOTH TRAVEL OF WIDER RIDING-RIBS.

YOU GET MORE RUBBER IN THE TREAD—AN AVERAGE OF TWO POUNDS MORE PER TYRE.

YOU GET FREEDOM FROM CARCASS FAILURE WITH EXTRA-RESILIENT SUPERTWIST CONSTRUCTION AND HEAVIER, SUPER-STRONG BEAD.

—all of which adds up to

43% MORE NON-SKID MILEAGE AT NO EXTRA COST TO YOU!

Costs Nothing Extra

This heavier tread puts more strain on sidewalls, but Goodyear's exclusive, extra-durable, extra-elastic SUPERTWIST CORD construction more than takes care of that!

And although this astonishing Goodyear "G-3" gives you many extra advantages—IT COSTS YOU NOTHING EXTRA.

WARNING

Remember, you have to have "non-skid", before you can have "non-skid mileage". And to have "non-skid", you have to have GRIP where you see it here—GRIP in the centre of the tread—the place where it counts, because it's the spot where the tyre contacts the road. Look at the grip of this Goodyear Tyre and ask yourself why buy any tyre that lacks this safety? And keep in mind that you cannot successfully build this type of non-skid tyre without the extra-durability of Supertwist Cords.

GOODYEAR

"G-3" COSTS US MORE TO BUILD—BUT—COSTS YOU NO MORE TO BUY

Dhariwal

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GANDHIJI'S AMENDMENTS VERY RADICAL

Provincial Committees Must Discuss Them Thoroughly, Says Karnatak Leader

(From Our Correspondent.)
HUBLI, October 18.

Prominent Congress workers met at Dharwar yesterday and considered Mahatmaji's latest statement. Sjt. Hukkerikar, General Secretary, Karnatak Provincial Congress Committee issued the following statement:—

With due respect to Mahatmaji, we some workers of Karnatak, after careful consideration come to the conclusion that the amendments proposed are very radical and ought first to be discussed thoroughly by all provincial committees.

Time given for such discussion is too short. If at all the amendments must be considered, this session of the All-India Congress Committee must be empowered to give a final decision after duly consulting all provincial committees. Regarding reduction of the delegates' number it is agreeable, provided the delegates' function remain as it is to-day.

NO REMEDY.

If one delegate per thousand registered members be the rule the urban areas will predominate and the corruption and evil sought to be removed by Mahatmaji will remain. The number of members on the roll is no criterion of support to the Congress especially, the rural areas. By experience, we find, though the numbers enrolled is small, other Congress work is sufficiently progressive on account of general sympathy. In effect, both the Annual Congress session as it is to-day and the All-India Congress Committee will be ineffectual.

The ruling power will be the president which means the dictatorship, which is inappropriate for normal times. While choosing his cabinet, the president should select at least one from each province.

NO TEST OF HINDI KNOWLEDGE

Regarding Hindi signature, it is no sign of Hindi knowledge for any educational test. The rule is likely to remain nominal and defeat its object.

The suggestion of the delegates present at this session choose the future provincial committees is very imperfect as distant provinces send as usual, very few delegates. Hence it is ridiculous to ask those few to choose the whole provincial committees. The suggestion to create an independent department for village industries is welcome.

Our Dharwar Letter

STRONG SUPPORT FOR HOSMANI

Mr. Gangolli Withdraws In Favour Of Congress Candidate

(From Our Correspondent.)
DHARWAR, Oct. 16.

The Scrutiny of the namination papers filed by Rao Bahadur B.L. Patil M.L.A., Mr. Shiddappa Hosamani (Congress nominee) and Mr. V. N. Jog M.L.C. took place yesterday before the Returning officer, the Commissioner S. D. at Belgaum. All the three papers were held to be valid. Mr. G S. Gangolli of Karwar withdrew his candidature in favour of Mr. Hosamani. Mr. Hosamani has secured an overwhelming support in all the six districts of the Southern Division including two districts of Ratnagiri and Colaba of Maharashtra.

VOTE FOR HOSAMANI.

The following appeal has been issued to the voters of Colaba and Ratnagiri:—

"It is your duty to vote for Mr. Shiddappa Hosamani who has been nominated by the Congress Parliamentary Board to contest the Assembly seat from the Southern Division.

As the two districts of Maharashtra, Colaba and Ratnagiri have been included in the Southern Division, it is necessary that the voters of these two districts should vote only for Mr. Hosamani. Considering his self-sacrifice and service to the motherland, there is no better candidate from this division. We therefore appeal to you to cast your vote in favour of Mr. Hosamani only."

This appeal has been signed by many Congressmen.

MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The authroities of the Dharwar Municipal Borough tried to have the triennial elections postponed for a year more. But the voters having strongly protested against this move, the commissioner S. D. has turned down this move and has decided to have the elections in due course. It has now been announced that the date fixed for the general elections is 31st January 1935, and the dates for filing the nomination papers, scrutiny etc. have also been fixed The voters' rough list is also published, and there is a great rush of voters to have their names included in the list.

The local Congress Committee has decided to put congressmen during the ensuing Municipal Elections, and capture as many seats as possible. It is also estimated that, not less than 16 seats may be captured by Congressmen out of the 24 seats.

"NIPPONESE" ENGLISH!

TOKYO, (By Mail).

Foreigners in Yokohama are amused by the shocking English in which the Yokohama municipality's and prefecture's joint notice is written.

The English is so poor that the important message on perpetual lease is expressed in its opposite sense.

One of the foreigners requested for several copies of the notice for the purpose of sending them abroad.

Our Poona Letter

DICTATORSHIP ON WESTERN MODEL

Rulers Of Some Indian States Want To Copy It?

(From Our Correspondent).
POONA, Oct. 17.

Presiding at a public meeting of the Poona Citizens held last evening to commemorate the Deccan States peoples week, Mr. N. C. Kelkar said "rulers of the States now want a dictatorship of the type which they see in some Western countries; but the sooner they realised that it was impossible in this age of democracy the better."

MYSTERIOUS ARREST

Poona police have arrested at Saswad, a place about ten miles hence, a youth by name Khisti who is a resident of the place, The cause of the arrest is unknown.

Balukaka Kanitkar, a staunch Congress worker is delivering in all parts of the city a series of lectures on "Congress and Assembly elections" to advocate support for Congress candidates.

A SOCIETY WEDDING

Marriage was solemnised yesterday of Dr. Narayan Bhikaji Parulekar, M.A., Ph.D. (New York), editor "Daily Sakal", Poona with mademciselle Shanta Pommeret, B.A., (Dijon University), Bachelor of Law (Paris University) daughter of Professor Pommeret, Agrege de l'Universite, and officer de l'Instruction Publique Franchise at 17, Boat Club Road according both to Hindu rituals and also according to Civil Marriage Act. The couple was congratulated by Mr. N. C Kelkar, Prof. N. G. Naraikar, Dewan Bahadur Godbole and others.

Prabha's new Talkie Picture "Amrit Manthan" which has been released here has proved a huge succtss.

COLLEGE GIRLS OBSERVE HARTAL

LAHORE Oct. 19.

The authorities of Kinnaird College for women, Lahore did not observe October 17 as Dussehrah Holiday and as a protest the Hindu girls did not attend the classes that day. The Muslim and Christian girls also joined them.—United Press.

AIR MAILS DELAYED

Owing to the late arrival of the Imperial Airways East-bound 'plane at Karachi on Thursday (18th instant) London-India air mails on which proper air fee for air transit in India has not been paid and which in the ordinary course were expected to be received in Bombay by steamer on Saturday, will be received here on Sunday October 21, and will be issued out by 12-30 p.m. delivery the same day.

The nominations of seven Sikh candidates including Sardar Mangal Singh, an Akali leader and Mr. Harban Singh Brar the sitting member were accepted yesterday for East Punjab Sikh Constituency.

Our Ajmer Letter

ADVOCATE'S APPEAL REJECTED

'Plane Has Right To Enter Every House', Says Magistrate

AJMER, Oct. 14.

An appeal made by Mr. Jivandlal Datt, Advocate, Ajmer who was fined rupees five for refusing a police officer to post a constable on his terrace, has been turned down.

The occasion for the posting of the constable arose when on the 16th October last, an Arya Samaj procession was passing on the road opposite his house

Mr. Datt justified his refusal by stating that there was a childbirth in his house of a few days' recency, and moreover he was not given any previous intimation.

In confirming the sentence of the Lower Court, the Sessions Judge remarked that such occasions necessitated police control, and in view of that all facilities should be given to them by the public, the police had every right to enter any private house.

FAST UNTO DEATH.

As a protest to the Ajmer Municipality sanctioning an erection of a new cinema hall, opposite the Puthree Girls' School five women appealed to the chairman, and stated that in the event of the licence being not withdrawn, they will undergo fast unto death.

The objection is that the running of a cinema close to a girls' school will afford bad characters to hover about the school, with ulterior motives. This objection is however discountenanced by the majority of the public who wonder how the girls can be molested when the school is a day school and there are no boarders.

LATE ORDER TO REFUSE ADMISSION.

The orders of the Superintendent of Education to Ram Gopal, who was a student of the "Government Normal Training School for Teachers" since July last, to leave the school on the grounds that he is over age, and does not belong to Ajmer-Merwara came as a big surprise as it was never expected that the management could have been so careless at the time the boy was admitted.

A parallel case is that of Mohammed Hanif, who was turned out from the "Government Mo'na Islamia High School" on the ground that he had failed in three subject in the last High School Examination, that he appeared for.

Both the boys have made representation to the Chief Commissioner, Ajmer-Merwara, Ajmer, for their cases to be righted.

MUNICIPALITY STAFF STILL RETAINED.

Orders for notices to be served on the Municipality's old staff have been withdrawn at the objection of the Chairman to the recommendation that the Executive Officer of the old staff should be retained on three months' trial.

LITTLE CHILD'S TRAGIC DEATH

A three-year old child who was playing near a cess in the Railway institute ground where his mother was working, in the Garden, fell into the cess without the mother knowing anything about it. When his absence was discovered, a frantic search was made, and the child's body was found in the cess in a half-dead condition. The child died at the hospital.

9TH CENTURY POTTERY WORKS DISCOVERED

Scientists Make Tests To Find Out Secret Of Tile Colouring

TASHKENT, (By Mail).

A large city block of ancient workshops occupying 1-1/2 square kilometres has been discovered during excavations in Merv, Turkmenia. Twenty-four large half-ruined ceramic workshops have been found, each consisting of a room for mixing clay, a room for a potter's-wheel, a drying room, and two ovens.

Experts believe that those shops date back to the 9th century.

Some of the pillars, cupolas and walls of Merv, Camarkand and Kokand, still preserve the brilliant colouring of their tiled surfaces.

Pottery shops of Merv sent their wares to Persia, Afghanistan, and other countries, but the secret of tile colouring was lost. Soviet scientists are trying to rediscover it, using the Merv finds for laboratory tests through which they hope to ascertain the chemical compositions used by the ancient artisans for their tiles.

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Angier's Emulsion is widely and successfully used in the treatment of consumption and in all forms of ill-health in which there is loss of weight. Pleasant to take, it promotes appetite, aids digestion and builds up weight and strength.

In addition to its tonic properties, Angier's Emulsion exerts a pronounced soothing, healing action which makes it invaluable for inflammatory and catarrhal affections of the lungs or digestive organs. Angier's Emulsion is strongly recommended for consumption, scrofula, rickets, anæmia, wasting bowel disorders and after any serious illness. It has won a splendid reputation throughout India.

The Most Palatable of all Emulsions.

A Doctor writes:— "I may say that Angier's Emulsion is not new to me. I was prescribing it freely 30 years ago when several pulmonary cases were under my care and I still recommend it."
Signed————, M.R.C.S., L.R.C.P.

Of all Chemists and Bazars in two sizes.

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K. F. NARIMAN
(the author of "WHITHER CONGRESS")

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Relief For Semi-Starved Village Population

KHADI SUPPLIES THE MUCH-NEEDED SUPPLEMENTARY OCCUPATION

The Secretaries of the Khadi Exhibition Committee writes:—

The hand-spun and hand-woven cloth produced from indigenous cotton in the villages of India is now popularly known as Khadi.

Khadi work has two fold objective.

1. It aims at inducing the villagers to make their own cloth in their own homes.

a. This will enable them to save the little money they may have.

b. It will help to revive the village arts and crafts.

c. It will give a sense of self reliance to the villagers.

2. It aims at giving relief to the semi-starved village population by supplying a much needed supplementary occupation.

REVIVAL AND DEVELOPMENT.

The art of spinning and weaving is still known so well in almost all parts of the country that this has greatly facilitated the revival. Earnest effort is also made to study the implements and processes in use and improvements are being steadily introduced in spite of the conversation that prevails in the villages.

Khadi work is entrusted to the All-India Spinners' Association. It has branches in all parts of the country and carries on self-sufficiency as well as production sale work directly through affiliated organisations.

Efforts have been made to present some tangible idea of the various activities of the Khadi work in the ensuing Exhibition.

The Exhibition comprises the following sections.

1. Self-sufficiency Court.
2. The Exhibits Court.
3. The Demonstration Court.
4. The Khadi Stalls.

The Self-Sufficiency Court will give an idea though naturally very inadequate of the work done by the villagers of various parts who have taken up the programme of making their cloth. It also contains numerous specimens of cloth prepared from yarn by Leaders and workers who are devoted to this programme and are trying to work out this idea to some extent in their life Self spinners will also be found amongst the people showing the processes in the Demonstration Court.

The Exhibits Court is an emporium of selected specimens of the production from all parts of the country. Small placards are attached to the articles describing the distinctive feature while the Photos help to give an idea of local life and colour.

The Demonstration Court is situated at the farthest end of the Exhibition ground and consists of several huts in which the spinners and weavers have come from various parts of the country to show the processes. These are almost all from the Agricultural classes who have taken up the work in the wake of the movement. It would be interesting to note that some of them have participated and lost their lands and property in the last struggle. They show that Khadi does not mean only economic relief but carries with it a spirit of genuine patriotism and self-sacrifice.

A POLITICAL PICTURE OF INDIA

(Continued from page 6.)

classified groups is their attitude towards one another. The Communists, because they claim to be the last word in advanced political thought, condemn all, specially the Socialists as "pseudo-socialists" and reformists who according to them go masquerading for the further exploitation of the masses. To the terrorists all those who do not combine their patriotism with terrorism, are traitors. The Congress as a whole almost pities the Liberals as "arm-chair politicians." Within the Congress ranks the recriminations proceed in the same order. The "No-Changers" generally assume an air of superiority and, perhaps, despise all those not of their way of thinking. The Congress Socialists look down on the Parliamentarians as "Sterile Constitutionalists" with "Reformist mentality" and so on. Accusations and counter-accusations are flung from one political party to another while the layman looks on bewildered, and wonders if the Trostkites will not arrive on the scene and call the Communist bargainers bargainers with "Imperialist brigands," since Russia has now joined that much-abused assembly of the League of Nations!

Faith In Congress

What is truth (?) muses the layman in desperation! To the impartial observer, it is quite obvious that the man in the street is most attracted by the programme of the Indian National Congress. In spite of the charge of "vagueness of objective" and the "failure to win Swaraj" in the last fourteen years, even after determined attempts, the man of average intelligence finds it has done more to arouse the masses to a consciousness of their political rights, which forms the rock-bottom of Democracy, than any other, political organisation. The man in the street realises that in spite of its many shortcomings the Congress has made definite attempts to give practical shape to its comprehensive socio-political programme and above all, he has implicit faith in that towering personality in the Congress, Mahatma Gandhi, because he embodies in himself all the aspirations and hopes of the people he represents. His hold on the masses remains supreme, because he alone identifies himself with the poorest and yet speaks on equal terms with the richest, who practises Socialistic principles, while others preach them, who, without antagonising the capitalist remains an ardent champion of the working classes, who mildly rebukes the landowner while espousing the cause of the down-trodden peasant. Paradoxical as these qualities sound, a man who embodies them alone can command the confidence of a country, which is in itself a great paradox; where primitive cultures vie with the twentieth century civilisation, and customs and traditions of a bygone age sway the lives of its millions. Those who quarrel with this half-blind following of a man of these seemingly contradictory traits, are not sufficiently conversant with the prevalent Indian mass psychology.

The picture, which has been so hastily and hurriedly described, is capable of a much fuller description, but it might become a little complicated unless tackled by a skilful artist. The description is insufficient because it fails to show what the ultimate result of all this feverish activity will be, but that is always the privilege of prophets. Without assuming the role of a prophet one may hazard an opinion inferred from the foregoing that until and unless the pall of inertia that envelopes our Indian masses is lifted the ultimate goal will remain wrapped up in a mist, as it is to-day. Most of the obstacles that stand in the way of the desired objective, are the accretions of a civilisation that has long ceased to keep pace with the strides of time. Unless a band of fiery crusaders attacks the age-long heritage of superstitions, customs, traditions, religious inhibitions and a mass of inherited tendencies which hamper all progress, the realisation of the ideal of a free India, in the fullest sense of the expression must remain a tantalising dream. No "political remedy" can succeed if those for whom it is meant, are apathetic and indifferent to their own future. If they choose to foster tendencies that go to make them an enslaved race, even the most ardent revolutionary will find his ardour waning when confronted with people who are impervious to the call of the new age, and choose to hark back to the dead past. In mutual recriminations among political parties one may find signs of the travail of a new birth; but it is a painful and ugly phase through which India is passing to-day.

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BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

Civil Appointments

Mr. Chimandas D. Motwani, Deputy Superintendent of Police, Hyderabad is granted leave on average pay for three months from 10th September 1934.

Mr. M. R. Sarmandal, B.A., to prosecute or defend on behalf of His Highness the Maharaja Holkar, Indore, any suits that may arise in connection with the possessions of the Indore State in the districts of East Khandesh, West Khandesh and Nasik, vice Mr. S. K. Gandhe.

Mr. A. G. Parulekar to act as Survey and Settlement Officer in charge of the survey of the woodland plots in the Thana District from 11th July to 8th August 1934.

Mr. A. K. Lonkar to act as Survey and Settlement Officer in charge of the survey of the woodland plots in the Thana District from 9th August to 10th September 1934.

Mr. S. N. J. Rathagar, on relief by Mr. D. B. Sothers, to be Divisional Forest Officer, Kanara Northern Division.

Mr. G. B. Phanse, Assistant Secretary to Government, Finance Department, is granted an extension of leave up to 8th November 1934.

Mr. K. R. Gunjikar, I.E.S., Professor of Mathematics, Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay out of India, Nepal or Ceylon, from the 13th October 1934 to the 31st December 1934 in continuation of the leave sanctioned to him.

Mr. S. D. Manerikar, B.A. (Cantab), to continue to hold the special temporary post of Professor of Mathematics at the Royal Institute of Science, Bombay, until Mr. Gunjikar's return to duty.

Dr. F. G. D'Souza, FRCSE, BMS.—Class I, to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Dhulia, on relief by Lieutenant-Colonel F. R. Thornton.

Dr. M. G. Oka, LM and S, BMS.—Class II, on relief by Mr. D'Souza, to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Broach and Panch Mahals, vice Dr. C. T. Dhruv.

Dr. C. T. Dhruv, LM and S, BMS.—Class I, on relief by Mr. M. G. Oka, to officiate as Civil Surgeon, Kaira, vice Dr. J. F. Henriques.

Mr. J. R. Philips, B.Sc. (Eng.), Lond., I.S.E., Executive Engineer and Deputy Secretary to Government Public Works Department, Irrigation and Railways, is granted leave for four months with effect from 5th January 1934.

(Orders regarding the relief of Mr. Philips will issue separately.)

On return from leave, Mr. Philips should resume charge as Deputy Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, Irrigation and Railways.

Mr. G. Davis, ICS, on return from leave, to be Secretary to Government, Legal Department and Remembrancer of Legal Affairs, Bombay, vice Mr. G. S. Rajadhyaksha, ICS.

Khan Bahadur Azimkhan Inayatalikhan Durani, on relief by Mr. H. M. Patel, ICS, to be Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind.

Mr. M. A. Awan, on relief, to be Assistant Deputy Registrar of Co-operative Societies in Sind vice Mr. Metharan Butani reverting.

Mr. S. M. Nagamiya, B.A. (Hon.) (Bom.), B.A. (London), as Lecturer in English at the Sydenham College of Commerce and Economics, Bombay, from the beginning of the next term commencing on 10th November, from the beginning of the current academic year vice Mr. J. E. Castellino.

Major A. Y. Dabholkar, MC, MBBS, BSc (Bom.), DPH, DTM and H (Lond.), IMS, is confirmed in the appointment of Director of Public Health for the Government of Bombay.

CEYLON T. U. C. & LABOUR PARTY

Annual Conference To Be Be Held In Colombo On Dec. 8

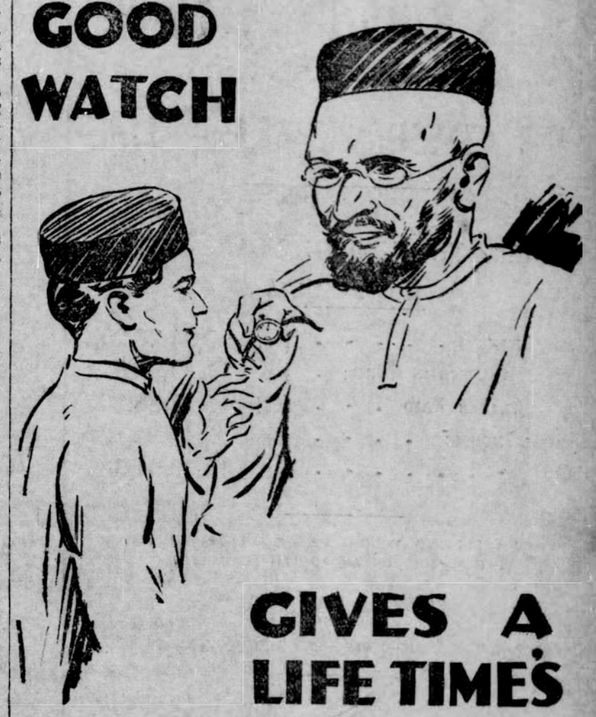
COLOMBO, Oct. 17.

At a joint meeting of the National Executive of the Ceylon Labour Party and the General Council of the All Ceylon Trade Union Congress, held at the Labour Headquarters, Colombo, it was resolved that the annual sessions of the Trade Union Congress and the Labour Party conference be held on December 8, 1934, at the Town Hall.

The Labour Festival Day was fixed for December 9, 1934 at Victoria Park, Colombo and it was resolved that His Excellency the Governor be invited to give away the prizes.—United Press.

The death has occurred of Lady Petter, the wife of Sir Ernest Willoughby Petter.

A GOOD WATCH



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MOSQUE FOR KHAR MUSLIMS

Plot Purchased With Aid Of Generous Donations

A largely attended public meeting of the Muslims of Khar, was held in the old Municipal Vegetable Market at Khar. More than 125 persons were present. Amongst those present were Messrs. Abdurrahman Haji Yakoob, Abdullabhai Karmali Jhaveri, Munshi Mahomed Kassim, Yussoof Haji Ahmed Bhabha, Syed Abdul Haq Kadri, Syed Mahomed Jaffer Shirazi, Dost Mahomed Karmali, Abdul Kadar Kassum Patel, Hoosein Ahmedbhai, Hamza Ahmedbhai, Abdul Gani Shamsuddin and Dilumiya Doober.

Mr. Abdurrahman H. Yakoob was voted to the Chair.

The Chairman placing matters on the agenda before the meeting expressed deep regret at the demise of a very useful and in every way competent member of the Managing Committe, namely Mr. Ahmed Kassum Patel.

PLOT FOR MOSQUE.

The Secretary in presenting the statement of accounts, said that after great efforts and troubles we have finally been able to purchase a suitable plot of land for the construction of a mosque at Khar.

The Secretary further said; "In the list of subscription the first sum of Rs. 200-0-0 was donated by a gentleman Mr. Cassumbhai Jamal, who sent the cheque by post on a mere letter from me, without waiting for any personal interview. Our thanks are also due to Professor Mian Mohammad Zuhuruddin Ahmed of Ismailia College, Jogeshwari, who greatly assisted us by getting subscriptions to our fund at the last moment when there was a deficit in the amount."

EXCELLENT WORK.

The Chairman then said that the retiring committee has done excellent work and said that someone should now propose either to confirm the same committee or to elect a fresh committee. Thereupon, Syed Mahomed Jaffer Shirazi proposed, seconded by Syed Abdul Haq Kadri, the following names which practically confirmed the existing committee with the exception of two names:—

Mr. Yusuf H. A. Bhabha, Chairman, Mr. Haji Nizamuddin Shamsuddin, Treasurer; Munshi Mahomed Kasim, Chowdhri; Mr. Abdul Kadar Kassum Patel, Secretary, Messrs. Mahomed Siddick Kaloo, Abdul Aziz Abdul Gafoor, Abdulla K. Jhaveri, Mian Mahomed Zuhuruddin Ahmed, Syed Abdul Hamid and Diloomiya Doober, members.

UNANIMOUSLY CARRIED.

The proposition was put to the vote and carried unanimously. Thereafter, Mr. Dost Mahomed Karmali proposed, seconded by Mr. Diloomiya Doober, that the existing Mutavallis who are also members of the Managing Committee, namely, Messrs. Nizamuddin Shamsuddin, Mahomed Siddick Kaloo, Abdul Aziz Abdul Gafoor, and Syed Abdul Hamid be for the present confirmed. The proposition was put to the vote and carried unanimously.

The chairman then said that the admission of Mr. Yusuf Bhabha, the purchaser of the portion of the land who is an enthusiastic worker for our cause, is greatly to be welcomed and garlanded him. Mr. Bhabha made a suitable reply and after a vote of thanks to the chairman, the meeting was dispersed.

BIHAR'S GRATITUDE TO VICEROY

RANCHI, (By Mail.)

About a hundred prominent citizens of Bihar representing the various districts affected by the earthquake, have addressed the following letter to His Excellency, the Governor of Bihar and Orissa, requesting him to transmit to His Excellency, the Viceroy, their message of gratitude and appreciation for the great work, which the Viceroy has done for the people of Bihar in organising the Earthquake Relief Fund. In the course of it is stated:—

We shall be grateful to His Excellency, the Viceroy for the great interest that he has taken in organising the Relief Fund, which has enabled the stricken people of the province of Bihar to obtain relief from suffering in their unprecedented misery and distress. We feel that it was kind of Lord Willingdon to have taken up so promptly, earnestly and zealously the question of organising a fund for the relief of the suffering humanity in Bihar, and in the neighbouring areas.—A. P.

VILLAGE UPLIFT IN RAJAPUR

Rs. 500 Donated To Agricultural School

(From Our Correspondent.)

RAJAPUR, October 16.

His Highness the Raja of Sawantwadi has donated Rs. 500 to the Agricultural School at Rajapur, which has been doing useful work in the matter of agricultural education and propaganda for the last five years. A demonstration of monsoon crops was recently held on the agricultural School Farm, on behalf of the T. D. Association of Rajapur, under the presidentship of Mr. V. V. Gadgil, Deputy Director of Agriculture S. C. D., Poona, when, Mr. Gadgil expressed satisfaction about the working of the School and impressed upon the audience the important role which the School was bound to play in respect of village improvement.

ESTABLISHMENT OF GRAMA-PANCHAYAT.

Under the auspices of the Rural Reconstruction Branch of the T.D.A., Rajapur, a meeting of the Khots and Cultivators was held recently in the Malpekar Villa at Kedavali, under the presidentship of Mr. G. M. Bailur, Mamlatdar, and it was unanimously resolved to establish a Village Panchayat for the three villages of Hardi, Kedavali and Fatharde, near Rajapur.

AMRAOTI'S CIVIC DEFENCE FORCE

Minister Appreciates Hanuman Vyayam Mandal's Activities

AMRAOTI, Oct. 18.

In connection with the celebration of the Dusserah Day the Civic Defence Force of Hanuman Vyayam Mandal, Amraoti held demonstrations yesterday in the Gairan Maidan under the presidentship of Mr. Khapardey, the Education Minister to C. P. and Berar Government. All the Government officials and over 10,000 persons were present at the function.

Mr. Khapardey was received by Mr. Dravid, the President of the Mandal and by Dr. Shahane, the President of Civil Defence Force. He inspected the different companies of the First Hanuman Battalion containing 16 platoons which offered general salute.

Mr. Dravid, President of the Mandal garlanded Mr. Khapardey who spoke for a few minutes. He said that this attempt of organising Civic Defence Force deserves all praise and he hoped that this Force would successfully undertake the defence work not only of the city but the whole province and society.

Mr. Dravid while thanking Mr. Khapardey on behalf of the Mandal said that Mr. Khapardey's relations with the Mandal had been intimate since long and there was much propriety in his presiding over the function, because this would clear our way to progress and receive recognition from official quarters.—United Press.

PRABHA SHANKAR & PRAJA PARISHAD

Stir Among Workers Of Bhavnagar State

(From Our Correspondent).

BHAVNAGAR, Oct. 17.

A party consisting of students, and the teachers of the Pupils' Own School of Vile Parle, Bombay came here yesterday. The party is going to stage a drama to-day in aid of the school. The rush for the tickets is very great and it is likely that the party may give one more night to the public.

PRAJA PARISHAD

The Bhavnagar States' people conference met about five years back at Botad. Kundla then gave the invitation for the next session. It could not be fulfilled on account of the National fight going in British India. This year it was proposed by the workers to hold the meeting at Umrala as there was famine in Kundla Maha. Sir Prabhashanker having come to know of this sent for the workers and it is said advised them to drop the idea of the conference as the subject of Bhavnagar States can easily approach His Highness and redress their grievances. Sir Prabhashanker seems to have also given a challenge to the workers to see that nobody gives them co-operation if they insist in holding the conference. This attitude of Sir Prabhashanker has created a great stir amongst the workers and it is understood that the meeting of the executive committee will shortly be held to discuss the question created by the present attitude of Sir Prabhashanker.

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TRADE & FINANCE

LARGE STOCKS OF GOLD AND SILVER AC_OUNT FOR FIRMNESS OF MONEY

De.line In Gilt-Edged Market

BREAK IN SILVER PRICES.

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent)
Bombay, Oct 19

MONEY

Money rates were firmer this week with call funds quoted at 3 to 3 1/2 per cent Stocks of gold and silver continue to mount and this probably accounted for the firmness. To-day, however, the rates eased somewhat to about 1 3/4 to 2 per cent. The trade demand as per the latest statement of the Imperial Bank shows an increase of Rs. 153 49 lacs The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One month 1 1/4 per cent, two months 1 1/2 per cent, three months 1 3/4 per cent and six months 2 to 2 1/2 per cent.

IMPERIAL BANK

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as on October 12th, 1934 shows a decline of Rs. 152.78 lacs in the cash balance of the bank now standing at Rs 24,37,55,000 as against Rs. 20.41 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 29 14, as decrease of 1.87 per cent under last week. Loans and Inland Bills discounted have risen by Rs. 71.56 lacs and Rs. 17 82 lacs respectively while Cash credits are down by Rs. 17.29 lacs. Government deposits show an increase of Rs. 88 23 lacs to Rs 7.32 crores while other deposits are down by Rs 76.99 lacs to Rs. 74.96 crores. The item of Government securities shows a rise of Rs. 81.41 lacs. The Bank rate stands unchanged at 3 1/2 per cent.

GILTEDGED MARKET

The giltedged market was a little quieter and prices eased off somewhat. The depressed conditon in all the markets during the latter part accounted for a fall of about 8 annas in 3 1/2 per cent Paper to Rs. 91-5. Tightness in the money market and small investment demand were responsible for the easier feeling. 3 per cent 1941 bonds were practically unchanged at Rs. 99-5. 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan closed at Rs. 101-6. 4 per cent 1960-70 loan showed no change at Rs. 107-7 while 1943 bonds receded by two annas to Rs. 105-6. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan closed at Rs. 108-2 and 1940-47 loan at Rs. 109-2. 5 1/2 per cent 1938 40 loan finished at Rs. 109-4 and 5 per cent 1945-55 loan remained unchanged at Rs. 117-7. 6 1/2 per cent Bombay Development Loan is quoted at Rs. 104-5 and 6 1/2 per cent Treasury bonds at Rs. 103-5.

EXCHANGE

Sterling exchange was steady, the monetary situation being mainly responsible for th strength. There were sellers for ready T T at 1/6 3/64 and buyers at 1/6 5/64 and it is reported that business was placed at 1/6 1/16d Fresh business in connection with export of gold was transacted this week though only to a samll extent. In the forward market 1/6 1/32 was available upto February 1935.

There were wide movements in the dollar sterling and the Paris/London crossrate, the tendency on the whole being for sterling to appreciate in terms of gold currencies. The dollar sterling quotation declined from dol 4 94 1/2 to 4 91 1/2 but firmed up at the close to 4 94. The Paris/London crossrate after opening at 74 05 eased off to 73 15/16 on Tuesday. At the close there was a sharp recovery to 74 86. The belga and the Italian Lira in London finished at 21.01 and 57.31.

GOLD.

Easier conditions characterised the gold market following an appreciation of sterling in terms of dollars and francs. The price of gold in London dropped from 143-1 to 142 8 1/2 at the beginning of the week, then improved to 143 1 but closed at 142-1. In the local market the quotation dropped from Rs 35-8-3 to Rs. 35-3. Business in gold was practically neglected owing to feverish activity in silver Arrivals from upcountry are unchanged at 15,000 tolas a day and stocks are heavy 18 lacs tolas. The quotation for sovereigns eased in sympathy to Rs 22 3 for ready and Rs. 22-3-6 for forward. Last week's shipment of gold per s s. "Rainchi" amounted to Rs. 5.22 lacs. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs. 35-8 3 and Rs. 35-3 for ready. 35-9-0 and Rs. 35-3-6 for 22nd October settlement and Rs. 35-10-6 and Rs. 35-4 9 for 22nd November settlement. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 44,934 in bar and coin

SILVER.

The upward tendency in the silver market which was manifest throughout last week continued during the early part of the current week, the quotation for ready reaching Rs. 68 per 100 tolas From this level, there was a sharp set back following a drop of a penny in the London quotation from 24 7/8d. to 23 7/8d. This was mainly due to heavy profit-taking by speculators. Furthermore, as a result of an increase in the duty on silver exports from China, the Shanghai market was disorganised, and the dollar fell to 1/3 5/8d. but closed at 1/4 5/16d In London the quotation raised during the early part of the week from 24 7/16d to 24 7/8d. but sharply reacted to 23 3/4d. at the close, for ready while forward closed 1/8d. higher at 23 7/8d. In the local market the quotation declined from Rs. 68 to Rs 64-10 but reacted slightly towards the close to Rs. 65-11. The daily offtake shows a slight improvement and average 50 bars a day while stocks on hand are still large at about 10,000 bars. The highest and lowest rates in our market were Rs 68 and Rs. 64-10 for ready, Rs. 68-2 and Rs. 64-12 for 27th October settlement and 68.5 and Rs. 65 for 26th November settlement The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 13,400 in coin.

SHARES.

The upward trend in the share market was checked early this week and there was liquidation in almost all series. The market grew quite panicky and dropped by 50 to 100 points in high priced issues. The turnover was large. At the lower levels, however, there were fresh purchases causing some recovery but this was lost towards the close.

In the miscellaneous section similar conditions prevailed and prices showed an all round recession. Tata Ordys advanced from Rs 98 to Rs. 103 8 and Deferreds from Rs 405 to Rs. 440 closing at Rs 98 and Rs. 407/8 respectively. Tata Power shares after improving to Rs. 129 8 closed at Rs. 128 3/8 Bombay Burmahs showed a small gain closing at Rs. 447/8. Bombay Trams were steady at Rs 158/2. Cement shares were quiet, Bondis closing at Rs. 93-4 and Indian Cements at Rs. 45 2 12. Railway shares showed little or no change in price movements.

Imperial Bank shares advanced to Rs. 1615 and Contributories to Rs 490. Bank of India shares changed hands at Rs. 118, and those of Central Bank at Rs. 33.

RAW COTTON SITUATION

Steadier Markets

Bombay, Oct. 18.

Messrs. P. Chrystal and Co., have issued the following weekly report:—

During the past week the undertone of the cotton market has been much better and there has been a further moderate recovery in prices. Just over a week ago the market had undoubtedly got into an oversold condition, when the American Administration announced they were going to throw their weight on to the side of the commodity markets. They further stated that there was no truth in the report there would be no restrictions of cotton acreage next season. As prices in the interior of the Cotton Belt had fallen below the 12 cent level, there was considerable short covering The recovery would have gone further but for the fact that trade reports from most consuming centres are not yet very satisfactory. During recent months bull speculators have been successful in the gold, silver, stock and share and several other markets Many of these, particularly in India, are now turning their attention to the cotton market, with the result that cotton has now more friends than was the case a few weeks ago. These traders have been given further encouragement by the recent announcement that the Egyptian Government would support prices in their country Should the improvement in sentiment which is now evident in the raw cotton market be extended to the market for manufactured goods, the markets all round will become much more healthy. With the peak of the movement of the American crop now over, we are inclined to look for steadier markets.

CROP OUTLOOK.

In the Bombay market, a moderate business has been reported with the Far East, but the turnover with Europe, whilst somewhat better than recently, is still on a very small scale. The local cloth market is still inactive, but stray sales have been reported, and there has been a little more demand for Indian staple varieties, the basis for which tends to firm up. Our Futures market has been largely in the hands of speculators most of whom are on the bull side being attracted by the low parity of Indian cotton, and being encouraged by Government support to American and Egyptian cottons. Indian crop prospects are about the same as they were a week ago. There has been further rainfall in the south of the Peninsula, and the weather has continued dry elsewhere. We adhere to our opinion that this year's Indian crop is unlikely to be larger than was produced last year.

NEW YORK SUGAR

New York, Oct 18

December 1 80—05
March 1.79—04
May 1 83—03
July 1.87—03

DECLINE IN GOLD

Bombay, Oct 19
5-30 p.m.

Dollar-Sterling cross rate improved to 4.95 1/2 to-day in London. This had a weakening effect on gold prices in the local market and was quoted at Rs 35/1.

LONDON SILVER
London, Oct. 18.

Silver—steady.
Spot 23 3/4
Forward 23 7/8

BAR GOLD
London, Oct. 18.

Gold Bars Fine per oz £7-2-1

LONDON PRODUCE
London, Oct. 18

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe parcels
Oct-Nov sellers 21/3
Wheat Barletta Russo parcels
Oct-Nov sellers 22/3
Wheat South Australian parcels
Oct-Nov sellers 26/3

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, Oct. 18.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent £68
Indian Stock 3 per cent 1948 or later £84
Indian Stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later £96 1/8
Indian Stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 £111 1/4
Consols 2 1/2 per cent £81 5/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961 £104 7/8
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952 £105 3/4
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90 £115
Victory Bonds 4 per cent £112 7/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China £15 3/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Reg) £136
National Bank of India £46 1/8
P and O Banking Corporation £10 3/4

LONDON METALS
London, Oct 18

Copper Braziers £39
Yellow Metal £37 3/8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands £12 1/4
Corrugated sheets 24 gauge £16 3/4
Tin English Ingots, Liverpool F O B £230 1/2

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURN
London, Oct 18

	This Week £
Total Bullion	192,600,000
Public Deposits	17,500,000
(a) Other Deposits	141,900,000
Government Securities	81,300,000
(b) Other Securities	20,500,000
Notes and Coins	75,400,000
Notes in Circulation	377,200,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities per cent	47.26 per cent
(a) Other Deposits including Bankers	104,500,000
(b) Other Securities including discount and advances	9,500,000

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Oct 19

After rapid and violent fluctuation yesterday late at night professional operators were free buyers which resulted in a sharp rally. The market is well liquidated and outsiders have suffered heavily. In the local market extensive teji-mandi business is always responsible for artificial supply and demand which ruins bona fide business.

London silver market was fairly steady on American buying on Thursday. Spot silver prices declined 1/8d to 23 3/4. Speculators including China bought and sold. India and America bought and the market closed steady with further buyers. New York silver declined 1 1/8 cents to 53 1/4 cents

Shanghai Exchange on London opened to-day at 1-3 3 4 against last closing 1-3 11/16 The tone of the market was erratic.

Dollar-Sterling cross rate closed at 4-94 3/4 in London and at 4 94 1/8 In New York. London Gold declined 6d to 147 2-1 London-Paris Exchange rate improved 25 points at 74 40.

In the local market December settlement opened at Rs. 65/12 and improved to Rs 66 on active buying and short covering but at the advance there was renewed nervous long liquidation which depressed prices to Rs 65/10. Prices in the local market are believe London parity and the general outlook remains promising Recent heavy long liquidation the technical situation considerably and we strongly favour purchases in all easy markets.

The gold market was quiet on easy London advices. Local stocks are fairly large but the general feeling remains optimistic.

Dollar sterling crossrate opened at 4 94 and later on was quoted 4 94 1/2. Paris/London Exchange was quoted in London to-day at 74 50. The local silver market ruled steady while the gold market was quiet.

Ready silver	65	10	0
November settlement	65	11	0
December settlement	65	15	0
Ready gold	35	2	6
November settlement	35	3	0
December setlement	35	5	0

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct 18

October 12.88 plus 01
November 12.81 plus 03

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct 18

October 59 1/4—1/4d
December 62 1/2d
March 66 1/8—1/4d
May 67 1/2d

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct 18

December 0.99 7/8—3/8c
May 1 00 7/8—1/8c
July 0.94 7/8—1/4c

NEW YORK COFFEE MARKET
New York, Oct 18

Fair Rio Coffee (No7 grade quality) 10 1/4

SEEDS
London, Oct. 18.

Linseed La Plata Hull c i f ton
Oct Nov sellers £10-5-0
Linseed Calcutta London c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £11 5 0
Linseed Bombay London c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £11-11-3
Rapeseed Toria (Hull Cong't) c i f ton
Oct-Nov sellers £10-8-9
Castorseed Bombay Hull c i f to n
Oct-Nov sellers £10-5-0
Cottonseed Bombay Hull c . f ton
No offers

GOODYEAR NEW TYRE

Designed To Meet Demand Of Faster Automobiles

A new automobile tyre designed to give greatly extended mileage on modern high speed automobiles was announced to-day by Goodyear.

The new Tyre, known as "G-3", was developed to reduce fast tread wear which has become rather common with the rapid improvement in motor cars.

Some of the factors that have controlled to rapid tyre wear are reduction in wheel diameters, increased get away and pickup, improved brakes and higher speeds made possible by increased engine horsepower.

Long development and test work in the Goodyear laboratories and on the highways have resulted in the new "G-3" All-Weather Tyre which averages 43 per cent increasd non-skid mileage.

The improved results were accomplised by widening and flattening the tread, increasing the number of non-skid blocks by arranging them closer together deepening the grooves between the blocks and widening the riding ribs.

Among gruelling tests the tyres were subjected to before being put on the market were actual road trials in which the test cars were driven 24 hours a day at 50 miles an hour, with complete and fast stops being made every two or five miles. This test was so severe that brake linings of the test cars completely wore out every three days.

Even under these most adverse conditions, the new "G-3" All-Weather Tyres rolled up mileage records that compared favorably with results hitherto attained under normal conditions. Tyre engineers have acclaimed the "G-3" design the most important forward step in tyre industry since the advent of the balloon tyre.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

Favourable Progress

The official weather, states that in the Eastern belt in the early part of the week rains interrupted picking and ginning and damaged some open cotton. In the latter part of the week weather was more favourable for field work and harvesting was resuemd. In the Western belt and remaining sections picking progressed uninterruptedly and is mainly completed. Green bolls are still developing favourably in the Mississippi lowlands.

TEMPORARY TIGHTNESS OF MONEY

Sales In Securities Risky

Bombay, Oct 19

During the week money was tight as a result of large stocks of Gold and Silver held by local dealers. Banks having fully employed their floating money, there was no other alternative but to borrow money at 3 and 4 cents. But now the situation in easy and call rate is quoted at 2 per cent today. There is no other reason behind the firm tone of the money market and there is no justification for any undue demand for money. Liquidation in the Giltedged market has improved the situation and short sales are not advisable in Government paper

Continued from Col 7.)

300 tons iron scrap A Popatlal and Son; 300 bales cotton raw H Nensey and Co; 500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha, Ltd; 200 bales cotton raw N Fatehally and Co; 200 bales cotton raw Kotak and Co.

For Osaka:—300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 30 tons iron scrap A Popatlal and Sons.

For Yckohama:—400 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

IMPORTS.
Bombay, Oct. 19.

S S City of Calcutta, Agents, Killick Nixon & Co., from Liverpool.—105 bales cotton yarn; 612 bales cotton piecegoods; 11 cases reeds; 11 cases elec. machy.; 22 cases preserves; 26 cases spun silk yarn; 179 cases cotton; 20 bales wool tops; 57 bundles steel bars; 55 cases silk yarn; 80 bales bleached cotton p'goods; 42 cases dyed cotton; 40 bags carbonate of magnesia; 12 bdls. iron bedsteads 45 cases cotton art silk; 19 cases cotton prints; 12 cases cigarettes; 12 cases woollen p'goods; 98 kegs dry aniline dye; 1067 pneu tyres; 25 cases salt; 20 cases ginger ale, 15 cases confectionery; 45 cases tiles; 24 cases colour; 356 cases machy (spig.); 28 drums manoclor; 260 kegs hyposulphite of soda; 10 casks boiler composition; 217 cases bottled beer; 1633 bdls. steel hooks; 14 cases card board boxes; 50 bales old newspaper; 250 bdls. gal. sheets; 34 cases machinery; 105 kegs lubricating grease; 36 brls. lubricating oil; 12 cases pulleys; 15 coils cotton rope; 89 kegs alizarine dye; 22 casks chrome alum; 10 drums brenthol; 91 cases floor covering; 17 cases chocolates; 15 cases looms & parts; 161 loose auto casing; 20 cases canned goods; 26 cases potassium iodide; 65 bales printing paper; 60 cases cheese; 22 cases pick heads; 16 cases cycle sets; 282 bdls. c a. mild steel sheets; 102 bdls. empty glass bottles; 42 cases textile machy.; 180 pieces motor car canvas; 13 casks syrups; 30 bdls. shovels; 24 cases Diesel engine and accessories; 11 cases oil cloth 254 piece sanitary e. ware; 300 bdls. steel springs; 243 steel tyres 28 bdls. iron tubes; 37 bdls. brass section; 35 bdls. copper rods; 44 cases steel screws; 11 cases bobbins; 18 cases lysol; 334 bdls. black circles; 13 cases leather belting; 11 cases finished leather; 75 bales scrap leather; 40 casks tragon.

From Marseilles—11 cases oil cloth; 12 bales picking bands; 238 cases mineral water; 30 cases castor oil.

From Port Sad.—225 bales cotton; 21 drums asphalt.

S S Viceroy of India, Agents M M and Co., from London.—44 cases crackers; 64 cases castor oil, 63 cases provision; 15 cases barley; 15 cases oats; 134 cases sugar; 100 cases wincarnis; 112 cases medicine; 95 cases gin; 17 cases silk yarn; 35 cases cigarettes; 24 cases ovaltine; 42 cases motor covers; 45 cases spirits; 35 cases gripe water; 231 cases whisky; 259 cases chocolates; 103 cases biscuits; 24 cases preserves; 7 cases plum pudding; 50 cases sausages; 536 cases porcelain ware; 54 cases motor cars and parts; 85 bags whiting; 40 cases paper; 20 cases elect. machinery; 486 cases tyres; 20 cases cheese; 25 cases manuscript books; 166 cases steel wire; 83 cases o'stores; 600 kgs. lead; 20 drums paint; 20 drums chemical; 31 drums lub. oil; 32 drums dyes; 1310 bags cement.

From Bordeaux.—203 cases brandy.

From Boulogne—56 cases wine.

From Copenhagen.—7 cases milk; 6 cases cheese; 27 cases beer; 19 cases meats.

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVAL.
October 19.

Gamaria, Welsh, Calcutta.
City of Bristol, Walmsby, Liverpool.
Nizam, McLure, Java.
Bankura, Rankin, Busrah.

DEPARTURE.
October 19.

Cape St. George, Johnson, Karachi.
President Hayes, Pierson, New York

Ortober 20.

Rawalpindi, Stringer, London.
Elysia, Henderson, Liverpool.

LOADING.
October 19.

Steamer Naldera for London.
Steamer Malaya for Hongkong.
Steamer Nizam for Java.

ENGLISH MAIL REPORT.

S.S. Rawalpindi:—The P and O S N Coy's English mail steamer Rawalpindi, will sail to-day at about (1 p.m.) from Ballard Pier Station for London, with the homeward mails, a general cargo and passengers.

S.S. Gamaria:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Gamaria, arrived in harbour on Friday from Calcutta, with a general cargo.

S.S. City of Bristol,:—The K N Coy's steamer City of Bristol, arrived in harbour on Friday from Liverpool, with a general cargo and 1 saloon and 1 deck passengers

S.S. Nizam:—The T M Coy's bour on Friday from Java, with a general cargo.

S.S. Bankura:—The B I S N Coy's steamer Bankura, arrived in harbour on Friday from Busrah with a general cargo, 17 saloon and 71 deck passengers.

S.S. Cape St. George:—The Graham Trading Coy's steamer Cape St. George, sailed yesterday for Karachi, with ballast.

S.S. President Hayes:—The F F Campbell Coy's steamer President Hayes, sailed yesterday for New York, with a general and same bottom cargo and 3 passengers.

S.S. Elysia:—The Graham T Coy's steamer Elysia, will sail today for Liverpool, with a general cargo and 53 passengers.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, October 19.

1 City of Bristol, 4345, Karachi, 13-10, K. Nixon and Co.
3 Okenfels 4679 Karachi 21-10 L Edwards Ltd.
4 Lisbon Maru 4308 Karachi 23-10 N Y Kaisha.
5 President Hayes, 6195, New York, 19-10, F. F. Campbell and Co.
6 Almerk 4646, Australia 19-10 L Edwards, Ltd.
7 Argun Maru, 4040, Japan, 22-10. O. S. Kaisha.
9 Elysia 4211, Liverpool 20-10, Grahams Tdg Co.
11 Mirzapore, 4135, Bhavnagar, 21-10, M. M. and Co.
12 Britannia 5281, Liverpool, 27-11, Grahams Trading Co.
16 Naldera, 8636, London, 27-10, M. M. and Co.
17 British Gunner, 4073, N. F. N. F. Anglo-P. and Co.

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Nizam, 3334, Karachi, 22-10, T. Morrison and Co.
3 Ellore 2386 Karachi 19-10 M M & Co.

PRINCESS DOCK

F Haresfield, 3212, Calcutta, 20-10, M. M and Co.
G Oostcappelle, 348, M.-Coast, 19-10, Merchant S. N. Co.
H Indira 278, M'Coast 20-10 Malabar S Co.
Q Akbar, 2479, Mauritius, N F T M and Co

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON.

Straithard 25|10, P & O S N Co.
Ranpura 1|11. P & O S N Co.

FROM PLYMOUTH.

Durenda, 20-10, M. M. and Co.
Mundra, 6-11, M. M. and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL

California 24-10, G T Co.
Tuscania 7-11, G T Co.
C/o Faris 22/10 K N Co.
Clan Macbride, 29-10, J F Co

FROM GOTHENBURG.

Tiradentes, 20-10, L. Edwards, Ltd.

FROM HAMBURG.

Goldenfels, 20-10, L. Edwards, Ltd.
Rabenfels, 2-11, L Edwards Ltd.

FROM TRIESTE

Tergei'ea, 21-10. L T Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

C|o Hereford 26-10 F F Campbell Co.
C|o Perth 28-10 F F Campbell Co.
President Johnson, 1-11, F F Campbell and Co.
President Monroe, 15-11, F F Campbell and Co.
President Vanburen, 29-11, F F Campbell and Co.

FROM KOBE.

Manju Maru 24-10 O S Kaisha.
Taijin Maru 27-10, O S Kaisha.
Tango Maru 30-10, N Y Kaisha.
Mayebashi Maru 18|11 N Y Kaisha.
Celebes Maru 8-11 O S Kaisha.
Juyo Maru 23-11 O S Kaisha.
Conte Verda 22/10 L T Co.
Comorin 2|11, P & O S N Co.
Clara Camur 24/10 L T Co.

FROM AUSTRALIA.

Mooltan 10-11 P & O S N Co.
Balarat 13-11 P & O S N Co.
Karanja 20-10, M M & Co.
Takliwa 3-11, M M and Co.
Kenya 17|11, M M & Co.

FROM JAVA.

Fusijama, 20/10 L T Co.

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Rawalpindi 20-10 P & O S N Co.
Naldera 27-10 P & O S N Co.
Mirzapore, 20-10, P & O S N Co.
Comorin 3-11 P & O S N Co.
Mcoltan 10-11 P & O S N Co
Rajputana 17-11 P & O S N Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL

Elysia 20-10, G T Co.
Britania, 29-10, G. T. Co.

FOR TRIESTE

Conte Verde 22-10 L T Co.

FOR KOBE

Aryan Maru 23-10, O S Kaisha.
Lisbon Maru 23/10 O S Kaisha.

FOR HONGKONG

Malaya, N. F. Volkart Bros.

FOR BUSRAH.

Bankura 24/10 M M and Co.
Vasna 25/10 M M & Co.

FOR CALCUTTA

Harenfels, 20-10, M. M. and Co.

FOR MAURITIUS.

Akbar NF T M Co

FOR KARACHI

City of Bristol, 23-10, K. N. Co.
Ockenfels, 21-10, L. Edwards, Ltd.

FOR JAVA.

Nizam, 21-10, T. M. Co.

BOMBAY PORT TRUST LANDING DATES.

S.S. Ooscappelle, 18-10-'34
S.S. Irrawadi, 13-10-'34.
S.S. Dayavati, 18-10-'34.
S.S. Britannia, 18-10-'34.
S.S. Argun Maru, 18-10-'34.
S.S. Pres. Hayes, 19-10-'34.

EXPORTS.

Bombay, October 18.

S.S. Rawalpindi for London:—11 cases bristle Clarke and Smith Ltd.; 10 cases bristles B P and Hayley Ltd; 22 cases bristles B. Lawrie and Co; 2 bundles woollen carpets Y G Husein Jadah; 124 bundles animal skins H A Aminoff.

S.S. Naldera for Marseilles:—3840 bags groundnuts L Dreyfus and Co; 1280 bags groundnuts seed Cotton Agents Ltd.

For London:—96 bags gum karaya N Moolji and Co.

S.S. Mirzapore for London:—1 case cotton prints D Abraham and Sons; 2 bales animal skins A L Hassan; 292 bags groundnuts C Gianchand.

For Marseilles:—320 bags groundnuts L Dreyfus and Co.

For Piracus:—500 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha Ltd.

S.S. Elysia for Liverpool:—23 bales wool raw Ralli Bros; 18 bales wool raw K Esmail; 52 bales cotton thread waste Chimanlal and Sons; 90 bales cotton yarn waste P Desai and Co; 22 cases cashew nuts S B Torney; 575 bags groundnut oil cakes K Devchand and Co.

For Glasgow:—540 bags groundnut meal Kishan Prasad and Co; 380 bags linseed M Hoosen and Sons.

S.S. Ockenfels for Hamburg:—882 bags groundnut oil cakes L Dreyfus and Co; 2800 bags groundnut oil cakes M Hoosen and Sons.

S.S. Conte Verde for Trieste:—110 bales cotton raw Volkart Bros; 770 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co; 275 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

For Venice:—330 bales cotton raw K Devchand and Co; 110 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo.

S.S President Hayes for Genoa:—67 bags black pepper Amin and Sons.

For Alexandretta:—20 bales cotton yarn A H Diab.

S.S. Argun Maru for Yokohama:—15 tons tin clipping Faiz and Co

For Kobe:—100 bales cotton raw Kotak and Co; 173 bales cotton raw N Rajaram and Co; 600 bales cotton raw B Maheshwari; 100 bales cotton raw G Dossa and Co.

For Shanghai:—400 bales cotton raw Langley and Co.

S.S. Lisbon Maru for Kobe:—

(Continued in column 5.)

WAVE OF SPECULATION

Sharp Price Movements In All Markets

All markets in Bombay have recently been active. Gold, silver, stocks, shares and cotton have all been affected by a wave of speculative enthusiasm causing sharp price movements, state Messrs. Langley and Co.

There is little doubt but that the impetus to cotton came principally from silver. Silver is a very old enthusiasm of the speculator in India. There are the hoary arguments, full of fallacy, about China and the prosperity which follows arise in silver At long last these arguments are being exploded. But there is at least some justification for a silver rise being viewed constructively by the Bombay cotton market insofar as the appreciation in Shanghai exchange brought China into the market for c.i.f cotton Subsequent violent fluctuations in exchange greatly handicapped business but sales have been made

As the Bombay market carried short interests the upturn was on full parity with Americans but to-day there is a feeling that the market is technically weaker for the rise.

Export inquiry has been on a broader scale, very considerable improvement being shown in the demand from Japan for old crop Oomra. China has been in the market for similar cotton while the demand for Bengals and staple styles has continued from Lancashire.

Crop progress during the week has been generally favourable. Rains in the south improved the Cambodia outlook but parts of Khandeish and Kathiawar are suffering from an absence of moisture.

Good porgress has been made in the Central Provinces and Berars while reports from Broach are still satisfactory.

We feel that the recent advance has been rather too rapid but on setbacks we recommend purchases.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Ready Javas Rs. 13-12-9.
S. S. Nizam Rs. 4.
S. S. India Rs. 3-15-9.
S. S. Fusijama Rs. 3-15-6.
S. S. Nawab Rs. 3 15-3.
S S Ranee Rs. 3-14-3.
Shipment October Rs. 3-14-3.
Shipment Nov-Dec. Rs. 3-11-9.
Shipment Jan-March Rs. 3-11-3.
Purtabpur Rs. 13-11.
African Rs. 13-12.
Java Spot F. 3 10.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Linseed May	6	3	9
Wheat January	3	15	6
Wheat May	4	3	9

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.
Bombay, Oct. 19.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 28/13; Lowest Rs. 28/7; Closing Rs. 28/10.

Cottonseeds Delivery January Opening Rs 17/13; Lowest Rs. 17/9; Closing Rs. 17/10.

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs 32/14; Lowest Rs. 32/1/6; Closing Rs. 32/5.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Oct. 19.

	Cwts.
Wheat	4,30
Linseed	541
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	960
Gingellyseed	1,085
Poppyseed	250
Groundnuts	23,325
Castorseed	3,274
Rice	13,089
Myrabollams	2,208
Cottonseed	1 766
Gram	1,894
Joowar	870
Maize	
Barley	958
Bajree	2 949
	Tons.
Coal	3,769

U. S. Government Virtually Underwrites Cotton At 12 Cents

IMPROVING PROSPECTS OF TOP CROP

Absence Of Outside Speculation

POOR DEMAND FOR ACTUAL COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 19.

The New York cotton futures market was nervous and irregular on Thursday, unsettling factors being unfavourable spot markets and New Orleans buying.

Favourable weather experienced over the U. S. Cotton-Belt and absence of any early killing frost is improving prospects of the top crop, particularly in the West part of the Mississippi river. Demand for spot cotton is very little and arrivals of new crop are going under the Government loan plan. The peak of the movement of the crop will be now over and there will steady decrease in the daily volume of Southern hedge-selling but in the absence of any improvement in the cotton trade, prices are likely to fluctuate within a narrow range for some time.

The Statistical position of American cotton suggests higher prices in the long run but at present cheapness of outside growths is checking consumption of American cotton. It is true that present prices are attractive but at present there is utter absence of any outside speculative interest. We think it advisable to buy scale down although the market may decline in the near future.

NEW YORK MARKET.

The New York cotton futures market opened at a decline of 5 points and closed also at the opening level. During the middle of the session prices fluctuated within a range of 9 points with December highest 12-40 and lowest 12.31. There was some trade and New Orleans buying which met with hedge-selling and liquidation. The market closed at a decline of 5 points with spot cotton 5 points down at 12.55c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET.

The New Orleans cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points. Spot cotton prices declined 4 points at 12.64c. per lb.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest 12.40 plus 03 (1-46 p.m.)
Lowest 12.31—06 (10-13 a.m.)
Liverpool January highest 6.65—01 (12 12 p.m.)
Lowest 6.62—04 (3-30 p.m.)

Messrs. Caunilal Mehta and Co. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

Liverpool: Market virtually stalemated. Prices sustained by Washington loans but speculation disinclined to buy in face of prospects of increased 1935 acreage.

New York: Market quiet but steady Trade continues buying. Continue to feel bullish. Moderate business doing in cloths and yarns.

New York: With world supply American cotton this season approximately 2,02,00,000 and probable consumption 1,15,00,000 would leave carryover 85,00,000 of which apparently six million would be financed by Government leaving possibly only about two and half million bales free cotton at the end of current season With Government virtually underwriting at twelve cents, purchases at present levels seem warranted.

New York: Basis strong. Shippers storing good grades. Absence of "hedging" pressure Small stocks of retails. Good cloth markets. Think prices will advance.

New York: Top crop prospects are improving West of the Mississippi Spot cotton deadlock continues. Dry goods trade improving.

Messrs Patel Brothers have received the following cable from their Liverpool Agents:—

Large business doing Uppers Japan and Continent much in substitution American Favour purchases Upper Liverpool against sales American.

The Liverpool cotton future market opened at a decline of 2 points on Thursday with January 6.64. There was some trade calling and little Bombay buying which met hedge-selling. In the afternoon buying by East India House was satisfied by straddle reversing and hedge selling Prices fluctuated within a range of 3 points and finally closed at a decline of 3 to 4 points. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 5 points at 6.92d. per lb.

INDIAN COTTON.

East Indian cotton futures market was quiet and closed at a decline of 4 points At the close October was quoted 4.96. January 4.94 and March 4.90.

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Egyptian cotton futures market was easy with increased selling. Sakels futures closed at a decline of 8 to 6 points. Uppers futures declined 7 to 4 points and spot cotton prices eased off 4 points at 7.25. The Alexandria cotton futures market was also easy owing to absence of any support and hedge-selling. Sakels futures declined 8 to 10 points and Ashmouni futures closed 12 to 15 points down.

CONFIDENCE SHAKEN.

Messrs. Langley & Co. in their weekly report state:—

"Subsequent to the sharp upturn last week when markets were caught short over the issuance of pronouncements from Washington, there has been a hesitancy reflecting doubt as to the precise value of the 'dope shot.' So many of the American Administration's announcements lose value under the process of thought which follows a first reading. Their value from a market viewpoint lies in the fact that they are issued at psycho'ogically the exactly right moment rather than in their substance and, frankly, apart from the denial of rumours that crop control was to be abandoned next season there was little of practical value said in Washington last week.

"Markets require stimulus of a more lasting character. Consumption, for instance. There is little enough evidence of any major revival in that direction.

FOREIGN BUYING.

Yet markets in New York, Liverpool and Bombay have all remained something more than steady. And we suspect that more than a little of the initiative in the American markets has been taken by Bombay 'Foreign buying', reported in America for some days was on Tuesday further elucidated by Reuter in the somewhat enigmatical remark that 'Bombay appeared to be interested in obtaining American cotton futures.'

"We are not yet convinced that the upturn is sound. Initiated on short covering and continued largely by outside speculative buying, there is a lack of solid foundation about it.

"We agree that when most of the crop is either hedged or safely tucked away in the 12 cent loan there will be a seasonal and sound upward movement. But in spite of a rapid marketing of the crop we doubt whether sufficient of it has yet found a home to eliminate the possibility of the market running into hedge selling on a further advance.

CONFIDENCE SHAKEN.

"The break through 12 cents was due to badly shaken confidence. Since then we know that crop control will not be abandoned and to that extent confidence has been partly restored. But we would like to see better consumption figures. May be towards the end of the year they will come. It is a possibility sufficiently likely to materialise to warrant, we think, purchases in easier markets."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, October 18

December 1934	12.32—0[illegible]
January 1935	12.35—[illegible]
March 1935	12.42—0[illegible]
May 1935	12.48—05
July 1935	12.52—0[illegible]
Middling Spot	12.5 —05

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, October 18.

December 1934	12.34—0[illegible]
January 1935	12.3 —0[illegible]
March 1935	12.45—04
Middling Spot	12.64—04

NEW YORK.

New York, October 18

New York 10-55 a.m.—

December 1934	12.34
January 1935	12.3
March 1935	12.44

New York Noon Call—

December 1934	12.34
January 1935	12.37
March 1935	—

LONDON RUBBER.

London, October 18.

Smoked sheet standard ribbed per d 15/16 sellers.

AMERICAN COTTON BELT

Weather Forecast

East: Cloudy, showers probable.
Central: Partly cloudy to unsettled
West: Partly cloudy.

JAVA SUGAR—LONDON MARKET

London, Oct. 18.

Java Sugar Fine White Dutch Standard No. 2—
C and F Calcutta per cwt
Oct-Nov 5/10 1/2 nominal
C and F Bombay per cwt
Oct-Nov sellers 5/7 1/2
C and F Karachi per cwt
Oct-Nov sellers 5/7 1/2

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, Oct 18

Messrs Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amer Power and Light Com	4 1/2
Amer Forn Power 7 per cent P	15
Electric Bond Common	10 1/2
Consolidated Gas	27 1/2
Western Union Telg	34 1/2
Radio Corporation	6
New York Central	21 3/4
Eric R R	13
Great North Pfd	16
Distillers Seagram	15
Bethelehem Steel	28
United States Steel	33 1/4
Int Nickel of Canada	24 3/4
Anaconda Copper Mining	11
Kennecott Copper	18
International Harvestor	34
Ford Motors of Canada 'A'	23
General Motors	30 1/4
Socony	13 1/4
Chase Bank	22
National City Bank	19 3/4
Sun Life of Canada	340
Celanese Corp of Amr	25
Fractionally lower market. loans 34 millions up.	Brokers
New York Call Rate	1 per cent
Anaconda	11
U S Steel	33 1/8
G Motors	30 1/8
I Nickel	24 5/8
City Bank	19 3/4
Chase Bank	22
Socony	13 1/4
N Y Central	21 3/4
W U Teleg	34 3/8

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY. STATISTICS.

New York, October 18.

	Bales
Days' Receipts at all U. S. Ports	35,000
Days' Exports to Great Britain	5,000
Days Exports to the Continent	8,000

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, October 18.

	£
T. T. London on :—	
Perlin	12.1[illegible]
Amsterdam	7.23 7/
Brussels	21.01-1/2
Madrid	35.9
Milan	57.31
Berne	15.04 1/2
Paris	74.40
Prague	117.31
T. T. London on New York	
Closing cross rate ..	4.94-3/4

LINSEED OILS.

London, October 18

Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt. Nov. sellers 18/7-1/2.
Linseed Oil Naked London, per cwt May/Aug. sellers 1 /1-1/2

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, October 18.

	10-10 a.m. Quotations.	To-day's Price.
October 1934 ..		6.68—02
November 1934 ..		6.67—0[illegible]
December 1934 ..		6.64— 4
January 1935 ..	6.63	6.63—63
February 1935 ..		6.61—05
March 1935	6.60	6.60—0[illegible]
April 1935		6.58—0[illegible]
May 1935		6.5[illegible]—5
June 1935		6.54—0[illegible]
July 1935		6.53—[illegible]
August 1935		6.48—0[illegible]
September 1935 ..		6.45—0[illegible]
October 1935		6.3 —05
Middling Spot ..		6.93—0[illegible]

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, October 18

SAKELLARIDIS :—	
October 1934	7.85
November 1934	7.8[illegible]
December 1934	7.9
January 1935	7.[illegible]
March 1935	7.[illegible]
May 1935	8.03
July 1935	8.[illegible]
A. G. M. Spot	8.22

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool October 18

BROACH :—	
Fully Good (Good Staple) ..	5.14
Fine (Good Staple)	5.[illegible]9
Superfine (Good Staple) ..	5.4[illegible]
C. P. OOMRA :—	
Good (No. 1 Staple)	5.01
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.1[illegible]
Choice (No. 1 Staple) ..	5.[illegible]1
BENGAL :—	
Good	3.1[illegible]
Fine	3.2[illegible]
Superfine	3.2[illegible]
SCINDE :—	
Good	3.31
Fine	3.41
Superfine	3.51

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, Oct 19

T T on London—
Previous closing 1-3 11/16
To-day's opening 1-3 3/4
To-day's closing 1-4 5/16

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES

London, Oct. 18.

Bank Bills 3 months market rate unchanged
Bank Bills 6 months market rate unchanged
Fine Trade Bills 3 months market rate unchanged
Fine Trade Bills 6 months market rate unchanged
Interest day to day loan unchanged
Interest 7 days' market loan unchanged.

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Oct 19

B. C. Rate—
T T D D 1/6
LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 1/32 Oct-Jan
Banks selling T T 1/6 Feb-June
Banks buying T T 1/6 1/16 Oct-Dec
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/32 Oct Dec
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 5/32 Oct-Dec
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 1/8 Jan-Mar
NEW YORK B C RATE—
T T 272 1/4
Banks selling T T 270 1/4
Banks buying T T 268
PARIS—
Banks selling D D 557
Banks buying D D 567
AMSTERDAM
Banks selling D D 54
JAVA—
Banks selling D D 53 3/4
JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 77 nominal
Banks buying T T 76 1/2 nominal
HONGKONG —
Banks selling D D 111 1/2
SHANGHAI
Banks selling D D 89
SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 157
BERLIN—
Banks selling D D 89 1/4
CROSS RATE—
New York/London 4 94 1/4 18th instant
Shanghai/London 1/3 5/4 19th instant
Japan/London 1/2 19th instant
Java/London 7 19 3/4 18th instant
London/Paris 74 46 18th instant
London/Belgium 21.01 1/2 18th instant
London/Switzerland 15.04 1/2 18th instant
London/Italy 57 31 18th instant
London/Berlin 12 18 18th instant
London/Stockholm 19 39 18th instant
London/New York 4 94 3/4 18th instant
London/Amsterdam 7 23 1/2 18th instant
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Firm.
Gold £7-2-7 17th instant £7-2-1 18th instant
Silver London Ready 23 7/8 17th instant 23 3/4 18th instant
Silver London Forward 24 17th instant 23 7/8 18th instant
Silver New York Ready 54 3/8 17th instant 53 1/4 18th instant
London discounts 3 mos 13/16 per cent 17th instant 13/16 per cent 18th instant
London discounts 6 mos 7/8 per cent 17th instant 7/8 per cent 18th instant
Imperial Bank Rate 2 1/2 per cent
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 2 per cent.
3 mos 1 1/4 per cent.
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone: Easier.

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Oct 18

Broach A/M 1935 opening 211 1/2; highest 211 3/4; lowest 210; close 210 1/4
Oomra D/J opening 183 1/2; highest 183 1/2; lowest 181 3/4; close 181 3/4
Bengal D/J opening 134 1/2; highest 134 1/2; lowest 133 1/4; close 133 1/4
Tejimandi for Broach A/M 1935 (31 3-35) Rs. 20 1/2
Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (21-10-34) Rs. 2 3/4
Tejimandi for Broach Settlement (23 11-34) Rs. 8 1/4

INDIAN COTTON PARITY

STRADDLE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool:—
Liverpool New York December 183 at Cross Rate 4 94 1/8
Bombay Liverpool:—
Broach A/M 1935 210 Liverpool May 1935 6 55 Rs 75 1/4 at Exchange 1/6
Bombay New York:—
Broach A/M 1935 210 New York May 12.48 Rs 71 at Cross Rate 4.94 1/8

INDIAN STERLING LOANS

London, Oct 18

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £84
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan £96 1/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1948/53 £108 1/8
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1950-55 £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1958/68 £115 3/4
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1942/47 £114 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1936 38 £108 3/8
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1935/37 £104 3/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan 1954/59 £102 1/2

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 16th October 462 bales
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1934 89,553 bales
Receipts into Bombay same time last season 52,615 bales
Increase 37,238 bales

TEJI-MANDI PREMIUMS

Bombay, Oct 19

Cotton Broach A/M	20	0	0
Cotton Monthly	8	0	0
Silver Aso	1	6	0
Silver Kartak	2	8	0
Gold Aso	0	2	0
Gold Kartak	0	8	0
Linseed May	0	9	0
Wheat January	0	4	0
Wheat May	0	6	3
Castorseed May	2	10	0
Groundnuts February	3	8	0
Groundnuts March	3	12	0

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 19

The local cotton futures market was quiet and featureless. There is no inclination to operate and price movement has narrowed. Following a decline of 5 points in New York cotton futures the local market opened at Rs. 210 for Broach A/M delivery and declined to Rs. 209-12 on scattered selling At the decline there was some short covering which improved prices to Rs 210 4. The market was quiet but steady at this level with a limited turnover.

Liverpool market was due to open at a decline of one point but it opened steady at a rise of 5 points was later quoted 6 points up. The market was influenced by better Liverpool advices and Broach A/M. delivery improved to Rs. 211/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M.	Rs. 211
Oomra D/J.	Rs. 182/8
Bengal D/J.	Rs. 134/4

READY COTTON SALES.

Bombay, Oct. 19.

56 Japan Cotton Dhamangaon 171
160 Bombay and Co., Govagate 4 off
174 Toyomankwa K. Sanavad 181 1/2
138 Toyomankwa K. Hansi 181 1/2
100 Toyomankwa K. Hansi 121
100 Toyomankwa K. Narwana 121
35 Toyomankwa K. Nander 160
100 Toyomankwa K. Cambodia 44 on
54 Toyomankwa K. Saila 160
35 Toyomankwa K. Bhiwani Mandi 173 1/2
101 Toyomankwa K. Sanavad 172
31 Toyomankwa K. Sawdha 162
73 Toyomankwa K. Yeotmal 172
27 Toyomankwa K. Dharwah 172
60 Toyomankwa K. Wardha 181 1/2
78 Toyomankwa K. Hinganghat 18 1/2
116 Toyomankwa K. Shegaon 162
22 Toyomankwa K. Hansi 121
31 Toyomankwa K. Buranpur 169
37 Toyomankwa K. Akola 171
50 B. Maheshwari Cambodia 44 on
83 Anandilal Poddar Bhilwara 71 off
68 Viram Ladha Jalna 160
100 Nathubhai Nathoo Dhuri 15 off
138 K. Devchand and Co., Bhilwara 135 1/2
100 Narshi Nagshi Vijainagar 8 off
42 Finlay Mill Kopal 170
100 G G Kesha and Co., Broach 5 off

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Bengal Superfine	138/40
Bengal Fine	125/27
Bengal F.G.	115/20
Sind Punjab Fine	125/27
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	115/20
Wardha-Hingt	192/194
Nagpur Savner	190/192
Pundhurna	182/184
Yeotmal	181/182
Arvi	180/182
Ellichpur	189/182
Amraoti-Berar	178/180
Khamgaon	179/180
Mulkapur	170/172
Khandesh	167/169
Jalna/Sailu	168/170
Burwah Sanavad	172/177
Broach Fine	205/207
Punjab/American	215/217
Punjab/American mix	205/210
Cambodia	270/275
Miraj/Sangli	200/205
Comota Good	195/200
Bagalkot	180/185
Kampala	348/350
Busoga	346/348
Jinja	342/345
Manza	336

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Oct. 19.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September

In full-pressed Bales.

	2 days	This year
Khandesh	468	1,641
Central India	52	3,755
Barsi and Nagar	325	1,802
Hyderabad-Gaorani	15	324
Berar	94	3,574
Central Provinces	94	1,171
Total Oomras	1,048	12,227
Dholera	277	7,337
N W Provinces	...	669
Rajputana	...	865
Sind-Punjab	...	7,837
Broach	218	1,092
Coompta & Dharwar	171	7,888
Westerns Northerns	737	8,511
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	...	13,625
Persian	24	1,574
American	...	1,855
Egyptian & African	48	28,907
Total	2,523	92,376

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept. to 11th Oct.

In full-pressed Bales

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	1,530	31,149
Japan & China	6,612	62,981
Coast Ports	50	3,309
Up-country by Rail	...	16,343
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	4,935
Total	8,192	118,667

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES

F.P. Bales

	1934-35	1933-34
Receipts to date 18-10-34	1852000	2849000
Receipts Yesterday 18-10-34	35000	43000
Exports to date 18-10-34	1022000	1891000
Stock at Ports 13-10-34	2979000	3716000
Stock Interior Towns 13-10-34	1679000	1657000
Stock Liverpool 12-10-34	963000	943000
Visible Supply 13-10-34	6288000	7773000
Quantity in Sight 13-10-34	2700000	3920000
Quantity out of Sight 13-10-34	1769000	2700000

COPPER PRODUCTION TO BE REDUCED

Bombay, Oct 19

It is understood that several big concerns in the U. S. A. are contemplating reducing their out-put by 20 per cent and a fairly general curtailment in the production of copper appears likely in the near future.

The meeting of copper producers throughout the world to be held in U. S. A. is said to discuss the chief topic of curtailment of foreign production also The increased production in U S. A. at a time when Germany cannot buy owing to financial crisis is responsible for decline in prices.

BOMBAY STOCK EXCHANGE

Further Decline Attracts Buyers

MARKET TECHNICALLY HEALTHY

Bombay, October 19.

Sentiment plays an important part in speculative enterprises, and it is more so, in the Local Share Bazar. It was on last Saturday morning that the Share Bazar looked all well and cheerful, but to-day the market is unsettled and cheerless, and even at a decline of Rs. 100 in Tata Steel Dfd. Shares, there was scarcity of buyers, as against scarcity of sellers last week.

Nothing has happened to the Iron and Steel industry, but only a change in the sentiment owing to the over-bought state has now completely changed the complexion of the market.

There is increased demand for money and call money is quoted at 3 to 4 per cent. and holders of securities and shares are now feeling nervous. They are not eager buyers, while the professional element is allowing the market to drift, and get rid of the weak element with a view to build up constructive interest.

Tired long liquidation in the absence of any support is depressing prices and the market displays tired appearance. Thus, it can be said that generally speculative markets look always strong near the top and weak near the bottom.

It is impossible to state what will be the lowest level, but we feel that, if the present prices are not the lowest, they are not far from the bottom for the time being.

The market opened to-day quiet but steady, with prices mostly unchanged. There was utter absence of any support and tired soon set in depressing prices. Tata Steel Dfd. Shares opened at Rs. 402-8 and after improving to Rs. 405 declined to Rs. 382-8, under a steady flow of liquidation and some short-sales. Tata Steel ordinary shares also declined to Rs. 92 from Rs. 97-8. At the decline there was some buying which resulted in a sharp rally and Dfds. improved to Rs. 398 while ordinary shares after improving to Rs. 96 closed at Rs. 95.

The weakness in Steel Shares had sympathetic effect on other forward shares and Tata Power Shares declined Rs. 17. Bombay Dyeing shares also lost Rs. 9. The tone at the close was steady.

TEXTILE MILLS

Bombay Oct. 19.

100	Ahm Advance	315 0
500	Bom Cotton	65 0
25	Bombay Dyeing	89[illegible] [illegible]
250	Bradbury	110 0
100	Century	308 12
100	Central India	316 4
100	Colaba	12[illegible] 12
100	Cooria	113 12
100	Crescent	7 4
250	Currim	5 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	395 0
1	E. D Sassoon	0 6
100	Finlay	130 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, Oct 19

Bombay Dyeing 900 897 898 897
Century 308 310 300 308
Central India 316 311 316
Colaba 128 126 128
Kohinoor 207 205 203 208
New Great 210 208 212 210
Simplex 103 100 103
Swadeshi 236 231 230 233
Bundi 33/2, 32 6 33
Indian Cement 450 445 443 450
Tata Steel defd 402 395 400 391 382 398
Tata Steel ord 97/8 98/8 92/8 94 95
Bombay Steam 287 285
Bombay Burma 445 440 448
Hydro 156/14 157 3
Andhra 1550 1550 1545 1557
Power 1340 1330 1335 1322 1335
Tram 156 155 157

100	Gokak	171 4
1000	Hindustan	1825 0
100	Indore	103 2
50	Kasturchand	0 8
100	Khatau	93 12
100	Kohinoor	208 2
250	Laxmi	885 0
100	Madhavji	11 8
250	Madras United	65 0
1000	Morarji	1540 0
250	Model	79 6
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	210 0
100	Oosmanshahi	72 8
100	Phoenix	328 12
25	Sassoon Silk	39 0
1000	Sholapur	2320 0
50	Simplex	103 2
100	Swadeshi	233 12
100	Swan	77 8
25	Tata	12 8
500	Vishnu	1600 0
1000	Western	1040 0

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	103 0
25-50	Central	32 14
500	Imp.	1630 0
125-500	Imp. Contry	416 14
50-100	India	117 4
5	Union	5 1

CEMENTS

10	Bundi	33 0
70	Gwalior	106 0
250	Indian	450 0
40	Katni Def.	1185 0
100	Katni Ord.	334 8
75	Okha	181 4
10	Punjab	22 14
100	Shahabad	350 0
70	United	72 0

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	13 14
15-75	New India	35 14
200	Oriental	3810 0
10-100	Vulcan	8 6

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	175 10
1000	Andhra Valley	1557 8
10	Ajmer	9 3
50	Bom. Tram	157 3
100	Bom Suburban	157 0
10	Broach	11 0
100	Karachi	213 12
100	Poona	195 0
100	Surat	153 12
100	Tata Hydro	157 3
1000	Tata Power	1335 0

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	840 0
100	Amr. Patty	121 4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Oct 19

SETTLED

3 1/2 per cent G P N Sett 91/4
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash 91/4 1/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Sett 107/6
4 per cent 1960/70 Cash 107/7
5 per cent 1945/55 Sett 117/6
4 per cent 1945/55 Cash 117/9

TAX FREES

4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore 107/10
5 per cent 1955 Mysore [illegible]
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore 110 8
6 1/2 per cent 1935 B D L 104/2

MUNICIPALITIES

(CASH.)

3 per cent 1941 99/4
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 101/5
4 per cent 1943 105/6
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 112/12
5 per cent 1939/44 108
5 per cent 1940/43 109
5 per cent 1935 102/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/49 109/2
6 1/2 per cent 1935 T B 103/4

DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 102/6
4 per cent M Deb 1954 102 8
5 per cent M Deb 1959 113 8
6 per cent M Deb 1954 124 4
6 per cent K P T 1936 124 4
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937 105 8

Note:—3 1/2 per cent Government paper opened to-day at Rs. 91-7 and declined to Rs. 91-3-0. At this level, there was some covering and prices rallied to Rs. 91-4-0.

WHEAT LIKELY TO DECLINE

Liverpool, Oct 18

Wheat—no bullish feature. Market has still a downward tendency, market will be mainly dependent on Argentine weather reports and five continental buyings think the decline may proceed further.

NEW YORK SILVER

New York, Oct 18

The New York silver market again declined on Thursday 1 1/8 cent and closed at 53 1/4 cents.

100	C Province	38 12
100	Dhon. Baramati	90 0
100	Gujrat	74 0
100	Mandra Bhon	91 4
[illegible]	[illegible] Jamner	85 0
100	Sara Sholapunge	95 0
500	Tapty Valley	760 0

MINING.

10	Shivrajpur	42 12
30	Tata Steel Def.	398 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	95

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Allcock	205
50	Belapur Sugar	228 12
250	Bom. Steam	265
125	Bom Burma	448 2
50	Bom Burma County	145 0
8sh.	Br B Petrol	5 2
50	Bombay Telephone	103 8
100	Ind. Bleaching	157 8
100	Ind. Radio Dfd.	560 0
100	Ind Radio Ord.	472 8
1000	Port Canning	607 8
15	Scindia	12 12
30	Tata Construction	30 4
25	Tata Oil	20 4

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Vly	1510 0
6	p.c Bombay Steam	93 12
7	p.c. Bom Tram	80 0
5	p.c Central India	512 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st	138 12
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	151 4
7½	p.c Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	134 6
7½	p.c Tata Power	1347 8
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	178 12
7	1-2 p.c Tata Steel 2nd	157 12
5	1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	17 8
7	p. c. Vishnu	640 0

Latest Commerical News

FURTHER DROP OF 3 PTS. IN NEW YORK COTTON

Further Improvement In Crossrates

GOLD EASY BUT SILVER STRONG

Wheat And Linseed Easy But Tin Steady

BOMBAY, Oct. 19.

On Friday, there was further improvement in the sterling in terms of dollars and francs.

STEADY UNDERTONE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

The New York cotton market was very steady at the opening time but prices gave way subsequently on some liquidation and foreign selling. The undertone was steady.

GOLD EASY BUT SILVER STRONG.

London gold was easy but silver marked a small rise.

WHEAT AND LINSEED WEAK.

Wheat opened steady but thereafter rates declined on selling pressure influenced by better weather advices. Argentine linseed was also weak.

TIN STEADY BUT JUTE QUIET.

Tin was steady. Copper was firm. Rubber was unchanged. Jute was quiet.

GILTEDGED SECURITIES QUIET.

The London Stock Exchange showed no decided trend with business limited owing to the approach of the settlement day. Giltedged securities showed some activity but buyers were unwilling to follow the rise.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(December 1934)

New York, Oct. 19.

Previous closing	12.32
To-day's opening	12.38
Difference	+.06
To-day's closing	12.29
Difference	—.03

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(January 1934)

Liverpool, Oct. 19.

Previous closing	6.63
To-day's opening	6.67
Difference	+.04
To-day's closing	6.67
Difference	+.04

BROACH EXPECTATION

April-May Rs. 209

NEW YORK COTTON MARKET

New York, Oct. 19.

Cotton continued to maintain a fairly steady tone but in the absence of any speculative interest prices did not show any improvement. There is a deadlock in the spot situation with growers disinclined to accept offer below the loan basis and buyers are unable to bid higher while the export demand is low.

Meanwhile traders are watching developments in Washington with regard to the Government's plans for the next year's crop.

Trading in December commenced at 12.38 i.e. 6 points higher than the previous closing. The market developed some strength on fairly good speculative buying and covering influenced by better Liverpool advices but later prices gave way under liquidation and some foreign selling with the quotation falling to 12.34 at this level the demand slowed down but the undertone remained steady.

The New York cotton market finally closed with a decline of 3 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Oct. 19.

The following were the opening ranges

December (12.32/12.32) 12.38/12.38
January (12.36/12.36) 12.41/12.41
March (12.44/12.43) 12.47/12.45

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Oct. 19.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m

American January (6.64) 6.68
American March (6.60) 6.64
Egyptian January (7.97) 8.03
Egyptian March (8.02) 8.13

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, Oct. 19. 10-30 p.m.

Broach A-M. moved between Rs 209-8 and Rs. 210-4 at night when New York futures were about 1 to 2 points up.

Bombay Delegates To Subjects Committee

The Bombay Congress Socialist Party have elected the following delegates to represent the Party in the Subjects-committee of the All-India Congress Socialist Conference:—

1 Smt. Kamaladevi Chattophadyaya.
2 Mr. S. S. Batliwalla
3 Mr. C. K Narayanaswami

Messrs. M R Masani and Purushotam Tricumdas, being members of the All-India Drafting Committee, will be ex-officio members of the Subjects-committee.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON.

New York, Oct. 19.

Previous closing	4.94 1/8
To-day's opening	4.95 1/4
To day's closing	4.95

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK.

London, Oct. 19.

Previous closing	4.94 3/4
To-day's opening	4.94
To-day's closing	4.94 13/16
Difference	+.00 1/16

FRANC RATE

London, Oct. 19.

Previous closing	74.40
To-day's opening	74.34
To-day's closing	74 65
Difference	+.25

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Oct. 19.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94 and advanced to 4.94 3/16 and with further support the rate gradually rose to 4.95 1/4.

The sterling dollar crossrate finally closed at 4.94 13/16

The franc opened at 74.34 and then improved to 74.40 subsequently rising to 74.60.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 74.65.

LONDON SILVER

London, Oct. 19.

The market closed steady.

	Last price.	To-day's price
Spot	23 3/4d.	23 15/16d
Forward	23 7/8d.	24 1/16d

LONDON GOLD

London, Oct. 19.

Gold (£7-2-1) £7-1-8

BULLION

London, Oct. 19.

Influx nil.
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver Spot (23 3/4d.) 23 15/16d.
Gold per ounce (£7-2-1) £7-1-8

DISCOUNTS

London, Oct. 19.

3 months (3/4 to 13/16 p.c.) 3/4 to 13/16 p.c.
4 months (7/8 to 7/8 p.c.) 7/8 to 7/8 p.c.
6 months (7/8 to 15/16 p.c.) 7/8 to 15/16 p.c.

CROSS RATES

London, Oct. 19. 3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay (1-6 1/16) 1-6 1/16
Paris on Bombay (5.60 1/8) 5.57
New York on Bombay (37.37) 37 25
Berlin on Bombay (0 91 5/8) 0.91 5/8
London on Milan (37 25) 57.46
London on Shanghai (1-3 3/4) 1-4 1/16
London on Kobe (1-1 15/16) 1-1 29/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Oct. 19.

Silver opened steady at Rs. 65/7, 65/9 and 65/12. The market was fairly active on some scattered buying owing to the improvement in China but later some profittaking pared down gains with the session closing steady at Rs. 65/7, 65/9, and 65/13.

Gold opened at Rs. 35/2/6, 35/3/3 and 35/5. Trading was quiet in the absence of enquiry and latterly prices eased on improvement in sterling and closed steady at Rs. 35/0/6, 35/1/3 and 35/3.

MIRABEN VISITS MRS. ROOSEVELT

WASHINGTON, Oct. 18.

Miss Madeline Slade (Miraben) visited Mrs. Roosevelt at the Whitehouse. Miss Slade told Reuter she had a very delightful talk with the wife of the President.—Reuter.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Oct. 19.

Liverpool wheat opened steady with December at 62 1/4, March 65 3/4 and May 67 1/4. Trading was quieter today in the absence of speculative demand and generally unfavourable advices from abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Oct. 19.

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 99 1/2, May 99 3/4 and July 94 1/2. The market lacked confidence and in the absence of good demand prices showed declined to ease.

ARGENTINE LINSEED

Buenos Aires, Oct. 19.

Argentine linseed opened steady with November option at 12.81 but later prices fell on some liquidation and foreign selling influenced by continued favourable news, November declining to 12.77 at noon.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Oct. 19.

The following were the rates at 3-30 p.m. to-day.

METALS.

Tin (£230 5/8 buyers £230 3/4 sellers) £230 7/8 buyers £231 sellers. Quiet.
Lead (£10 1/8 buyers. No sellers). £10 1/8 buyers. No sellers. Quiet.
Electrolytic Copper (£28 1/2 to £29 1/2) £29 to £30
Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-10 3/4) 0-10 1/2
Indian Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3
Ceylon Pekoe (0-10 1/2) 0-10 1/2
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3) 2-3

JUTE

Crop Oct-Nov. new crop (£14 7/8) £15 sellers.
Dunlop Sept-Oct. (£17 1/2) £17 1/2 sellers
Lightening (£16 1/4) £16 1/4, sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (6 7/8) 6 7/8 paid and value.
Jan-March (7 1/16) 7 1/16 paid and value.

LINSEED

Linseed Bombay Oct-Nov. (£11 9/16) sellers) £11 9/16 sellers.
Linseed Calcutta Oct-Nov. (£11 1/4 sellers) £11 1/4 sellers.
Linseed La Plata Oct-Nov. (£10 1/4 sellers) £10 1/4 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal Nov. (£11 5/8) £11 1/2 sellers.

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Oct. 19. 10-30 p.m.

Wheat January	3 14 9
Wheat May	4 3 6
Linseed May	6 3 0

The tone was weak.

MASTER TARA SINGH ON TRIAL

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

Information has received from Manmad that Master Tara Singh, a prominent Sikh leader, who had recently retired from public life and living in seclusion was arrested at Manmad for carrying a long Kirpan while proceeding to Hazoor-Saheb.

He was produced in the Court to-day when the Kirpan was confiscated and a fine of Rs. 10 imposed, which however Master Tara Singh refused to pay.

A mild sensation was caused in the Court when Master Tara Singh did not take off his shoes on entering the Court and whereupon police forcibly removed them.—United Press.

CONGRESS WEEK PROGRAMME

20th October 1934.—Arrival of Mahatma Gandhi at 7-50 a.m.

21st October, 1934.—A.I.C.C. meeting at 2 p.m. President-elect's arrival by Special train at 9-30 a.m. who will be taken in a procession to the Congress House.

24th October, 1934.—Subjects Committee meeting.

25th October, 1934.—Subjects Committee meeting.

26th October, 1934.—Plenary Session at 7 p.m.

27th October 1934.—Plenary Session at 7 p.m.

28th October, 1934.—Plenary Session at 7 p.m.

ANOTHER WAR VETERAN PASSES AWAY

(SPECIAL CABLE)

BERLIN Oct. 19.

Death has occurred of Field Marshal von Kluck. He invaded Belgium at the outbreak of War; aged 85 years.

GOLD MINING SHARES ADVERSELY AFFECTED ON STOCK EXCHANGE

6 MILLION £ NEW 3 1/4 P. C. LOAN FILLED IN 15 MINUTES

Cocoa Strong And Copper Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 19.

The Stock Exchange was very quiet mainly due to the end account, but apart from goldmining being adversely affected by a further drop in the price of gold to 141/8d. the undertone on the whole was fairly steady.

The Central Electricity Board's six million sterling issue of 3 1/4 p.c. at 93 1/2 was filled in 15 minutes.

In commodities, Cocoa was strong owing to rumours of supplies being held up by Gold Coast farmers which induced speculative buying and large business was done.

Copper was firm on reported production cuts by large American porducers.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Oct. 19. 3-30 p.m.

The 3 1/2 p.c. Indian sterling loan closed at £96.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Oct. 19. 3-30 p.m.

The tendency was undecided on preliminary arrangements for the settlement restricting business. Demand slackened in Giltedged securities after initial firmness. Industrials generally were steady.

BRITISH FUNDS

3 1/2 per cent Consuls (£81 5/8) £81 5/8
4 per cent Government Loan (£104 7/8) £104 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£112 1/4) £112 1/4
4 per cent Funding Loan (£115) £115
6 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105 3/4) £105 3/4
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£112 7/8) £112 7/8

INDUSTRIALS

Brazilian Traction (dol 12 1/8) dol. 12 1/8
International Holding (dol 1 1/2) dol 1 1/2
Hydero Electric (dol 5) dol 5
Musical Industries (31-3) 31-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (43-0) 42-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical Defd. (35-4 1/2) 35-4 1/2
Imperial Chemical Ord. (8-10 1/2) 8-10 1/2
Woolsworth New Ord (114-1 1/2) 114-1 1/2
Swadeshi Match (6-1 1/2) 6-1 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (48-0) 48-0
University Ordinary (23-0) 23-0
Ford Motors (41-4 1/2) 41-4 1/2
Cables and Wireless (7 5/8) 7 7/8
British American Tobacco (121-3) 120-7 1/2
Camera 'A' (£7 3/8) £7 3/8
Imperial Tobacco Ord. (131-0) 131-0
P and O S N Co Defd. (18-3) 18-3
Distillers (91-1 1/2) 90-9
Bredrurd Dyers (10 9) 10-9
British Celonese (10-4 1/2; 10-4 1/2
J and P Coates Ordinary (64-9) 64-0
Courtaulds Ordinary (46-7 1/2) 46-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (9-0) 9-0
Wickers Ltd Ordinary (9-9) 9-10 1/2
Inter Nickels (24 3/4) 24 3/4
Bengal Iron and Steel (5-9) 5-9
Tata Iron and Steel (£110) £110

HOME RAIL SHARES

Great Western Ord (£54) £54
L M S Ford (£22 1/4) £22 1/4
L N E R Defd (£8 1/8) £8 1/8
Southern Dutch (£22 1/2) £21 7/8
Landing Pass 5 per stock (£131 1/4) £131
London 'G' Stock (£87) £87

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (256-9) 255-0
Godul (182-6) 182-6
Moddar New (76-3) 76-3
Sub Nigel (222-8) 222-6
Spring Mines (162-8) 165-0
Union Corporation (143-9) 142-6

MALAVIYA THANKS Dr. BHAGWANDAS

But Says There Is No Occasion For Accepting Generosity

ALLAHABAD, Oct. 19.

It is understood that Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya has sent a reply to Dr. Bhagwandas's letter wherein the latter has offered to withdraw his candidature in favour of Pandit Malaviya thanking Dr. Bhagwandas for the offer, but at the same time stating there was no occasion for accepting the generosity.—United Press.

INDO-GERMAN TRADE TALKS

LONDON, Oct. 18.

Mr. K. G. Dutt who has been discussing in Berlin and Leipzig questions of Indo-German trade is proceeding to London to-morrow to communicate the result to the secretary of the Overseas Economic Department of the India Office.—Reuter.

INDIAN LOANS

London, Oct. 19. 3-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£84) £84 1/8
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£96 1/4) £96 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-56 (£111 1/4) £111 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1958-62 (£115 3/4) £115 3/4
4 1/2 per cent New Indian 1948-55 (£108 1/4) £108 1/4
3 1/2 per cent New Indian (1934-59) (£102 1/2) £102 1/2
3 per cent Indian 1948-47 (£114 1/2) £114 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Austrian Loan (£112) £112

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (24-4 1/2) 23-9
Empire of India and Ceylon (38-6) 36-9
Donaro Tea (56-3) 56-3

JUTES SHARES.

Barnagore (11 1/2) 11 1/2

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-9) 25-0
Gula Kelampong (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (32-6) 32-0

MINING SHARES.

Nandydrug (56-10 1/2) 56-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (12-9) 12-3
Rio Tintos (14 1/8) 14 1/8
East Rand Proprietary (54-6) 53-6
Rand Mine (142-6) 142-6

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela (36-3) 36-3
Anglo Persian (43-1 1/2) 43-0
Burma Oil (78-1 1/2) 78-1 1/2
Mexican Eagle (6-4 1/2) 6-4 1/2
Shell Transport (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£20) £20

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Oct. 19.

The following were the opening rates on the New York Stock Exchange.

General Motors (dol 30 1/4) dol 30 1/8
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 11 1/4) dol 11 1/8
U. S. Steel Common (dol 33 1/8) dol 33 3/8
U S Steel Preference (dol 74 1/4) unquoted.

C. R.'s REPLY TO MRS. SUBBAROYAN

She Refused To Sign Congress Pledge

MADRAS, Oct. 19.

Mr. Rajagopalachariar in the course of a Press statement referring to Mrs. Subbaroyan's withdrawal from the Assembly election, says:—

"At the very outset we suggested to some Congress women in Madras that one of them might stand for election, but they all said it was impossible for them to undertake such a responsibility in a contested constituency.

SHE SAYS "NO"

I pressed Mrs. Subbaroyan to sign the Congress pledge, but she definitely refused and it was only thereafter that we put up Mr. Avanasalingam to oppose her. It was not possible for the Congress to give up Salem, Coimbatore and North Arcot Constituency merely because it was a woman candidate that was seeking to be elected when she had definitely refused to sign the Congress pledge."

CAN'T BE MIXED UP.

Concluding he says: "No one will doubt my personal regard for and friendly association with the Doctor and Mrs. Subbaroyan and our numerous points of contact in public life, but Congress contest at the ensuing election cannot be mixed up with these relations."—A. P.

Dr. KHAN SAHIB FOR ASSEMBLY

Returning Officer Accepts Nomination Of "Red" Shirt Leader

PESHAWAR, October 19.

The Returning Officer has accepted the nominations of the following candidates for the Assembly:—

Doctor Khan Sahib (Congress), Raja Haider Zaman Khan, (Muslim Conference), and Dasrambagai, (Nationalist).—A.P

DIPLOMA IN ACCOUNTANCY

Govt. Will Make Concessions In Case Of Failed Students

SIMLA, Oct. 19.

As a result of the representations received from and on behalf of more than 750 unsuccessful candidates in the examination held in 1934 praying for the holding of one or more additional examinations under the old regulations for the grant of diploma in Accountancy, the Government of India in the course of a communique announce that, while they are not prepared to hold an additional examination under the old regulations, they have proposed to give failed candidates the following concessions under the new rules:—

CONCESSIONS.

(1) Persons who appeared and failed in any examinations for the Government Diploma in Accountancy or an examination recognised as equivalent thereto held in the years of 1932, 1933 and 1934 will be admitted direct to the final examination to be held under the Auditors Certificates Rules in the years 1935, 1936 and 1937 without being required to pass the first examination prescribed by those rules or to satisfy the condition regarding service under Articles laid down in the existing rule 25 (b);

PRACTICAL TRAINING.

(2) Of candidates who will be so admitted to the final examination, those who pass will be required to undergo practical training for three years only as under the old regulations, provided always their apprenticeship under those regulations is duly registered with the Accountancy Diploma Board, Bombay before 1st April, 1933.

AMENDMENTS TO RULES.

These proposals involve amendments of Auditors Certificates Rules. The draft of necessary amendments is being issued for public criticism in this department's notification dated 20th October, 1934. As the matter is one requiring early decision, it has not been found possible to allow a period of more than a fortnight for the receipt of criticisms.—A. P.

WEAKNESS OF STERLING

Speculators Worried Over Future Of French Govt.

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, Oct. 19.

Has the seasonal weakness of Sterling ended, or is the heavy Continental bear covering responsible for the reversal of the recent trend of sterling on foreign exchange.

The market is divided into two camps. Some point to the comparative steadiness of the dollar in terms of gold currencies as indicating that the Franc is the weakest link in dollar sterling-franc triangle. Although the excitment caused by the Marseilles tragedy seems to be calming down, the future of the French Government is arousing apprehensions and speculators are covering former sales of sterling for safety.

The other camp points out correctly that sentiment towards sterling is now much more favourable, emphasising that New York yesterday was on balance more a seller than buyer of dollars, which they urge, shows that the seasonal pressure of Sterling is now over.

The Financial News states that even if sterling resumes its autumn depreciation, it is unlikely to lose more than two per cent. On the contrary, once the tide has turned, ten per cent appreciation is conceivable.

SUBHAS BOSE'S FATHER'S HEALTH

Condition Causes Grave Anxiety

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

The condition of Sjt. Janakinath Bose (father of Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose and Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose) who has been seriously lying ill for about one month is causing grave anxiety.

Mr. Sarat Chandra Bose, state prisoner, detained at Kurseong has come to Calucutta on 5 days' leave. Mr. Bose is to leave Calcutta on October 20 if extension is not granted to him.

Mr. Sarat Bose who was returned uncontested to the Assembly from Calcutta city Mohomedan constituency conveyed his sincerest thanks to all proposers, seconders, supporters, workers and to constituency and also to all rival candidates for confidence in him.—United Press.

A LUXURY SOAP AT AN ECONOMICAL PRICE

SWASTIK SANDALWOOD SOAP

Guaranteed Pure

Made entirely out of vegetable oils, agreeably perfumed with sandalwood, it is an ideal toilet soap for the Indian Climate having the unique properties of removing all unpleasant odour from the body, due to climatic and other conditions.

The only soap that is fully perfumed, the perfume staying fresh to the last piece.

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS, BAZARS AND STORES THROUGHOUT INDIA, BURMAH & CEYLON.

SWASTIK SANDALWOOD SOAP

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BOMBAY: SATURDAY OCTOBER 20, 1934

Damage Suit Against Secretary Of State

POLICE CHIEF GIVES EVIDENCE

Widow Alleges, Husband's Death, Due To Injury Caused By Lathi Blow

The evidence of Mr. D. Healy Commissioner of Police, Bombay, was recorded 'de benne esse' before Mr. Justice Tyebji at the High Court in a suit against the Secretary of State for India, as the witness is shortly proceeding to Karachi.

The plaintiffs, Bai Narbada, widow of Hargovind Lalji, and three others are claiming Rs. one lakh as damages for alleged fatal injury sustained by Hargovind Lalji who was a member of the "prabhat pheri" at Bori Bunder, on August 2, 1930 during the civil disobedience movement.

PHERI PROCESSION.

The plaintiffs stated that Hargovind Lalji was a captain of the Pavagadh 'prabhat pheri' and as such on August 2, 1930 he led the 'prabhat pheri' in the morning from Dhoni Talao. After passing through several localities the 'prabhat pheri' went towards Bori Bunder about 7-30 a.m. At that time, a procession, which was taken out in connection with the death anniversary of Mr. Tilak was held up by the police near Bori Bunder and processionists squatting on the road. As there was no room to pass along the road, the members of the 'prabhat pheri,' including Hargovind began to walk peacefully on the footpath of the road. When Hargovind came near a well opposite the Bombay Municipal office, a police officer, whose name is Mr. Stanley Bailey, came from the opposite direction followed by four or five police sergeants and a posse of police constables armed with sticks. Hargovind was carrying the "National flag" in his hand and the police officer demanded it from him, but he refused to part with it. Thereupon, the police officer, it is alleged, struck a blow with a lethal weapon, commonly known as an Eddie Polo stick, on the head of Hargovind without any justification, as a result of which he dropped unconscious and was removed to the Congress Free Hospital. Subsequently he was removed to the K.E.M Hospital where despite proper medical assistance, Hargovind died on August 4, 1930 at 3-30 p.m.

"NOT UNLAWFUL."

The plaintiffs stated that Hargovind died as a result of the injury on his head caused by the police officer, who was on duty and who gave the blow in the discharge of his duty and in the course of employment as a servant of Government. Hargovind had not violated any orders issued by Government. The 'prabhat pheri' in question was not then declared unlawful by Government nor was the carrying of the "National' flag' declared unlawful. The public road was not closed or banned by any order of Government for any kind of public traffic. Hargovind and the other members of the 'prabhat pheri' were not members of the Tilak anniversary procession. Government were not justified in issuing any orders under which the police officer purported to act in the manner he did, and Government, therfore, were liable for the damaged caused to the plaintiffs as a consequence of the act of the police officer.

Proceeding, the plaint stated that Hargovind was doing business of washerman having a very rich and respectable clientele and that his business was very prosperous and lucrative. He was the sole supporter of his family. As a result of the death of Hargovind the family had been rendered helpless and had suffered damages which they assessed at one lakh of rupees.

DEFENCE STATEMENT.

In the written statement filed in the Court, the defendant stated the plaint disclosed no cause of action against the defendant and the suit should be dismissed with costs. Referring to the plaint, the statement pointed out that a monster procession had been organised by Congress on August 1, 1930, to observe the death anniversary of Mr. Tilak. This procession had been planned to pass through Cruickshank Road into the Fort area. On the afternoon of August 1, the processionists, among whom were a number of prominent Congress leaders, came along Cruickshank Road but were stopped by a police cordon near the Municipal office and were prevented from proceeding further. The processionists refused to disperse but squatted themselves on the road. Thereupon the police had to keep an all-night vigil.

On the morning of August 2, 1930, the Police Commissioner again asked the crowd to disperse as it constituted an unlawful assembly but on its refusal to disperse, he caused the arrest of the leaders who were in front and had them removed in police vans.

The police on duty, under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, first dispersed the unlawful assembly gathered on the Esplanade Maidan side of Cruickshank Road. Afterwards they dispersed by force again under the Commissioner's instructions those persons who remained seated and refused to move away.

ALLEGATIONS DENIED.

The defendant denied the allegation that Hargovind was assaulted by the police officer concerned while the former was carrying a flag. The defendant further denied that Hargovind had been walking peacefully along the footpath or had not violated the orders issued by the Commissioner or that the 'prabhat pheri' of which Hargovind was a member had not then been declared unlawful. On the other hand, the defendant maintained that Hargovind, at the time, was one of the crowd which constituted an unlawful assembly and which, on refusal to obey the police order, was ordered to be dispersed. The defendant submitted that if Hargovind received injury in one of the charges made to disperse the unlawful assembly on the road and footpaths, the defendant was not at all liable. Those who used force in the dispersal of the crowd only fulfilled the duties imposed upon them by law.

The defendant also denied that the plaintiffs had suffered any damages.

HEALY'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Healy, who was examined for the defendant, gave evidence in support of the contentions put forward in the written statement.

Further hearing was adjourned.

Mr. Y. G. Gokhale, instructed by Messrs. Sunderdas and Company, solicitors, appeared for the plaintiffs, Sir Jamshed Kanga, Advocate-General with Mr. R. J. Kolah, instructed by Messrs. Little and Company, solicitors, appeared for the defendant.

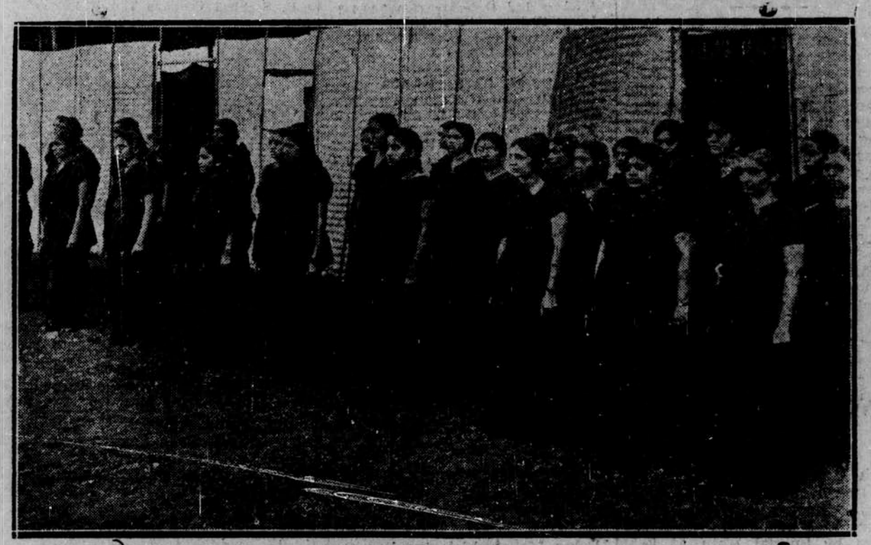
SIND DELEGATES FOR BOMBAY

KARACHI, Oct. 18.

About 60 delegates and 40 visitors from Sind left for Bombay to attend the Bombay Congress Session of the Indian National Congress though according to arrangements 75 seats are allotted to Sind delegates.—United Press.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, who arrived yesterday morning in Bombay, was received by Mr. K. F. Nariman, the Chairman of the Reception Committee of the Congress Session.

Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan being taken in a procession from Victoria Terminus Station.



Mrs. Sarojini Naidu opened the Lady Volunteers' Camp at Abdul Ghaffar Nagar on Friday evening. Lady volunteers in their "Kesaria" uniform standing at attention.

PUNJAB DELEGATES LEAVE LAHORE

LAHORE, Oct. 19.

The first batch delegates from the Punjab for Bombay Congress Session including Mr. Lala Jagannath Achintram a member of the All-India Congress Committee, Mr. Devraj Sethi, the Secretary of the Servants' People Society, Moulvi Ibrahim and Mr. Bibinatema left last night for Bombay.—United Press.

Well Known Poona Doctor Dead

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 19.

Death occurred in the early hours of this morning of Dr. V C. Gokhale who besides being a renowned medical practitioner, was also connected with the social uplift of the city. His funeral was largely attended.

FOR GUJARAT FARMERS' RELIEF

Sjt. Manilal Kothari wires from Navsari under date October 19:

In response to Sardar Vallbhdas Patel of Mafatlal Mill has dolections for the Gujarat Farmers Relief Fund amount to over Rs. 2 000 Seth Bhikhabhai Harjivandas Patel of Mafatlal Mill has donated Rs 1 000. Leading Parsi and Mussalman friends also have given handsome quota Total collections amount to over Rs. 5,000 The work of collections is continuing.

5,000 Citizens Welcome "Frontier Gandhi"

Khan Brothers Given Rousing Reception On Arrival In Bombay

The citizens of Bombay thronged in their thousands at the Victorial Terminus on Friday morning to accord a Royal reception to Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan, the "Frontier Gandhi" and his brother Dr. Khan Saheb.

There was a continuous stream of visitors to the station from a very early hour in the morning and nearly 5,000 people lined up on both sides of the Road outside the Victoria Terminus.

The arrangements by the Congress volunteers were perfect. Mr. Yusuf Meherally, the G. O. C. and Mr. Navin Khandvalla, the Adjutant were in charge of the arrangements and the Railway Police co-operated with the Congress volunteers. The presence of several women volunteers in their uniform added to dignity of the scene.

Though the train was to arrive at the Victoria Terminus Station at 7-50 a.m. the volunteers of the Reception Commitee, about 200 in number, were on the platform as early as six and in consultation with Police officers the positions of the different volunteers and Police constables were arranged.

The public, both on platform No. 8 and on the Road between the two stations were cleared out and the space was kept vacant, except for the band corps.

Only about 200 members of the Reception Committee, were allowed inside the rope cordon. Prominent among those present were Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Mrs. Kantaben Khandvala, Messrs. K. F. Nariman, S. A. Brelvi, Nagindas Master, Mulraj Cursondas, Motichand Kapadia, D. S. Babreker, S. K. Pati, Drs. Rajabally Patel, Deshmukh, M. H. Gour, and D. D. Sathye.

As the Reception Committee had received previous intimation as to the position of the compartment in which the "Frontier Gandhi" was travelling, they were able to arrange their volunteers on the platform just in front of the door of the compartment.

Travelled In Third Class.

At exactly 7-50 a.m. the train reached the Victoria Terminus and the Khan brothers, who were travelling in a third class compartment were cheered by the public.

The Chairman of the Reception Committee Mr. K. F. Nariman, Mrs. Sarojini Naidu, Chairman of the Exhibition, which the "Frontier Gandhi" is declaring open on Saturday, Dr. Rajabally Patel and Mrs. Kantaben Khandvalla, Chairman and Secretary respectively of the Reception Sub-Committee garlanded the Khan brothers as they alighted from the train. Cries of "Abdul Gaffar Khan-ki-jai" rent the air as the Frontier Gandhi, with folded hands alighted from the train.

Inspects Women Volunteers

Khan Abdul Gaffar Khan later inspected the women volunteers who provided the guard of honour. Just while he was about to enter the car provided for him, he was snapped by several press photographers, who were waiting to get an opportunity.

The Khan Brothers were driven to the Readymoney Building at Worli, where they will be the guests of the Chairman of the Reception Committee. They will later move to the decorated hut, specially constructed for them at the Nagar.

Those who were present at the station praised the splendid work of the volunteers.

GORDON COLLEGE STRIKE ENDS

Authorities Accede To Students' Demands

RAWALPINDI, Oct. 19.

After about one week the Gordon College strike of Hindu and Sikh students ended amicably yesterday when the college authorities called the student leaders in counsel and eventually acceded to their demands.

The authorities have further assured that they will not victimise the strikers.

It may be recalled that the Hindu and Sikh students struck protesting against cooking of beef in the Muslim kitchen of the college Hostel. The Manager of the Mess publicly apologised expressing regret and assured that such things would not be repeated.—United Press.

"KESARI'S" ANTI-CONGRESS ATTITUDE

Poona Merchants' Emphatic Condemnation

(From Our Correspondent)

POONA, Oct. 19.

The anti-Congress attitude of "Kesari," Lokmanya Tilak's biweekly in Poona has been strongly repudiated in a lengthy statement by the merchant community in Poona.

The statement which has been issued over some seven hundred signatures of prominent merchants expresses very deep resentment at the attitude of "Kesari" in supporting the candidature of Mr. Walchand Hirachand as against accredited Congress candidates in the election. The signatories of the statement have unequivocally supported Congress candidates, promising them their full support.

TAGORE'S MISSION TO MADRAS

Will Strive To Make People Realize Need Of Art In Education

SANTINIKETAN, Oct. 19.

"The present system of education in this country is purely academic in its aims and activities and by woefully neglecting the glorious traditions of arts that were once most effective instruments of Indian culture, it has stifled the true cultural aspirations of India and brought about a deplorable state of dullness in life of the nation", said Dr. Rabindranath Tagore who leaves for Madras this evening to give cultural expression of the Oriental Art in an inetrview to the "United Press"

The poet said that it is his sacred mission to revive ideals of Indian Art and permeate them in educational and cultural life of India.

The poet recalled his two happy experiences in Bombay and Ceylon where he claims to have successfully called attention of the people to the imperative need of giving to arts an important place in education and he hopes that his visit to Madras will equally be successful.—United Press.

PANDIT MALAVIYA REACHES CALCUTTA

CALCUTTA, Oct. 19.

Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya arrived here this morning from Benares and is puting up at Birla Park. He is not keeping good health and has come here for treatment.—United Press.

The Imperial Bank of India Rate of Interest on Demand Loans on Government Paper remains unchanged at 3-1/2 per cent.

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